

VOL. 40.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1912

NO. 22

## BANK ROBBERY AT VANCOUVER

### TWO DARING ROBBERS ESCAPE WITH \$1,000

Ledger Keeper Knocked Unconscious for Refusing to Obey Bandits.

Vancouver, Jan. 26.—The Royal Bank of Canada's branch at the corner of Main street and Seventeenth avenue, was literally "cleaned out" of all its cash by two robbers at 11 o'clock this morning and Ledger Keeper Harrison was knocked unconscious for resisting the hold-up.

The amount of loot secured by the robbers is unknown, because A. A. Stevens, manager of the branch, refuses to make a statement. It is, however, estimated that between \$1,000 and \$5,000 was taken.

Armed with revolvers and stepping lively as if they knew exactly what they came for and where to get it, two unmasked thugs pushed through the front door of the bank at 11 o'clock and running to the counter, separating the public room from the quarters of the bank staff, they jumped over before the clerks were aware that anything out of the ordinary was happening.

Before the clerks could realize what had happened they had retreated before the revolvers of the robbers who were separated from their own guns which were lying on the desks in front of them for an emergency of just that kind. The two strangers then ordered Manager A. A. Stevens, Teller Richmond and Ledger Keeper Harrison, the three men of the bank at the time, to go into the vault, which is situated only a few feet away from the spot where the two men jumped over the counter. Harrison, realizing that if he stepped into the vault and the robbers turned the lock, he would be a dead man, for there is not sufficient air space in the vault to sustain life for any length of time, refused to enter and started to grapple with one of the robbers. With a curse the man lifted his revolver and struck Harrison on the head and he sank with a groan to the floor. The other two bank men were pushed inside the vault and there the burglars closed the door. They did not, however, lock it or turn the combination.

That left the robbers in complete possession of the bank and what transpired for the next few minutes is only a matter of surmise. It seems, however, that they lost no time in entering the teller's cage, and after they had left a lonely fifty-cent piece lying on the counter was all that was left to announce the fact that there had once been money there.

Instead of going out the way they entered the two men unlocked the back door and made their exit that way. So far as can be learned, no one saw the men enter the bank or saw them leave, but the door at the back of the building is always kept locked, and when the clerks recovered from their shock it was found that the door was open and there were the foot prints of two men in the mud in the lane behind.

Later it was reported that the men had turned down the lane and made their way to Sixteenth avenue, down which street they had turned towards the east. A little boy stated to the detectives on the case that about 15 minutes after the bandits are supposed to have been held up, he saw two men running down Sixteenth avenue.

As soon as the robbers had left the bank, the two men who had been shut up in the vault hurried out and ran to the door. Harrison was still unconscious when the other had struck him, so when he was able to move and was taken to the Hillcrest hospital, where he was given a slight shock, which completely restored him. He was probably suffering as much from shock as from anything else as when he received no marks except a slight lump on the head were found upon him.

The police were at once notified of the occurrence and sent a couple of men out who took up the trail down Sixteenth avenue. So far no report has been received from these men.

Later Inspector of Detectives Jackson and Sergeant Dan McLeod were sent out and are now working on the case. The assistance of Chief of Police Jackson of South Vancouver has also been called in and he has his entire force of men scouring the outskirts of the city for the two men who held up the bank and of whom all three clerks were able to furnish excellent descriptions.

When first asked about the affair Supervisor Crosby, who was on the scene shortly after the robbery occurred, refused to give any statement, but later, after the arrival of the police officers, he stated that the sum secured by the robbers would be in the neighbourhood of \$1,000. When surprise was expressed at the smallness of the amount, for it was understood that almost every cent of cash in the bank was taken, Mr. Crosby announced that it was not the policy of the bank to carry large sums of money in their suburban branches, as it was found that it did not pay.

"What's the use?" said he, "when in fifteen minutes we can get all the money we want from down town."

Just at that moment some of the down town money did come in and the business of the bank was resumed with funds fresh from the vaults of the main office of the bank.

## DOMINION GRANGE FOR RECIPROCITY

### MEETING PASSES STRONG RESOLUTION

Grain Growers' Needs Discussed at Annual Convention at Brandon.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—The Dominion Grange in session yesterday passed a strong resolution in favor of reciprocity with the United States. If the government will pay the wages of the farmers' hired man, the Dominion Grangers say, the country will blossom as the rose. The steel bounty equals the wage bill of the steel men. Why not apply the same rule to agriculture? was the position of the Grangers on the proposed restoration of the steel bounties. A resolution was passed opposing the good roads policy of the government.

Grain Growers in Session.

Brandon, Man., Jan. 26.—Representatives of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association and the United Farmers of Alberta presented greetings yesterday to the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association in annual convention.

D. W. McQuaid, former president of the association and now chairman of the government elevator commission, delivered an address defending its work, pointing out that the initial difficulties were being overcome and the defects would soon disappear. After much agitation the directors of the Grain Growers have demanded government ownership of elevators. They got it. The system was all right, but it was next to impossible to get effective operators, and without them the elevators must close. He blamed the car shortage for much of the dissatisfaction and said that at competing points there was less friction.

A. G. Hawkes of Broadview, Sask., on behalf of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers, said that the Saskatchewan elevator system was different from that in Manitoba and if it proved less satisfactory they would copy Manitoba's, and suggested that vice versa, Manitoba should take good points from theirs. For years they had been agitating for terminal elevators and had secured Premier Borden's support. He hoped the convention would discuss sample markets and the subject should then be dealt with at the coming convention in Saskatchewan with a view to joint action, for the farmers of the west must be united and they must send a united delegation to Ottawa.

Speaking for the Alberta farmers, T. A. Curran said that western freight rates were about to be thoroughly investigated by the railway commission. Western farmers to the number of 40,000 were represented on the three Grain Growers' organizations, and their executives should get together and present most thoroughly the evidence of excessive rates.

MISSION WORK IN



WEAKLINGS FLEE WHEN NO MAN PURSUETH

## WESTERN CANADA

### REPORTS READ AT BAPTIST CONVENTION

Addresses Delivered by Ministers from Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

## NE TEMERE DECREE MAY BE WITHDRAWN

Prominent Roman Catholics in Canada HaveAppealed to the Pope.

Vancouver, Jan. 26.—Yesterday afternoon's session of the Baptist Union of Western Canada was occupied with hearing the report of the Scandinavian mission in the west delivered by the superintendent, Rev. J. P. Sundstrom, the report given by Rev. F. M. Marshall of the board of Saskatchewan convention and the report for the Manitoba board read by Rev. J. N. MacLean.

Rev. Mr. Marshall, who spoke first, remarked that the last board convention had been attended by delegates from thirty-eight churches, including German, Swedish and Ruthenian congregations. An appropriation of \$12,000 for last year had been exceeded by a few hundred dollars in expenditure for mission work, while next year would see a still further increase of expenditure in that direction, as nearly three-fourths of the churches are still home mission churches, and the crop failures of last year will retard their becoming self supporting.

There were in the field last year in Saskatchewan fifteen ordained ministers, three un-ordained missionaries and ten college students and services were held at sixty-eight different points. The Sunday school enrollment of that province numbers 1,400 besides those in twelve union schools.

The town of Wild Rose, Sask., represents the greatest number of Baptists in the province. The Saskatchewan board undertakes to contribute to the funds of the union for 1912 the sum of \$7,000, being divided as follows: For home missions \$4,500, for foreign missions \$1,500 and for educational purposes \$1,000.

Rev. Mr. MacLean's report for the Manitoba board stated that much fruitful work had been done among foreign immigrants especially the Hungarians, of whom there are now large numbers ready to organize into churches. Work among the Galicians did not seem to be productive of as good results, but he considered this still a duty incumbent on the church. Only \$1,500 had been spent last year on Galician missionary work. Mission work among the Indians had involved an outlay of only \$1,700. The small churches throughout Manitoba had given largely for such work. The speaker concluded by stating that he considered the time had come when the

principles of the Baptist church should be restated and clearly understood.

Mr. Marchant of Victoria said that if it applied to principles only, he agreed, but that if it meant defining a creed he could not agree. He thought that the small congregations were the backbone of the church.

The Baptist Women's Missionary society, which met at 1:30 p. m., was unable to do more than appoint the various committees owing to the non-arrival of a number of the delegates who were delayed by the train from the east not being on time. Mrs. Spofford of Victoria; Mrs. J. C. Sycamore, of Calgary; Mrs. McLeod, of Vancouver; Mrs. Farmer, of Regina, and Mrs. McIntyre, of Winnipeg, were appointed as the committee on future policy. Mrs. H. L. McNeil, of Brandon; Mrs. E. L. Hill, of Alberta; Mrs. Eastabrook, Mrs. R. Gross, of Vancouver and Mrs. W. P. Rankin, of Saskatchewan, made up the nominating committee and Mrs. W. P. Rankin and Mrs. Reid the enrollment committee. Mrs. E. A. Postill occupied the chair in the absence of Mrs. J. F. McIntyre, who was among those delayed, and Mrs. Sycamore concluded the meeting with prayer.

## WOMEN STAKE GOLD CLAIMS IN MANITOBA

Miners From All Parts Flock to Scene of Discovery Near Minitonas.

Minitonas, Man., Jan. 26.—The gold rush here reminds one of accounts of the early Klondike stampede, or the history of gold in Australia. The Minitonas hotel is turning away a hundred people daily and private houses are being used as hotels. Miners are here from all parts of the country.

One Winnipeg party sank ten feet with a boring machine in the river bed and found innumerable particles of fine gold and pieces of coarse gold in the sand one mile south of town. Coarse gold was brought into town taken from the box on Favell creek.

Women in overalls join in staking claims, and three hundred and forty were staked in twenty-four hours. Every foot of ground has been staked within a radius of three miles from the town south of the claim where the gold was found.

Jumping of claims is frequent. Prospectors are very angry at the action of the recorder in refusing to accept or issue a grant for claims until a \$600 bond is furnished by the locator. The recorder claims this is necessary. Prominent railway men here have wired the Minister of the Interior inquiring if this is necessary. There is three feet of snow on the ground, which adds to the difficulty of search

## FINAL RESULTS OF GERMAN ELECTIONS

### NATIONAL LIBERALS WILL CONTROL REICHSTAG

Working Majority of the Conservative Centrists Has Been Wiped Out.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—The political complexion of the new Reichstag as determined by the final result of the new 33 rebalots taken yesterday is shown by the general party groupings, as follows: the subordinate or allied factions being included for convenience with the parties with which they generally vote:

Socialists, 110; Progressive non-Socialist groups, 35, including 44 National Liberals, 42 Radicals and 7 Progressive peasants and others; Clericals, with Polish, Alsatian and Hanoverian Particularists, 122; Conservative allied parties, 70; Independents, 1.

The results completely overthrow the working majority of the Conservative Centrists, or "Blue-Black-Bloc." In the last Reichstag, which is now able to muster only 191, counting every possible vote, and places the control in the hands of the National Liberals, who will be able to form a majority by throwing their strength with either the Right or Left.

This makes the National Liberal leader, Ernst Bassermann, a commanding figure in the next Reichstag. He will be able to swing certain avowed National Liberals, who under proper inducements would probably be prepared to co-operate with the government on most questions. The hostility of other progressive groups to the so-called reactionary "Bloc" apparently is too great for any working understanding except on questions of national defense and the increase of the army and navy.

One of the most striking features of the election is the fact that the Clericals, for the first time since 1881, are no longer the strongest party and no longer hold the casting vote among the parties.

The honors of the closing Reichstag contests fairly belong to the Leftists who won 21 of the 29 districts in which they contested.

In Marienburg, Herr von Oldenburg, Conservative, was defeated. He is the man who about a year ago said: "The Emperor must have power at any time to say to a Lieutenant, 'Take ten men and dissolve the Reichstag.'"

The bitterness engendered by this expression, it is said, brought about his defeat.

## SASKATCHEWAN LEGISLATURE OPENED

### SPEECH FROM THRONE OUTLINES LEGISLATION

Redistribution Will Be Considered at Present Session — Other Measures.

Regina, Sask., Jan. 26.—The fourth session of the fourth legislature of Saskatchewan was opened last evening with all due formality in the legislative chamber by His Honor Lieut.-Governor Brown. Although not yet fully completed, the chamber presented an imposing appearance with the large number of uniformed mounted police and local military bodies; ladies filling not only the galleries, but the floor of the House. Beyond reading the speech from the throne no formal business was transacted. The actual work of the session will not commence until Monday next.

In the course of the day's brief proceedings Acting-Premier Calder referred to the absence of Premier Scott, who, owing to ill-health, had been obliged to go south, but who it was hoped would be back to take part in the work of the house before the session terminated. The leader of the Opposition likewise referred in feeling terms to Mr. Scott's absence and expressed the hope that he would return restored to all his old-time vigor. The speech from the throne proved lengthy.

After referring to the coronation and census returns, which had put Saskatchewan in fourth, if not in third place, among the provinces and the large crop harvested, reference was made to the application to the federal government for a transfer of the natural resources of the province, regarding which a conference has been requested of Premier Borden.

Measures are promised to relieve the scarcity of farm laborers and farm servants, to improve the status of the horse-raising industry and to make better provision for the protection of farmers from the ravages of hailstorms. Further branch line railway legislation will also be submitted.

Other bills promised deal with the greater regulation of insurance companies, to empower rural municipalities to purchase and distribute seed grain, for the control of motor vehicles, to redistribute electoral representation and amend the electoral laws. Reference is made to the successful operation of the Saskatchewan co-operative elevator company, authorized last session.

Possibly the most important feature of the speech is the announcement of a plan whereby the government in conjunction with the three great companies, propose to deliver water from the south branch of the Saskatchewan for the benefit of those communities where water in sufficient quantity or suitable quality is not readily obtained. Details of the plans are not set forth, but arrangements have practically been made.

"It is not a point of any importance to me where I speak in Belfast. On the contrary, I desire to choose whatever hall or place is least likely to cause ill-feeling in the Orange party."

The letter concludes: "It has, however, become of importance to public liberties that a meeting should take place at Belfast on February 8, and I intend to hold it there in the lawful exercise of the elementary right of citizenship."

The Ulster Unionists appeared ready to take any risk to prevent Mr. Churchill from speaking in the hall where his father, Lord Randolph Churchill, delivered his famous dictum: "Ulster will fight, and Ulster will be right."

In a long article in Reynolds' Weekly newspaper dealing with the situation, John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalists, reminds the British public that the threats do not emanate from the general body of Protestants in Ireland, but from a small minority of Orangemen, who are opposed to every great reform for the benefit of Ireland.

## THIRTY PERSONS KILLED.

Earthquake Destroys Five Villages—Warships Carry Tents and Provisions for Homeless.

London, Jan. 26.—An earthquake in the Ionian island of Zante, destroyed 5 villages and damaged property in the capital to the value of \$600,000, according to an Athens dispatch to the Daily Mail. The death toll is thirty and the government has sent warships to the island with provisions and tents.

Athens, Greece, Jan. 26.—The earthquake which occurred yesterday in the Ionian islands was more disastrous than at first reported. Cephalonia and several villages were destroyed and eight persons were killed. A number of shocks have been felt to-day.

## FINANCES OF QUEBEC.

Quebec, Jan. 26.—At yesterday afternoon's session of the House Hon. Mr. Mackenzie, provincial treasurer, delivered his annual budget speech, which proved an interesting review of the financial state of the province for the past year, with encouraging estimates for the coming 12 months. The ordinary receipts amounted to \$7,022,744 and the ordinary expenditures to \$6,856,834, making a surplus of \$905,910, but as there had been additional extraordinary expenditure of \$299,065, an actual surplus was announced of \$607,845. The speech emphasized the increasing prosperity of Quebec, enabling provision to be made for increased amounts for education, for construction of bridges, for the abolition of toll gates and large loans for improvements of roads which are to be built with the co-operation of the municipalities of the province.

Hudson Bay Junction, Sask., Jan. 26.—At 4 o'clock this morning a home-steader named Blanchett, from Quebec, shot himself behind the ear with a heavy shotgun. The act was committed while his brother was in the town for medical aid, the dead man according to the brother's story, having developed signs of homicidal insanity.

When Constable Hillard and Druggist loan arrived on the scene the body was still warm. An inquest will be held.

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## Make Washing Day Easy

SUTTON'S BATH AMMONIA, per bottle.....	25¢
BERRY WASHING TABLETS, per package .....	25¢
LUX WASHING POWDER, per package .....	10¢
WHITE SWAN WASHING POWDER, per package.....	25¢
WOOL SOAP, 2 for .....	25¢
FELS NAP SOAP, per package .....	75¢
GOODWIN'S TOILET SOAP, per box .....	25¢

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THE ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS guarantee it. We also save you money.

CHIVER'S ORANGE MARMALADE	15c
7-lb. tin 75c; 1-lb. glass jar .....	35c
CHIVER'S OLD COUNTRY JAM	50c
4-lb. tin 65c; two 1-lb. glass jars.....	1.00
PURE NEW ZEALAND JAM	5c
4-lb. tin .....	10c
INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER	15c
3 lbs. for .....	16c
EDWARD'S DESSICATED SOUP	10c
Per packet .....	5c
NEW SMYRNA TABLE FIGS	15c
Per box .....	15c
NICE NAVEL ORANGES	15c
Per dozen, 35c, 25c and .....	15c
MORRELL'S SELECTED PICNIC HAM	25c
Per pound .....	10c
FRESH GINGER SNAPS	15c
Per pound .....	15c
PURNELL'S PURE MALT VINEGAR	15c
Quart bottle .....	25c
NICE JUICY LEMONS	15c
Per dozen .....	25c

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### EXPERTS ASSIST

#### ALBERTA FARMERS

Special Course in Agriculture  
By Officials of Provincial  
Government.

Calgary, Jan. 26.—To the end that the Alberta farmer may make two blades of wheat grow where one has grown before, the provincial department of agriculture is conducting a short course in agriculture at Gleichen. The course opened Monday and will continue until to-morrow. The attendance is very large, practically all farmers in the Gleichen district being present. Similar meetings with excellent results were held at the C. P. R. experimental farm, Strathmore last year. The faculty in charge of the course comprises C. E. Lewis, superintendent of agricultural staff; Superintendent McKenna, in charge of the department of weeds; A. W. Foley, poultry expert; Geo. Scott, dairy superintendent; Bruce Wright, the well known scientific farmer who specialized in live-stock; W. Fairfield, the provincial alfalfa expert; Professor Cariley, United States experimental farm at Moscow, Idaho, and of the agricultural college faculty located at that place and Misses McAdams and Perkins whose specialty is domestic science.

Courses of instruction are being given in live-stock, dairying, poultry raising and growing, judging and grading of grains, while the wives of the farmers are instructed in advanced domestic science.

Courses of instruction are being given in stock breeding and judging and the propagation of grains especially adapted to the Alberta climate are given daily.

A special feature in the course of domestic science under Miss McAdams and Miss Perkins. A large number of women are in attendance daily and receive instructions in the preparation and cooking of soups, meats, tough and tender cuts, vegetables, desserts, bread, pastry and the general cookery of the average household. While their husbands are listening to a practical talk on grain growing or the production of beef-in-sausage other room of the training college these women are learning to provide better fare for the farm table.

### PILOT DROPS DEAD.

Hamburg-American Liner Collides With U. S. Cruiser at Honolulu.

Honolulu, Jan. 26.—The Hamburg-American liner Cleveland and the United States armored cruiser Colorado were in collision here. The collision was due to the fact that Pilot Milton P. Sanders, who was in charge of the Cleveland, had dropped dead on the liner's bridge.

The Cleveland struck the Colorado astern jamming a gun near the cabin occupied by Capt. William A. Gill. The gun turret was wrecked and the resetting of the gun probably will be necessary.

New York, Jan. 26.—The following cablegram from Honolulu concerning the collision between the liner Cleveland and the United States cruiser Colorado was received at the Hamburg-American office:

"Cruiser Colorado, lying opposite pier, touched slightly by Cleveland when docking. No damage done. Pilot expired on bridge. Captain Dempwolf concluded docking safely alone."

### WALSH DIED A POOR MAN.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Instead of being an estate of \$300,000, as indicated by his will, John R. Walsh died a poor man. After all claims are paid there will be little left. These estimates were made yesterday by Marcus Evans, attorney to Walsh. His fortune is said to have amounted to \$15,000 when he was at the height of his career, left five children.

### BODY IDENTIFIED.

Nanaimo, Jan. 26.—The body found washed ashore on an island in the Nanaimo River Tuesday by Andrew McKinnell, a rafter of Cedar District, was recovered on Wednesday by the Provincial police and has been identified as that of Caleb Evans a former resident of South Wellington who has been missing since October 15th, last.

Some months ago it was reported that Caleb Evans had been missing for several days and that his brother had grave fears for his safety. It has since been learned that on that occasion Evans had left South Wellington for parts unknown without informing anyone as to his intentions, returning several weeks later. His actions gave the impression of his being of unsound mind and it is now thought he deliberately jumped into the river while temporarily insane.

The remains were identified by a brother of the deceased by means of the clothing and shoes as those of Caleb Evans. The deceased was a native of Alberdene, South Wales, aged 64 years and for the seven months prior to his death he had worked as a miner in the South Wellington mine.

D. E. Campbell, the druggist, sells a large bottle for 50 cents, and guarantees it to banish Dandruff, stop falling hair and itching scalp in ten days, or money back.

SALVIA is a beautiful, pleasant, non-sticky Hair Tonic.

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Doors, Grates, Mantels, Tiles, etc.  
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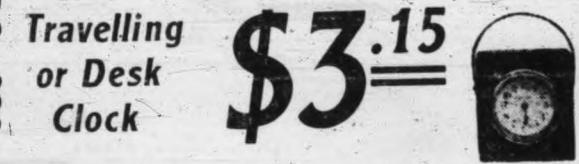
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Every economical housewife's desire is to buy the best Groceries at the least possible cost. We offer nothing but the best, at prices that will save you money.

B. & K. ROLLED OATS, per sack	40¢
B. & K. CANADIAN WHEAT FLAKES, per pkt.	35¢
PEARLS OF WHEAT, per packet	20¢
CREAM OF WHEAT, per packet	25¢
CREAM OF OATS, per packet	10¢
B. & K. CORN MEAL, per sack	35¢

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**DIX DOOR HANGERS**

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Will arrive about January 22nd. Free from dirt or dust. Unexcelled for open hearth. Their quality is well-known.

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**Two Miles of Waterfront**

265 ACRES fine land, good timber, fresh running water; eight miles from Sydney. Per acre, only ..... \$35.00

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**Clauss Shears, Razors  
and Razor Strops**

A large selection to choose from at lowest prices. Every Article is fully guaranteed.

**Left Hand Scissors****THE COLBERT PLUMBING & HEATING CO., LTD.**

726 FORT STREET JUST ABOVE DOUGLAS

**STATUTES OCCUPY  
TIME YESTERDAY****ENACTING BILL GOES  
THROUGH COMMITTEE**

Attorney-General to Remedy  
Doings of Commissioners  
He Does Not Agree With.

Legislative Press Gallery.

January 25.

Another case arose to-day in which the Attorney-General did not agree with the commissioners for the revision of the statutes, and announced his intention of introducing legislation to restore to one act a section which they had struck out.

In committee on the validating bill, Mr. Bowser said that the commissioners had struck out section 22 of the Inheritance Act, which deals with a widow's dower and a husband's tenancy by courtesy in cases of intestacy. The section reads: "Nothing in this act contained shall be held to impale or affect the right of a widow of an intestate to her dower out of her deceased husband's lands, nor the right of a husband to his courtesy out of his deceased wife's lands." He explained that the commissioners had done this under the misapprehension that the dower bill of last session had passed, and he intended to restore section 22 to the act so as to preserve the wife's right to dower and the husband's right to tenancy by courtesy. Section 5 would be amended by adding a provision that in the case of an intestate estate the widow or husband should be entitled to one-half of any real estate absolutely if no descendants were left and to one-third for life if descendants were surviving.

This brought up the question of the bill to amend the Dower Act, which was introduced by the Attorney-General at the close of last session, but which there was no time to pass, although the House adopted the principle of it by carrying it on second reading after a lively debate. This proposed to greatly improve the position of a wife in respect of her dower, removing many restrictions and substituting the following for the still existing section 8, which bars dower by a declaration in the husband's will: "By his will, a testator shall have no power to deprive his widow of dower, but a widow may by deed or instrument in writing elect to take any devise or bequest made to her for her benefit by her husband in his will, in lieu of all claims to dower."

H. C. Brewster suggested that the Attorney-General re-introduce his bill, seeing that its principle had received the endorsement of the House last session, but that it had been introduced so late a period that there was no possibility of its passing.

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**THE DAILY TIMES**

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Copy for changes of advertisements  
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not later than 5 p.m. the previous day.

Arrangements for the insertion of  
new advertisements must be made  
before 10 a.m. day of publication.  
Classified advertisements before 2  
p.m.

**CHURCH AND STATE.**

There is no doubt that the dispatch sent out from Montreal last night announcing that the Ne Temere Decree will be withdrawn from effect in Canada is an inspired dispatch. It can have but one object, and that object to pave the way for the acceptance by the people of Canada of Mr. Borden's intention not to press an appeal to the Supreme Court and Privy Council for a decision upon the powers of the parliament of Canada to make laws that will be supreme as affecting the marriage relation. It is stated that "an appeal is being made direct to the Pope, and it is known to have the endorsement of the Roman Catholic church in Canada."

By whom is this appeal being made direct to the Pope, and what right has any person in Canada to make such an appeal? Or what right have the liberty-loving people of Canada to submit to the settlement of a question of the authority of its parliament by an appeal to a foreign ecclesiastic rather than by an appeal to the highest court of the realm? How can His Holiness settle a question as to the validity of a marriage in Canada by withdrawing a decree which declares that such and such marriages are not valid? What have we come to in this Dominion when it is proposed supinely to sit down under a disputatious challenge of the authority of our civil courts and be satisfied when the head of an ecclesiastical organization proposes to absolve us from responsibility by recalling an offensive decree?

The question at issue in Canada is whether certain obligations taken under the sanction of the civil courts and constituting a legal marriage shall be accepted as constituting a legal marriage. It is not a question which can be settled by the withdrawal of a decree which declares such marriages illegal. If the decree should be withdrawn, the question will stand just where it did when the authority of parliament was called in question.

If Mr. Borden is the man who has made the "appeal" direct to the Pope, the people of this Dominion will want to know it. If he is but a consenting party to an attempt to settle a question of the authority of the church over that of the state by an evasion the country will still want to know it. There is, by reason of this announcement, the most emphatic and imminent reason why the appeal to the Privy Council should be pressed to a finality.

We may go further and state that there is the most unqualified necessity that the Marriage Bill introduced by Mr. Lancaster should be passed without further discussion or delay. Canada has never had a more disappointing premier than Mr. Borden, and it now looks as though he is to become the most dangerous man that ever undertook the responsibilities of a prime minister.

**LABOR CONVENTION.**

Those who have followed in the Times the summary report of the proceedings of the British Columbia Federation of Labor, which is concluding its annual session in this city will agree that the convention has been one of the most important in the history of organized labor in the province. A wide range of economic conditions affecting the rights and welfare of the wage earners which were made the subject matter of resolutions was an undoubted tribute to the close application given by the delegates to the problems of labor. More than eighty resolutions were debated, and, with but slight modifications, most of them were adopted by the convention. This is a large bill of fare for discussion at a single gathering, but it must be remembered that many of the resolutions were of an academic character and calculated more to affirm principles than with view to their immediate adoption. In this respect the educative value of the resolutions will not be lost.

While the Ottawa government is dillydallying with the naval question and evading responsibility by alleging intention to refer the matter to the British Admiralty, it is interesting to note that the proposal of President Taft to effect a saving of \$1,500,000 a year by abandoning the revenue cutter service of the United States is meeting with strenuous opposition. The revenue cutter service at present has twenty-six vessels in commission along the North Atlantic coast of the United States and about an equal number distributed among the Great Lakes and along the Pacific coast. It is under the direction of Captain Ellsworth P. Berthoff, who is in Washington. It is

the more likely they are to secure results. Especially is this true if they back up their resolutions with consistency and solidarity when political parties are appealing for their suffrages.

It is not the province of a newspaper other than a Labor organ, to remark upon the vast extent of economic territory traversed in the resolutions. But we may be pardoned if we respectfully suggest that this may become a source of weakness instead of strength to the Labor movement. The struggle of the wage earners against unfavorable and unrighteous conditions is a struggle against fearful odds, and we think it is the judgment of veterans in the leadership of such struggles that more is accomplished by the concentration of effort upon the most necessary reforms rather than by the dissipation of energies in covering too much ground.

One of the natural leaders in British trades unionism is Thomas Burt, M.P., who has grown old in the service of that cause. Once a working miner, he has risen by sheer force of ability and industry to an enviable position in public life. He was under-secretary of the board of trade under the last Gladstone government. One of the veterans of the House of Commons, he commands the respect of men of all parties.

Mr. Burt has learned the wisdom of concentrating effort upon one big undertaking at a time instead of wasting energy upon several big things at once. He criticizes the Miners' Federation for being in too much of a hurry. "New, large and most complex questions," he writes, "have been started before old questions have been settled, and the new questions have pushed into the background the older grievances." He mentions two or three instances. The question of the raising of the standard minimum wage for miners was quickly followed by the claim for payment of the average wage to men working in abnormal places, and, before either of these questions was settled, the much larger and more complicated question of the enforcement of a minimum wage for all grades of underground labor was started. "Nobody will deny," says Mr. Burt, "that these are, all of them, large and important demands, any one of which by itself would be enough to test the resources even of a powerful society like the Miners' Federation. Our old copy books used to tell us that zeal in a good cause was commendable. No doubt, 'But' discrimination is also needed, and no amount of zeal or enthusiasm, even for the worthiest objects, can be wisely substituted for common-sense and forethought."

We think that if these sage counsels are valuable in the United Kingdom they cannot be very far astray in any country, and we reproduce them, not for the purpose of criticizing what the British Columbia Federation has done, but for the sake of the value which such words from an experienced and successful reformer should assay.

The New York Herald suggests that the abolition of the death penalty should be postponed until the era of deathless murders.

The experiment of conducting open air schools in London, England, has been so successful that the London County Council Education Committee will be asked to extend the scheme so as to provide for over seventy classes during the coming year.

The Mail and Empire says: "The drovers and packers have settled their differences, and of course, the consumers have no difference." Exactly. When the big "interests" arrange their differences the consumer gets squeezed. If the big fellows did not have the tariff to help them they could not settle so amicably at the expense of the consumer.

The Whitehorse Star asks the following poser: If the freight charges on a box of books from Whitehorse to Skagway, a distance of 110 miles, are greater by eighty cents than on the same box of books from Skagway to Cardiff, Wales, a distance of 7000 miles, how old was Ann seventeen years after she quit having birthdays?

The Board of Trade of Goderich, Ontario, wants to get a law to enable municipalities to tax merchandise sent through the mails as soon as it reaches the consignee. We do not see why any Tory should object to the enactment of such legislation. It is only carrying the protective theory to its logical conclusion. We remember Goderich very well. It needs something of the kind to build up its home business.

While the Ottawa government is dillydallying with the naval question and evading responsibility by alleging intention to refer the matter to the British Admiralty, it is interesting to note that the proposal of President Taft to effect a saving of \$1,500,000 a year by abandoning the revenue cutter service of the United States is meeting with strenuous opposition. The revenue cutter service at present has twenty-six vessels in commission along the North Atlantic coast of the United States and about an equal number distributed among the Great Lakes and along the Pacific coast. It is under the direction of Captain Ellsworth P. Berthoff, who is in Washington. It is

He's a bad 'un, this Bad Coal demon, and he looks it.  
He has the black mark of Cain all over his face. We know of nothing that eats dollars as fast as he, and there is nothing more contemptible. The remedy is to use Good Coal bought from

**KIRK & CO.**  
618 Yates Street  
and Esquimalt Road  
Phones 212 and 139

the revenue cutter which usually is first to reach a wreck or aid a vessel in distress and the little craft keep a sharp lookout for derelicts and partially submerged wreckage that may endanger steamships and sailing vessels which ply up and down the coast. Even so considerable an economy as a million and a half is not approved by the American people, where valuable service is rendered for the outlay. But we must not follow the example of Uncle Sam.

Commenting on a telegraph dispatch sent out from Vancouver respecting Premier McBride's railway policies, the Winnipeg Tribune makes a few caustic remarks. The dispatch said that in principle Premier McBride favors state owned railways, but added that representatives of a number of railway corporations had been interviewing the government of late. It concluded with the announcement that an election will follow the adjournment of the present session. Here is what the Tribune says: "Who cares a cuss what Premier McBride favors in principle? When in power, and with the resources and people of the province at his back, what does he favor in practice? Some of the most loud-mouthed advocates of state-built, state-owned, state-operated railways among both provincial and federal politicians are the worst enemies of public ownership in practice. They make professions to fool the people, and they practice to please the subsidy-hunters and franchise-grabbers. That is the unvarnished truth. It is about a thousand chances to one that Mr. McBride will make a deal with one of the existing corporations. Of course, elections usually, for some very, very strange reason or other, follow these railway deals. The B. C. premier already has one beautiful railway deal to his credit." The Tribune has just about hit the nail on the head.

Willie—"May I go and play now, ma?" Mother—"What, with those holes in your trousers?" Willie—"No, with the boy next door." "Who gave ye th' black eye, Jim?" "Nobody gave it to me, I had a fight for it." "Mistress—"Has Master Willie come in yet?" Servant—"I think so, 'm. I haven't seen him, but the cat's hidin'."

"A very absent-minded professor was busily engaged in solving a scientific problem when the nurse hastily opened the door of his library and announced a great family event. "There's a little stranger has arrived, professor." "Eh?" said the professor. "Little boy, little boy," mused the professor. "Well, ask him what he wants."

**VANCOUVER ROBBERY.**

People Tell of Seeing Mysterious Looking Stranger Loitering Near Bank.

Vancouver, Jan. 26.—Although no one seems to have seen any of the men enter the Royal Bank of Canada's branch, which was the scene of this morning's robbery, there are several people in the neighborhood who tell of a mysterious looking stranger who has been loitering in that vicinity for the past week. This man is described by Mr. Moore, who is opening up a shoe store almost directly across the road from the bank, as a foreign-looking fellow who at the time he was seen last Tuesday had bandages around his chin and around his head, his face almost being completely concealed. Mr. Moore said this morning that the man's reasons for his face being tied up in such a manner was he paid frequent visits to Dr. Trout, who has apartments over the shoe store. The actions of this man became so suspicious early this week that some of the ladies in the neighborhood complained of his presence, stating they were afraid of him. Mr. Wood asked the man what he was hanging around for, and since then he has not been seen.

Miss Shoefield, who conducts a ladies' ware establishment directly across the street from the bank, also remembers this man, and is confident that if she were to see him again she would recognize him. Her description of the man tallies somewhat with that given by the clerks of one of the men who robbed the bank.

"I noticed that he was watching the bank continually," said Mr. Woods, and Miss Shoefield also noticed that the man walked up and down a dozen times a day with his eyes watching everything that went on around the bank.

# SATURDAY'S January Sale News from Many Departments

## SPECIAL MONTH-END CLEARANCE SALE IN THE STAPLE DEPARTMENT SATURDAY

There are only a few more days left in this month and on February 1 our prices will advance to their regular level. For today and Saturday we are offering some special inducements that should be of special interest to thrifty housekeepers and help to stimulate the January sale.

PILLOW SLIPS, made of strong bleached cotton. These are to be had in a variety of sizes. Regular \$2 a dozen, for \$1.50. \$2.00. \$3.00. \$4.00 Hemstitched Slips for \$3.00. CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTON, a good even weave and free from dressing. The following widths may be had, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches. Regular 30¢ value, per yard, for \$2.50. READY-TO-USE SHEETS—These are snow white and are free from dressing. 100 pairs only of our regular \$2.25 line to clear at \$1.65. 50 pairs only of our regular \$3 value for \$2.50. PLAIN AND HEMSTITCHED SHEETS, extra heavy quality, at \$3 and \$3.50. GREY BLANKETS, in variety of qualities. Single bed size of grey blankets at \$2.50. Double bed size of silver grey blankets, per pair, \$3.75, and double bed size of silver grey blankets at \$4.50. WHITE TURKISH TOWELS, in all sizes, large face towels at 37½¢ and \$2.50. LARGE BATH TOWELS at each, \$1 and \$2.50.

WHITE NAINSOOK, MADAPOLAMS and VICTORIA LAWNS. Here is a great variety to choose from and the prices range from 35¢, 25¢, 20¢ and \$1.50. \$1.50.

COLORED TURKISH TOWELS, regularly sold at \$1.50 a dozen are now \$1.

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, with pink or blue borders. Only enough of these for early morning shoppers. Per pair, \$3.25 and \$3.00.

25 PAIRS OF WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, size 60x80. These are a specially good value. Per pair \$3.75.

FLEECE WOOL BLANKETS are guaranteed by the manufacturers to be pure wool and are a full 8 lbs. weight. Per pair \$8.50.

WOOL FILLED COMFORTERS in a variety of colors and styles. They are a much better quality than the average at these prices. Size 60x70 are to be cleared at each \$1.50. \$1.75.

PLAIN AND HEMSTITCHED SHEETS, extra heavy quality, at \$3 and \$3.50.

GREY BLANKETS, in variety of qualities. Single bed size of grey blankets at \$2.50. Double bed size of silver grey blankets, per pair, \$3.75, and double bed size of silver grey blankets at \$4.50.

WHITE TURKISH TOWELS, in all sizes, large face towels at 37½¢ and \$2.50.

LARGE BATH TOWELS at each, \$1 and \$2.50.

## Corset Covers --- Some January Sale Prices Hard to Beat

CORSET COVERS, made of fine nainsook. These garments have one row of deep embroidery insertion, two rows of beading and ribbon and is edged round neck and sleeves with fine lace. Per garment \$50¢.

CORSET COVERS, in the tight-fitting style with neck and sleeves finished with embroidery and heading threaded with ribbon. Special sale price, per garment \$75¢.

CORSET COVERS—Several attractive styles are here to choose from in both embroidery and lace. Every garment is a bargain at \$65¢.

CORSET COVERS in the tight fitting style, with square or V-shaped yoke, and finished with embroidery. Per garment \$75¢.

CORSET COVERS, made of fine white nainsook, tucked back, short sleeves, neck and sleeves finished with embroidery and heading threaded with ribbon. Special sale price, per garment \$75¢.

CORSET COVERS, made of fine nainsook, have a square yoke of embroidery and lace insertion and the neck and sleeves are finished with lace.

Special sale price, per garment \$90¢.



## \$2.75 For Skirts worth to \$8.75

VOILES, PANAMAS and SERGES are the chief materials, and the colors include various shades of blue, black, shepherd's checks, grey, green and a variety of tweed mixtures. All sizes are here, and the styles are so varied that you are sure of finding a garment that will please you. All one price \$2.75.

## \$15 for Women's Costumes Worth \$35 and \$45

WOMEN'S COSTUMES—These are the balance of our high grade suits that have sold regularly all the season at prices ranging from \$35.00 to \$45.00, but owing to the fact that there is only one size 34, and the balance are sizes 38, 40, 42 and 44, we have made a specially big reduction in order to make a rapid clearance. The woman who can use one of these sizes will find this an exceptional opportunity to make a big saving and secure a bargain that cannot be duplicated. The price is far less than cost, but we must clear them out at once to make room for new spring goods. The materials are chiefly serges and chiffon broadcloth. One is in a good fancy suiting. They are plain tailored and are lined with good satin. Thirty suits all to clear at \$15.00.

## Thirty Children's Coats at \$2.90— Values to \$8

All sizes from 27 to 36 are to be found here in such a wide variety of styles and colors that almost any person will find it easy to make a satisfactory purchase. Tweeds, worsteds and serges are the principal materials and the quality of the workmanship is all that can be desired. We invite your inspection. All one price \$2.90.

## Special Embroidery Insertion and Lace Sale

EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTIONS from 1 to 4 inches wide and regular 10¢ values are selling at \$2.50.

EMBROIDERY AND INSERTION from 2 to 6 inches wide, and regular 15¢ and 20¢ values, for \$10¢.

FINE CAMBRIC EMBROIDERY from 8 to 10 inches wide, and regular 35¢ values will be sold at \$20¢.

FINE CAMBRIC EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTIONS from 6 to 10 inches wide. Regular 45¢ and 50¢ values are to be cleared at per yard \$25¢.

EMBROIDERY in fine cambric, 18 inches wide, and regular 60¢ and 65¢ values to clear at per yard \$35¢.

## 612 Pieces of High Grade Blue Enamelware Sold at 75c on Saturday 25c Each

Here is an opportunity to buy useful household utensils made of good pressed steel and finished with a high grade enamel. They are a standard make, clean, durable and warranted to be free from poisonous substances. Water buckets, hand bowls, large pudding pans, coffee pots, lip saucers, covered saucepans and chamber conveniences. Every piece represents a bargain and it may be a long time before we are able to offer another lot at such a low price. Regular 75¢ values are selling on Saturday at \$25¢.

## Women's Dressing Gowns at Bargain Prices

Here is a large assortment of Women's Dressing Gowns marked at prices that should please you. One glance at the goods is sufficient to convince you that the values are much higher than you would expect for the money, but having purchased a large number at an advantageous price, we are able to offer them at a bargain price. They are made of good German flannel in great variety of patterns and colors. Prices \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.50 and \$3.75.

## \$15 and \$20 Overcoats for \$7.75 To be Sold Regardless of Cost

MACKINTOSHES—Craventines, Meltons and Beaver Cloths are the materials, and the workmanship is well up to the high standard that our customers demand. There are full length and Chesterfield styles to choose from in a great variety of shades and patterns. The man who desires a serviceable garment at a price that is lower than he could reasonably expect, even at a January sale, should investigate this offer. Regular \$15 and \$20 Coats for \$7.75.

**DAVID SPENCER, LTD.**

</div

## Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites

stands alone as the one best "Tonic" for those who are run down in health and require a builder-up.

### TONES, INVIGORATES, STRENGTHENS.

It improves the appetite, aids digestion and enriches the blood. For convalescents after illness, there is nothing better. Perfectly palatable and can be taken by old or young. Get a bottle to-day.

Price \$1.00.

Cyrus H. Bowes

CHEMIST

Tel. 425 and 450. 1228 Government.

## J. F. BELBEN

Telephone 1165. Residence R2884  
617 Cormorant Street.

Belcher street, 6 room cottage, lot 60x120. Fine shrubbery and fruit trees. \$1,500

Gonzales avenue. 60 x 180.  
Easy terms. \$1,600

## BLANK BOOKS

Ledgers, Column Books,  
Loose Leaf Books. All sizes and rulings

**Baxter & Johnson Co., Ltd.**  
Agents Underwood Typewriter  
Tel 730. 721 Yates St.

Have Your SKATES GROUND Properly at  
510 PANDORA ST., Near GOVT.  
WAITES & KNAPTON,  
Locksmiths.

## CARTER'S ORIENTAL RUG STORE

Stock of \$50,000 of Personally Selected

### Turkey, Persian and India Rugs

Prices such that all can buy.  
Temporary Show Room

• 719 COURTNEY ST.  
Opposite Carter & Son, Ltd.  
Opposite Alexandra Club.

### McTavish Bros.

Customs Brokers and Forwarding Agents

Successors to Leet & Co.  
Ltd., Customs Department.

Freight, pay duty, and forward or distribute imports.

Correspondence Solicited.

524 FORT ST.  
Telephone 27-1.

### Analysis of Dairy Chop

Royal Standard is the Best

Moisture . . . . . 11.15%  
Crude Protein . . . . . 12.87%  
Crude Fat . . . . . 4.74%  
Crude Fibre . . . . . 10.58%

The above is recommended by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.

T. H. HORNE  
Cnr. Broad and Johnson Streets.  
Telephone 487.

## LOCAL NEWS

**Agricultural Association.**—The annual annual meeting of the British Columbia Agricultural Association will be held in the city hall this evening commencing at 8 o'clock.

**Hanna & Thomson, Pandora Ave.**—Leading Funeral furnishing, house connections, Vancouver, New Westminster and Winnipeg.

**Building Society.**—The annual general meeting of Victoria, No. 2, Building Society, will be held at the secretary's office, 614 Trounce Avenue, on Wednesday, January 31, to receive the directors' and auditors' reports, also the secretary's report and financial statement, together with the 23rd drawing for an appropriation and such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Officers will also be elected for the ensuing year.

**Plaintiff Won.**—Judge Lampman has given judgment for the plaintiff—for the amount claimed, \$280, in the action of the Victoria Plumbing Company against Green and Jirishon. The plaintiff claimed for plumbing work done in the Clarence hotel and the defendants alleged that work other than that contracted for had been done.

**"Tom and Jerry."**—At the Bismarck.

**Case Adjourned.**—The action to recover \$540, the amount of an insurance policy brought by the Greek restaurant keeper, Kalogros, against the Commercial Union Fire Insurance Company of New York, which was heard partly by Judge Lampman yesterday was adjourned until a further date before the full evidence had been taken.

**Leaky Roofs Repaired by Newton & Greer Co.**—1326 Wharf street, makers of "Nag" composition.

**Convicted of Theft.**—In the police court this morning a man named Jackson, arrested last night on Yates street with two automobile rugs in his possession, was convicted of the theft and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Constable Turner stopped the man last night and demanded information regarding the rugs. When the man did not respond he was taken to the jail, and the constable then went to Government street and discovered the owner of an automobile complaining that his rugs had been stolen.

**"Nag" composition.**—Waterproof and fire proof. See or phone Newton & Greer Co., 1326 Wharf street.

**Majestic Theatre.**—An excellent film shows the Y.M.C.A. school Silver Bay, Lake George, N. Y., August, 1911. Through the assistance of E. M. Willets, general secretary international committee, Y.M.C.A., this film was made. It shows a typical day at the training school for employed officers. The audience gets a clear idea of what is required in preparing for the position of employed officer in one of these institutions. It shows how careful they are to train men to hold positions in the various Y.M.C.A. institutions throughout the country. It will be given a prominent place on the programme at the Majestic to-day and Saturday. It will entertain, profit and delight all who see it at this delightful family resort, so home-like in all its appointments.

**Four Per Cent.**—You can deposit your money at 4 per cent. interest with The B. C. Permanent Loan Company and be able to withdraw the total amount or any portion thereof without notice. Cheques are supplied to each depositor. Paid-up capital over \$1,000,000, assets over \$3,000,000. Branch office, 1210 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

**New Companies.**—The incorporation of the following companies is noted in this week's Gazette: British Columbia Mortgage Company, Limited, capital \$200,000; Canada Mio Company, Ltd., capital \$100,000; Colonial Club; Cooke, Peeden & Co., Ltd., capital \$100,000; Creston Trading Company, Ltd., capital \$50,000; Elysium Orchard Homes, Ltd., capital \$30,000; Georgia, Ltd., capital \$750,000; Hardwood Syndicate, Ltd., capital \$50,000; Provincial Land & Finance Corporation, Ltd., Southern British Columbia Orchards, Ltd., capital \$100,000; North American Theatre Company, Ltd., capital \$50,000; Okanagan Falls Lumber Company, Ltd., capital \$25,000; Panama Silver Mining Company, Ltd., capital \$375,000.

**Express or Truck.**—Do not forget that you can get an express or truck at any hour you may wish. Always keep your checks until you have seen us, as we will save you the 10c on each trunk you have to pay to baggage agents on trains and boats. We will check your baggage from your hotel or residence, also-store it. See us before you make your arrangements. We guarantee to satisfy everyone on price and the way we handle your goods. We consider it a favor if you will report any overcharges or inaccuracy on the part of our help. Pacific Transfer Company, phone 450, 50 Fort St.

**New Optical Parlor.**—Skillful eye-testing, modest prices, latest styles in spectacle-wear. Frank Clugton, optician and optometrist, 651 Yates street (corner Douglas), room 1.

**Lengthy Arguments.**—For three days past the B. C. court of appeal has been engaged hearing the arguments in connection with the Boyd will case appeal. The arguments are expected to be concluded to-day.

**Skates Ground.**—Skates hollow-ground. J. Waites, 644 Fort street. Phone 446.

**Plaintiff Won.**—Judge Lampman has given judgment for the plaintiff—for the amount claimed, \$280, in the action of the Victoria Plumbing Company against Green and Jirishon. The plaintiff claimed for plumbing work done in the Clarence hotel and the defendants alleged that work other than that contracted for had been done.

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**Harris vs. Hickey.**—The evidence in the supreme court in the suit brought by Harold Harris against D. M. Hickey & Company to recover damages for wrongfully dismissed and arrested went to the jury this afternoon after addresses had been delivered by counsel and the jurymen had been charged by Mr. Justice Gregory. After the jury returned a verdict Mr. Higgins for the defendant company, will argue for a new suit on the ground that there was no case to go to a jury, and that according to authorities the plaintiff should prove that he was innocent and that he was declared innocent by the court when tried. Mr. Higgins relies in this connection upon the fact that the plaintiff did not go into the witness box and give evidence.

**Passing of Landmark.**—The restaurant premises known during many years as the Poodle Dog has abdicated that historic title and hereafter the "Poodle Dog" will be a memory only. The ground floor plan of the building has been reconstructed on more modern lines and the stand is now doing business under a new name. Messrs. A. W. Ottignon and H. N. Wayne are the managers of the Columbia Catering Company, Limited, which will henceforth carry on an up-to-date restaurant business under the name and style of The Delhi Cafe. One of the features of the business is that only white help is employed, the service being first class in every particular. The whole furnishing and fixture is new and elegant, while the cuisine is appealing to an epicure. Next week, in the adjoining wing of the same building a modern and high-class cafeteria will be opened, and this new firm of caterers will successfully bid for their share of the public patronage.

**Jubilee Hospital Services.**—In addition to the regular afternoon service on Sunday at 3 p.m. at the Pemberton Chapel, there will be celebration of holy communion at 8 o'clock.

**School Board.**—A meeting of the school board will be held this afternoon at which the applications for a school architect will be again considered, and other work connected with the preparation of the estimates undertaken.

**City Council.**—There will be a short meeting of the city council this evening before the session of the streets committee, in order to authorize a number of matters which cannot wait till the ordinary meeting on Monday.

**Habes Corpus Application.**—An application of habes corpus is being made in the supreme court this afternoon for the release of the man Archibald Tiderington, who was ordered to be extradited by the extradition commissioner in connection with the sum of money, \$12,000, which he brought here from Walla Walla. The application will take the form of a review of the evidence to obtain the decision of the supreme court as to the correctness of the commissioner's finding.

**Council.**—There will be a short meeting of the city council this evening before the session of the streets committee, in order to authorize a number of matters which cannot wait till the ordinary meeting on Monday.

**Mrs. Bittencourt's Death.**—The inquiry into the death of the late Mrs. E. J. Bittencourt, whose body was found in Venustus Bay on January 9, was continued at the Salt Spring Island court house last Friday. Charles A. Curtis was the principal witness, and stated that Mrs. Bittencourt had applied to him for lodgings on November 29, threatening to drown herself if it was not given her. She stayed in Mr. Curtis' house until December 4, the date of her disappearance. C. M. Hutchison testified to finding the body and Dr. A. Bush stated that upon examination had found no marks which would indicate violence on the body. Mrs. J. Mason, a daughter of the deceased, gave evidence as to the state of her mother's health, stating that her mind had been unsettled for some years. P. C. Cranton stated that the deceased lady's financial affairs were in a satisfactory condition. The inquiry was adjourned until more witnesses could be called.

**Express or Truck.**—Do not forget that you can get an express or truck at any hour you may wish. Always keep your checks until you have seen us, as we will save you the 10c on each trunk you have to pay to baggage agents on trains and boats. We will check your baggage from your hotel or residence, also-store it. See us before you make your arrangements. We guarantee to satisfy everyone on price and the way we handle your goods. We consider it a favor if you will report any overcharges or inaccuracy on the part of our help. Pacific Transfer Company, phone 450, 50 Fort St.

**New Optical Parlor.**—Skillful eye-testing, modest prices, latest styles in spectacle-wear. Frank Clugton, optician and optometrist, 651 Yates street (corner Douglas), room 1.

## DR. HADWEN'S LECTURE

Before Natural History Society Last Evening.

Dr. Hadwen of the Dominion Agricultural department, spoke before the Natural History Society last night in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on "British Columbia Blood Parasites and Insect Carriers." W. J. Sutton occupied the chair and introduced Dr. Hadwen as the official of the government attached to the experimental farm at Agassiz. The address was illustrated with a number of slides prepared from drawings made by Dr. Hadwen himself.

During his address Dr. Hadwen said he believed there were as many as 1,500 species of mosquito, and that malaria was carried by them. He had noticed as a curious fact that mosquitoes suffered from malaria as well as men, and he thought it even possible that the disease in the mosquito could be inherited.

He had in past years studied them along the banks of the Fraser River, and there they were pest. In July last year he knew where a swarm of them had travelled fifteen miles in three days on a mild breeze. He had found a solution where the pest was bad, and that was to oil the swamps in which they breed.

British Columbia mosquitoes were not harmful, said the speaker. He spoke also of a mite which attaches itself to the hornfly. The mite fed on the fly and was believed to have caused the great decrease of flies. Illustrations of the various pests and mosquitoes were found very interesting.

A number of questions were asked and one speaker said he had known of mosquitoes attacking birds. The speaker was accorded a warm vote of thanks moved by Mr. Wallace and seconded by Mr. Hastings. The next meeting of the society will take place on Monday, when E. F. Robinson will speak on "Bees and Blossoms—or the Cross Fertilization of Flowers."

## LOTS OF THEM.

Large List of Appointments in Gazette, But What For?

This week's issue of the Provincial Gazette is of considerable interest because of the large number of appointments it contains, but in one particular it is very tantalizing to say the least. On the first few pages is the announcement that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in council has been cause of the large number of appointments, and then follows a list of several hundred names apportioned among some of the electoral districts of the province. They are not party appointments unless a painful mistake has been made, because the names of a number of unregenerate Griffs are included among them.

A guessing contest is in order. What are these new appointees going to do? Certain it is their appointments will not be accompanied by conspicuous emoluments or the various Tory machines throughout the province will dissolve into original atoms because the spectacle of the government in

time past appointing a Griff to a position would provoke an earthquake.

Perhaps the real answer is that the commissioners named are appointed commissioners for the taking of affidavits under the Elections Act.

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# To-morrow Is the Last Saturday of Our Business Year

And We Want to Make It a Big Day

## MEN'S SUITS

FORTY MEN'S SUITS, made from pure wool worsteds, blue serge and imported tweeds. Regular, \$18, \$20, \$22.50. Saturday only \$10.00

TWENTY-FIVE MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S OVERCOATS. Regular value \$18.00 and \$25.00. Saturday only \$10.00

## ODD PANTS

TWENTY-FIVE PAIRS OF ODD PANTS, reg. \$3.00. To clear Saturday at \$1.50

**COME EARLY SATURDAY--The Values are Good. The Quantities Limited**



We Have Many Lines of Suits, Overcoats and Furnishings That We Do Not Want to Carry Over This Season, and Following Prices Should Make a Big Day's Selling

## NEW FALL HATS

NEW FALL HATS, all shapes and styles; odd lines. To clear at \$1.50

## A SUIT SPECIAL

IMPORTED TWEEDED SUITS AND FANCY WORSTED COATS, made semi-fit or regular. All good patterns. Regular values \$22.50 and \$25.00. Saturday only \$13.50

## AN OVERCOAT SAVING

FIFTEEN MEN'S OVERCOATS, new fall styles. Regular \$25.00 and \$30.00 values. Saturday only \$13.50

811-813 Gov't Street,  
Opposite Post Office

**FITZPATRICK & O'CONNELL**



## NEWS OF SPORT

VANCOUVER OUT  
TO WIN TO-NIGHT

THEY MAY UNCOVER  
UNEXPECTED FORM

All Guff About N. H. A. Teams Coming West—Intermediate League on Rocks.

Vancouver. Positions. Victoria. Parr ..... Goal ..... Lindsay F. Patrick ..... Point ..... L. Patrick Griffis ..... Coyer Point ..... Smallall Lalonde ..... Rover ..... Dunderdale Nichol ..... Centre ..... Smith Harris ..... Right Wing ..... Rowe Phillips ..... Left Wing ..... Poulin

This is the formation of the teams for the third game between Vancouver and Victoria in the Pacific Coast Ice Hockey League series, which is to be played in Vancouver to-night. As usual both teams are confident of their ability to pull out on the long end of the score.

All signs point to an easy win for Victoria, but there are one or two circumstances which should be taken into consideration by the wise fan before he lays his pile on the locals. In the first place Walter Small, who played such a hard game on Tuesday last, has been in bed since then with a bad leg, the result of a nasty blow received in that game and may not be in condition to stand the gaff to-night; and secondly, the Terriers have improved wonderfully in their last couple of games. Frank Patrick was down here at the last game and he stated that it was only the hardest kind of luck that lost them the recent match against Westminster.

Out of Small the Victorians are in good condition and should serve up a fine brand of hockey for the benefit of the Vancouver fans, as it is said that the Victorians are just beginning to uncork their real speed. It is just possible the local puck-chasers will find the slugging tough this evening. There is one very good reason why Frank Patrick's team may uncover a little unexpected form. They can't afford

ford to drop any more games if they are to remain within reasonable reach of the bunting, for they are already down two games and an additional one would make a pretty serious handicap.

Supposing the Capitals go up another step this evening, as they confidently hope to do, it will be up to the Royals to pull them down next Tuesday if the two leaders are to remain level. It is to be hoped they don't separate too much. It is a nice race as it is and it would be almost a shame to have the teams spread out.

As far as is known Gardner and Hyland of the New Westminster club will handle the game to-night.

All Guff, Says Lester.

In the opinion of Lester Patrick and others the report that the Stanley Cup games may be played on the Pacific coast this year is all guff. Rumor has it that both Wanderers and Ottawas would be favorable to taking the trip out here in the event of either team winning the championship of the N. H. A. and that the other teams would also consider such a proposition; but it is almost beyond reason to expect that any N. H. A. team would consent to cross the continent to defend the championship, especially against a team from a young league like the one here. The different eastern teams might consider the proposition favorably at the present time, but the winning team would certainly look at it in a different light when it got possession of the silverware. However, if they should want to come they are more than welcome and undoubtedly with exhibition games it could be made to pay.

No Chance For Two Leagues.

The intermediate city hockey league, which it was proposed to form, has become stranded in the making. Owing to the impossibility of securing the ice for the games the amateur association has been compelled to abandon entirely the idea of forming such a league.

TO-MORROW'S SPORTS

At Victoria.

Soccer Football, (Amateur Island).

Wests vs. Y. M. C. A. at North Ward Park, referee, W. Lorimer. Garrison vs. J. B. A. A. at Garrison grounds; referee, Mr. Allen.

City Senior Series.

Foresters vs. Sons of England at Royal Athletic park, referee, W. Wilson.

Junior Series.

Wests vs. High School at Macaulay Point. All games start at 2:30.

Ice Hockey, (Amateur).

Wards vs. Prairie club at Arena rink, 7:30 p. m.

At Vancouver.

Victoria vs. Vancouver for Coast Rugby championship, referee, L. Patterson.

Victoria Ladies vs. Normal School grass hockey match.

To-night at Vancouver.

Victoria vs. Vancouver, ice hockey.

## INTERNATIONAL RACE ON THE GREAT LAKES

As in West Yachtsmen in East Seek Renewal of Friendly Relations.

ing committee are: Commodore Thompson, G. H. Atkins, Ogden T. McLurg and James E. Keogh.

SCORE IN SECOND TEST MATCH.

Shows Big Margin by Which English Won From Australian Cricketers.

The following is the score in the second test cricket match:

AUSTRALIA.

C. Kelleway, b Barnes.....	2
W. Bardsley, b Barnes.....	0
C. Hill, b Barnes.....	4
W. W. Armstrong, c Smith, b Barnes.....	10
V. Trumper, b Foster.....	13
R. Mansford, c Smith, b Hitch.....	43
R. Minnett, c Hobbs, b Barnes.....	2
D. H. V. Horden, not out.....	49
A. Coffer, run out.....	11
H. Carter, c Smith, b Douglas.....	29
W. J. Whitty, b Woolley.....	11
ESCAPES.....	19
Total.....	184

Second Innings.

C. Kelleway, c Gunn, b Foster.....	13
W. Bardsley, run out.....	0
C. Hill, c Gunn, b Barnes.....	61
W. W. Armstrong, b Foster.....	41
V. Trumper, b Barnes.....	22
R. Mansford, c Smith, b Foster.....	34
R. Minnett, b Foster.....	24
D. H. V. Horden, c Mead, b Foster.....	31
Coffer, c Hobbs, b Foster.....	41
H. Carter, b Barnes.....	16
W. J. Whitty, not out.....	0
Extras.....	24
Total.....	299

Total.....

ENGLAND.

First Innings.	
Hobbs, c Carter, b Cotter.....	6
Rhodes, c Trumper, b Cotter.....	61
Hearne, c Carter, b Cotter.....	114
Gunn, bw, b Armstrong.....	11
Mead, c Armstrong, b Whitty.....	11
F. R. Foster, c Hill, b Cotter.....	23
J. W. H. T. Douglas, b Horden.....	23
Woolley, c Mansfield, b Horden.....	23
Smith, b Horden.....	11
Barnes, bw, b Horden.....	11
Hitch, not out.....	0
Extras.....	16
Total.....	265

Second Innings.

Hobbs, not out.....	126
Rhodes, c Carter, b Cotter.....	28
Hearne, c Carter, b Whitty.....	43
Gunn, not out.....	12
Extras.....	10
Total (2 wks.).....	219

Total (2 wks.).....

AMATEUR ICE HOCKEY.

Wards Play Prairie Club at Arena Rink To-morrow Night.

To-morrow evening the third match in the amateur hockey series will be played at the Arena rink, when the North Wards meet the Prairie Club. The former are looking forward to a nice easy time in view of the latter club's performance against the Wests, but you never can tell against the Wests, and it is just possible that one of its vagaries may be witnessed to-morrow night.

The game will start at 7:30 and will be referred by two of the professionals. The Ward team will be selected from the following: Hollenberg, Rasmussen, Hooper, Burnett, Deltz, Easty, Davison, Bell and Glavin. The Wards have already won one game against the James Bay and will go into the lead in the league if they win to-morrow.

GET THE HABIT

**SMOKE  
MY CHOICE  
CIGARS**

Every Dealer Has Them  
**F. SCHNOTER, VICTORIA, B.C.**

## ONLY ONE CHANGE IN LINE-UP GIVEN

### VICTORIA RUGBYISTS RISK ALL TO-MORROW

Stand Even Chance to Win  
Against Vancouver—Team  
is Well Balanced.

Only one change is announced in the line-up of the Victoria Rugby team to play against Vancouver at Brockton Point tomorrow afternoon for the highest honors football the Coast has to offer: Russ, an English Rugby player and an old hand at the game, has replaced Leo Sweeney on the forward line.

On form Victoria stands an even chance of winning to-morrow. They have been beaten twice by Vancouver, but since being tried, however, have wonderfully improved.

Plenty of practice has steadied the three-quarter line and the pack has all its former weight.

Fulback Williams is a giant whose worth cannot be too much exaggerated, and with Morton working well

with Captain Billy Newcombe, the team is well balanced and has no visible defects.

Of course the forward line stands out as the most reliable division, and from its local supporters expect great things.

By winning or drawing to-morrow Vancouver will annex both the McKechnie and Cooper-Keith trophies, with the latter of which goes the Pacific Coast championship. If Victoria wins this and the next game on February 3 a play-off will be necessary.

Boss, the new man, played for Oak Bay last Saturday and he added a lot of strength to the organization. He lacks speed, but makes up for that by his weight and thorough knowledge of the game.

Rugby Matthews, another new face on the Victoria team, is recently from Vancouver and played for the Terminal City team and Stamford this season.

Whatever way goes it should be a splendid exhibition of Rugby.

The Victoria boys are going over determined to win, but if they are known to have been playing largely for the Mainlanders it will affect their chances.

It was in this condition that the Victoria team stands a good chance of returning home victorious.

The team leaves to-night and the game starts at 2:30 to-morrow afternoon. L. Paterson of Vancouver, will referee.

Here are the teams:

Victoria.

Hullen ..... Three-quarters.

Sawers ..... McRoberts ..... Ells ..... McLorg ..... Halfbacks.

Smith ..... Caddell ..... Forwards.

Legatt ..... Gray ..... Thomas ..... McMillan ..... Scott ..... Holyrood ..... Durrant ..... Reserves.

R. Gillespie ..... S. Gillespie ..... Carstairs ..... Heinekey ..... Houston ..... Miller ..... Matthews ..... Buss ..... Sweeney, Kenning ..... Gallibar, Rich ..... Bennet, Walsh ..... Gibson.

**ARENA**  
Hockey  
AND SKATING

SATURDAY, JAN. 27  
Prairie Club vs. North Ward  
7:30 to 8:30  
Skating 8:30 to 10:30

One admission for each day's attractions.

## SPORT NOTES

Didier Pitre, of the Canadiens, in the N. H. A., is shot with one of the most expensive sets of skates in Canada. Pitre is one of the hardest men in the game on skates, and has broken up two pairs this season. His old skates, the pair that he wore back in the days of the International League, alone stand the strain, but the edge has been worn up so many times that it is impossible to hold an edge on them now. Consequently a pair of exceedingly



# THIS GREAT REMNANT CLEARANCE SALE IS A CORKING EVENT

*It's the House-Furnishing Event of the Season--An Event of the Greatest Importance to Every House-Furnisher in the City.*

It's our house-cleaning event and your buying event.

If your home needs things—if you've a home of your own in mind—here, friends, is the opportunity for providing the furnishings.

Just think of it—Remnants of Cretonne, Chintz and Denim Prints. Lengths from 3 to 25 yards. Remnants of Madras and Allover Curtain Nets from 2 to 9 yards. All-Lace Curtains, of which there is only one pair, at a sacrifice. These Curtains are all grades, represent the best selling lines for the season. All odd lines of Table Covers, Doylies and Frilled Pillow Cases. All reduced to ridiculously small prices to clear quickly.

The savings thus offered are immense—they are truly remarkable.

Add to this big inducement the high quality of our goods, and you will appreciate the importance of your early visit to this store.

We are expecting you to-day.

## Some Bargains for the Dinner Table

You  
Want to  
Be First



Come to Our  
China Dept.  
Now  
—  
1st. Floor



92 Piece China Dinner Set, Reduced from \$20 to \$14.50

This is a broken China Set and will be snapped up at once at this ridiculously low price. It is of plain white China and a neatly printed design in gold. It's a lovely set and will look splendid on your table. You'll never get an offer like this again for many a long day. Come in and see it. If you are in need of a Dinner Set, and you really want this one, you better come now. Only . . . . . \$14.50

Here are the articles included: 12 plates 7 in., 1 plate 6 in., 11 coupe soups, 12 plates 8 in., 10 tea cups, 12 tea saucers, 2 platters, 1 vegetable dish, 1 vegetable dish, bottom only, 1 baker, 1 sauce boat, 1 sugar boat, 1 cream jug, 10 butter pads, 11 fruit saucers, 1 covered butter dish.

Handsome Dinner Set for Six Persons. Reduced to \$35.00

QUAINT ODD WEDGWOOD PATTERN

This is one of the original old patterns from this famous house. This beautiful set will surely appeal to those who are of artistic taste. It's splendid, and simply the greatest bargain at \$35.00 ever given. It is the last set of this quaint pattern. See this set displayed on a table on our first floor. Every piece shown.

Our 52 Piece Ophelia Pattern Dinner Set. Special Price, \$5.75

This is a useful little set for those about to wed, newly-weds, in fact for any two or three persons. The design is very neat in peacock green. You'll look at this one, won't you? Come to-day.

The set consists of 6 tea plates, 6 dinner plates, 6 soup plates, 6 fruit saucers, 6 butter pads, 1 platter 10 in., 1 platter 14 in., 1 baker, 2 covered dishes, 1 sauce boat, 6 tea cups and saucers, 1 jug, 1 sugar bowl.

## Another of Our Won- derful Saturday Evening Specials

In Our China Department

### 500 Pieces of Beautiful White Porcelain

This lot consists of Fancy Vases, Pretty Ornaments and Useful little Trinket Boxes. The majority of these pieces are plain white, but many are finished with gold tracing. Any article

10c

This store is open Saturday  
Evenings Till 9.30

## We Offer a Three-Room Outfit for \$124

See These Three Rooms in Our Broughton Street Windows

The Weiler Bros. store will show you the way to a comfortable, cosy home of your own. This splendid three-room outfit that we offer for \$124 will surely interest you. Here are the articles included. See them in our Broughton street window.

BUFFET, golden finish with British bevel mirror, two drawers at top. Large linen drawer, two doors to large cupboard.

EXTENSION TABLE, golden finish, 6 ft. extension, square top, five legs.

SIX DINING CHAIRS, golden finish.

DRESSER, solid oak, golden finish, top 18x36, British bevel mirror 14x24; 3 spacious drawers.

FOLDING SOFA-BED.

CANE SEAT ROCKER, golden finish.

PARLOR TABLE, golden finish, size 22x22.

CANE SEAT CHAIR.

CHIFFONIERE, solid oak, golden finish, top 18x30; 5 large drawers.

KITCHEN CUPBOARD, golden finish.

FOUR KITCHEN CHAIRS, golden finish, and Kitchen Table.

## BEAUTIFUL TOILET SETS



These Toilet Sets are in shades that will harmonize with any color scheme for any room. Nice shades, the very thing for the home beautiful. In salmon pink, sky blue, and apple green. A splendid variety to select from on our first floor. The prices are exceptionally reasonable. We will be pleased to have you come in and see these.

10-PIECE TOILET SET at, per set ..... \$1.50  
TOILET PAIT to match any of these sets, each ..... \$3.50

Send Us Your Name and Address and We Will Forward to You  
FREE Our Useful 1912 Catalogue

VICTORIA'S POPULAR  
HOME FURNISHERS  
THE STORE THAT  
SAVES YOU MONEY

# WEILER BROS.

QUALITY THE TRUE  
TEST OF CHEAPNESS  
QUALITY IS OUR  
PASSWORD

## A Chicken Ranch Now A Fine Subdivision Soon

Six acres on Wilkinson Road, good soil, splendid view, five room house, barn, chicken houses, well, water laid on in house; three minutes' walk from new car line. Four miles from City Hall.

Price \$5,250

\$1,250 cash, balance over three years.

We are authorized to allow a substantial discount if a bigger cash payment is made.

Full particulars from

**R. V. WINCH & CO., LIMITED**

521 FORT STREET

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange.

## OCEAN MYSTERIES OF LLOYD'S LAST YEAR

### IS MOST PECULIAR WRECK SEEN HERE

Thirty-Three Vessels Were  
Posted as Missing—Eng-  
land Is Greatest Loser.

With a total of 33 vessels posted at Lloyd's as "missing," the year just closed has witnessed more of such disasters than any twelvemonth since 1906. It is true that a notable proportion of the year's missing craft have been vessels of small tonnage—coasting steamers, trawlers, schooners, and ketches. But, in addition to these, a good number of oversea cargo steamers and deep-water sailing ships have been included in the roll of the vanished.

Last year's total was made up of 16 steamers, 16 sailers, and one petrol motor schooner, the total net tonnage being 18,559. British vessels numbered 20 (eight steamers, twelve sailers). Other countries' vessels were: Norway, three sailers and one steamer; Greece, two steamers; Brazil, two new river steamers; Russia and Belgium, one steamer; Germany, one steam trawler; Denmark, one schooner; and France, one petrol motor schooner.

The case of the *Axina*, posted on February 1, was certainly one of the most interesting. She was bound from London to the West Coast of Africa, and, judging from the recognizable wreckage which was passed at sea, there is every reason to suppose that she foundered in the Bay of Biscay. By her disappearance 37 lives were lost. Of 222 tons, the *Cayo Largo*, which mysteriously disappeared when bound from Swansea to Tampico, was the largest steamer posted during the year. Laden with coal, this Tyne-built ship put to sea in April. Not so very long afterwards two of her boats were discovered, and the position in which these were found pointed to the fact that she had been lost not long after she set out on her last voyage.

The oldest missing sailer was the *Ketch Atlas*, launched in 1864. The Belgian steamer *Cap Spartel*, posted on May 10, was the oldest steamer. She was launched in 1883, and her last voyage was from Swansea to Palermo. Judged solely on the basis of net tonnage, the little *Beauview* was the smallest of the 33 missing vessels. This craft, lost between the Clyde and Lisbon, had a gross tonnage of 49, and net tonnage nil.

### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Jan. 25.

Seattle—Arrived: Jefferson, from Skagway. Sailed: Oil tanker Catania for San Francisco; oil tanker Odeum and oil tanker Assumption for San Francisco; steamers Alliance for Eureka and Coos Bay; Roanoke for San Francisco and San Pedro. Washington for San Francisco; oil tanker J.A. Chandler for San Francisco; oil tanker Washita for San Francisco.

San Francisco—Arrived: steamer *Tenyo Maru* from Hongkong. Sailed: steamer *Crown of Galicia* for Liverpool; steamer *Falstaff* for Portland; steamers *Centauria* and *Dalya* for Grays Harbor.

San Pedro—Arrived: steamer Governor for San Diego; steamer *Bandon* for San Diego; *Willara* for Aberdeen. Sailed: Governor for Puget Sound via San Francisco; steamer *St. Helens* for Columbia River.

**PORTUGUESE CABINET RESIGNS.**  
Lisbon, Jan. 25.—Premier Vasconcellos and the members of his cabinet resigned to-night as the result of a political crisis. The minister of the colonies was the first to resign, and the others quickly followed suit. The cabinet has only been in existence since the early part of last November, when it succeeded the ministry which had been organized by Senor Chagas when the provisional cabinet resigned in August last.

There are 30,000 kinds of beetles.

## NEWS OF THE SEVEN SEAS



### SEVERAL DAYS OF STORMY WEATHER

#### CHICAGO MARU MAKES BUT 220 MILES A DAY

Japanese Liner Here From Yo-  
kohama—Minnesota Has  
Rough Trip.

#### NOW AT LAS PALMAS TO LOAD MORE COAL

Princess Patricia at Canary  
Island Port—Charlotte  
Out of Dock.

Advises received this morning by the officials of the B.C. Coast Service that the new steamer Princess Patricia arrived at Las Palmas, Canary Islands, yesterday. She left Cardiff after loading a full cargo of South Wales coal on Friday last and has had a good run to the islands. After replenishing her bunkers the Patricia will sail for St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands and then cross the Atlantic to Montevideo.

This afternoon the Princess Charlotte was floated out of the Esquimalt dry dock, where she has been for several days having one of her shafts straightened. She will be given a short overhauling before again entering on the triangular run. It is expected that she will start running about the beginning of the week taking the run of the Princess Alice, which is to relieve the Princess Victoria.

Work on the construction of the big oil tanks in the places formerly utilized aboard the Prince George for bunkers, is progressing as fast as possible. The steamer will stay in her tanks 2,000 barrels of oil which will enable her to make the round trip to Stewart at 17 knots. With coal the vessel, with her bunkers full could only make the trip at a speed of little over fourteen knots.

About the first of March the George will be ready to relieve the Prince Rupert on the run. It will only require about a month to equip the new Prince steamer as no time will be lost in the getting of the material ready for the tanks. Capt. Nicholson expects that the bi-weekly service will be commenced about April 1.

#### SLACK WATER—ACTIVE PASS.

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## CONGRATULATED THE WINNING ELEVENS

Okell and McConnell Cups to Be Presented at Annual Meeting.

At the Victoria and District Soccer Association meeting held last evening the Garrison and Victoria West football teams were formally announced champions in the senior and second division city leagues respectively. It will be two or three weeks at least before the junior series ends.

Regarding the junior game, which should have been played last Saturday between the Wards and the High School, but which was owing to a disagreement between the teams over the referee, the delegates decided to leave the matter over until the next meeting when more particulars would be to hand. Tentative arrangements were made for the annual meeting to be held some Saturday in the latter part of February. In connection with the meeting an entertainment to take the usual form of a banquet, smokes, songs, etc., will be held.

It was decided to ask the Morley Cup League to leave one Saturday in February open on which the Soccer Association proposes to have a game played between the Old Country and Native Sons; the proceeds to go towards defraying expenses of the association.

At the annual meeting the Okell and McConnell cups, emblematic of the senior and intermediate city championships, will be presented by the Garrison and West teams. The managers of those teams, Sergt. Baines and J. Youson, were heartily congratulated by the association upon their successful work, and President Manson delivered a short address, in which he commented upon the sportsmanlike manner in which the two successful teams had conducted themselves throughout the season.

S. O. E. Team.

The Sons of England team, to play the Foresires at the Royal Athletic park tomorrow afternoon, as follows: Goal, Loveridge; backs, Hedges, Hymer and Perry; halves, C. Martin, Greenhalgh (capt.) and Waring; forwards, Alcock, Thomas, Douglas, Maxwell and Wedgewood.

LOCAL LADIES VS. NORMAL.

Grass Hockey Team From Victoria Plays in Vancouver To-morrow.

The Victoria ladies grass hockey team journeys across to Vancouver today to take on the Normal School in a game at Brockton Point to-morrow. The following is the personnel of the local team: Goal, Miss Robertson;

backs, Misses Summerville and Christopher; halves, Misses Stagg, McGerry, and Weiler; forwards, Misses Valo, Grant, Briggs, Fisher and Attwood.

## INAUGURATE AMATEUR ISLAND FOOTBALL

Two Games To-morrow, One of Which Will Undoubtedly Be Hard Fought.

The inauguration of the Morley Cup soccer series for the amateur island championship takes place to-morrow two games being billed. The Wests and Y. M. C. A. play at the North Ward park and the Garrison and J. B. A. on the former's grounds.

The former game will undoubtedly be a hard-fought struggle. The Garrison are city champions and as such claim to be the strongest amateur eleven in this part of the country, while the Bays, although they did not get a place in the city league, showed their strength all through the series. With regard to the other game no prediction can be made. It remains to be seen whether the Y. M. C. A. players are fast enough to give the Wests a game.

The Garrison team follows: Goal, Beagley; backs, Elton, Jones; halves, Vincent, Wyke; Brown; forwards, Ward, Greatorex, Gale, Stevens, Buxton.

The West team: Goal, Robertson; backs, Prevost and Stewart; halves, Okell, Petticrew and Warnicker; forwards, Sherritt, F. Youson, J. Peden, Carmichael and H. Brown; reserves, Sedger.

### COLD IN EAST.

Montreal, Jan. 26.—This city is again in the grip of Jack Frost. The thermometer was ten below this morning. Township reports say record low temperatures were registered this morning. Smith's Falls reports 48 below. Fitch Bay 43 below, and Magog 38 below.

### MOTOR CAR TAX PROPOSED.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—A motion was passed by the York county council yesterday calling on the Ontario government to tax all motor cars using the country roads.

Billy Delaney, the famous trainer of champion pugilists, died Wednesday at his home, 136 Broadway, in Oakland, Cal. He had been ill for several months and his death was not unexpected. While on a visit to the east last year he contracted a severe cold which finally developed into a complete breakdown.

## BURNS CONCERT WAS BIG SUCCESS

### VICTORIA THEATRE CROWDED FOR EVENT

An Excellent Programme Was Enthusiastically Applauded—Songs of Auld Scotia.

Scotch folks and their friends taxed the capacity of the Victoria theatre last night to hear the twenty-fourth Burns Concert under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church choir, under their veteran conductor, J. G. Brown. Twenty-four years without a break is indeed a record, and the crowded theatre testified to Mr. Brown's popularity.

The programme from the rise of the curtain to the end was one of excellence, every number being of exceptional merit.

The choir presented a fine sight, the robes being dressed in white with a tartan sash over the left shoulder, while the men all wore a tartan bow on their coats.

The opening number, "O, Canada," indicated that although far from the home of their birth, the Scots are true to the country of their adoption.

Piper Norman McDonald is certainly

brought applause from the different clans all over the theatre.

Mr. Dobie's Scotch comic song, "Mrs. Burns Was Born" and was in splendid voice, responding with "Caller Herrin."

R. Morrison's rendition of the beautiful love lyric of Burns was a splendid exhibition of vocalization, coupled with a wealth of feeling and expression rarely heard in this city. The song has a range of two octaves and tries the best of voices.

W. M. Allan, who has been in retirement for some time, made a welcome re-appearance, and to judge from the splendid reception given him, he is still as great a favorite as ever. Mr. Allan is in a class all his own when it comes to Scotch recitations, and last night's numbers were no exception from the rule.

His "Schubertian Extravaganza" was not bad, either, and "Getting Photographed" was equally enjoyable.

In these concerts there is usually an artist whose work is rarely mentioned, and yet without whose assistance, both in preparation and performance, little could be accomplished. The First Presbyterian church choir and Mr. Brown are fortunate in having the assistance of one of the best accompanists in the city, and upon many occasions has filled this part so successfully, and who last night performed her work in a most painstaking and accomplished manner, the instrument being made to give just the required support. Mrs. Hall deserves great credit for her work, and by so saying nothing is taken away from the credit due to the conductor, Mr. Brown, who every move of the baton brought out the quantity of tone required.

If the concert last night is to be Mr. Brown's last, it will remain a fitting close to a splendid line of similar successes.

The programme concluded with the part song, "The Devil's Awa' Wi, The Ex-iseman," followed by Auld Lang Syne and God Save the King. Mention must be made of the male quartette composed of G. H. Redman, P. McKechnie, R. Chapman and G. Brown, which furnished a unique and quantity of tone required.

Mrs. Downard made her debut at these concerts and at once became a favorite with the audience, her rendering of "The Scottish Blue Bells" receiving a well merited encore, to which she responded with "Ohone for Somebody."

Miss Eugenie Fox was in splendid form in her recitation, "The Charge of Dargai." In this line Miss Fox is an artist of commanding presence and manner, in which she told how other regiments had tried to take the Heights of Dargai and failed, until it was left to the "Gay Gordons" to accomplish the hard task which they did, arousing enthusiasm. In response to a persistent encore, Miss Fox gave a short recitation on "Woman."

Mrs. H. C. Briggs, one of Victoria's leading vocalists, sang with great sweet ness the song "Within a Mile," her voice filling every part of the theatre.

Mrs. Briggs richly deserved the encore given her.

McGregor's "Gathering," always a favorite, was well sung by Peter Gordon. He responded with "There Was a Lad."

Miss Gracie Robertson's dancing of the Sword Dance and Highland Fling was excellent. Her dancing is responsible for all the medals she wears. It is not often one hears a lady pipers, but in this line Mrs. Brown did not do badly.

The appearance of J. G. Brown was the signal for a tremendous burst of applause.

He sang by request, in his usual infinite manner, "The Laird o' Cockpen," depicting the laird to perfection. In response to an enthusiastic encore he responded with "We're a Scotch Nation," during the singing of which frequent applause was given. The gem of the evening was the singing by the choir of a four-part arrangement of "Annie Laurie," the vocalization and phrasing in this number

being perfect and the choir under complete control of the conductor. This number was vociferously encored and had to be repeated.

J. Dobie's Scotch comic song, "Mrs. Jean McFarlane," elicited round after round of laughter during the singing and received a well deserved encore at the close. Mr. Dobie's costume was the envy of all the audience.

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In these concerts there is usually an artist whose work is rarely mentioned, and yet without whose assistance, both in preparation and performance, little could be accomplished. The First Presbyterian church choir and Mr. Brown are fortunate in having the assistance of one of the best accompanists in the city, and upon many occasions has filled this part so successfully, and who last night performed her work in a most painstaking and accomplished manner, the instrument being made to give just the required support.

Mrs. Hall deserves great credit for her work, and by so saying nothing is taken away from the credit due to the conductor, Mr. Brown, who every move of the baton brought out the quantity of tone required.

If the concert last night is to be Mr. Brown's last, it will remain a fitting close to a splendid line of similar successes.

The programme concluded with the part song, "The Devil's Awa' Wi, The Ex-iseman," followed by Auld Lang Syne and God Save the King. Mention must be made of the male quartette composed of G. H. Redman, P. McKechnie, R. Chapman and G. Brown, which furnished a unique and quantity of tone required.

Mrs. Downard made her debut at these concerts and at once became a favorite with the audience, her rendering of "The Scottish Blue Bells" receiving a well merited encore, to which she responded with "Ohone for Somebody."

Miss Eugenie Fox was in splendid form in her recitation, "The Charge of Dargai." In this line Miss Fox is an artist of commanding presence and manner, in which she told how other regiments had tried to take the Heights of Dargai and failed, until it was left to the "Gay Gordons" to accomplish the hard task which they did, arousing enthusiasm. In response to a persistent encore, Miss Fox gave a short recitation on "Woman."

Mrs. H. C. Briggs, one of Victoria's leading vocalists, sang with great sweet ness the song "Within a Mile," her voice filling every part of the theatre.

Mrs. Briggs richly deserved the encore given her.

McGregor's "Gathering," always a favorite, was well sung by Peter Gordon. He responded with "There Was a Lad."

Miss Gracie Robertson's dancing of the Sword Dance and Highland Fling was excellent. Her dancing is responsible for all the medals she wears. It is not often one hears a lady pipers, but in this line Mrs. Brown did not do badly.

The appearance of J. G. Brown was the signal for a tremendous burst of applause.

He sang by request, in his usual infinite manner, "The Laird o' Cockpen," depicting the laird to perfection. In response to an enthusiastic encore he responded with "We're a Scotch Nation," during the singing of which frequent applause was given. The gem of the evening was the singing by the choir of a four-part arrangement of "Annie Laurie," the vocalization and phrasing in this number

being perfect and the choir under complete control of the conductor. This number was vociferously encored and had to be repeated.

J. Dobie's Scotch comic song, "Mrs. Jean McFarlane," elicited round after round of laughter during the singing and received a well deserved encore at the close. Mr. Dobie's costume was the envy of all the audience.

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PECCINT'S GRAND OPERA.

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den West**

(In English).

Company's Own Orchestra of 50.  
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ored, self and fancy trimmed, satin  
lined throughout. Regular \$35.00.  
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heavy weight, self trimmed, two but-  
tons at back. A good fitting garment.  
Regular \$10. Now ..... \$6.75

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### SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Fred L. Kling is at the Empress.

R. Vaughan, of Port Alberni, is at  
the Empress.

Captain W. Stewart, of Eburne, is at  
the Dominion.

F. R. Weavy, of Seattle, is registered  
at the Dominion.

Major Dier, of Ladysmith, is a  
guest at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, of Portland,  
are guests at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Sibbard, of Lady-  
smith, are at the Dominion.

James Bayfield, superintendent of  
dredging, is at the Empress.

J. Armstrong and J. Watson, Van-  
couver, are at the Dominion.

R. Shanks and J. Gillis, of Seattle,  
are staying at the Dominion.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Fox, of Cowichan,  
are registered at the Empress.

G. S. Cleland and E. Cleveland are  
among the Vancouverites at the Em-  
press.

J. B. Charnell, of Spokane, left by  
yesterday afternoon's boat for Van-  
couver.

Captain T. H. Worsner, of Van-  
couver, is in the city. He is staying at the  
Empress.

J. L. Lawson, E. S. Vanderhoop and  
C. McLean, of Vancouver, are guests at  
the Empress.

Ralph Smith, ex-M.P., now a resi-  
dent of Vancouver, came over from the  
Mainland yesterday.

J. A. McCallum, mayor of Grand  
Forks, who has been spending the last  
few days in the city, has left for the  
interior.

F. R. Glover, of the I.C.C. Electric

RAILWAY COMPANY, came over from  
Vancouver yesterday and is a guest at  
the Empress.

The marriage of Miss Florence L.  
Butler, eldest daughter of Mr. M. J.  
Butler, general manager of the Do-  
minion Steel Corporation, to Mr. R. H.  
Dare of Montreal, took place just week  
at Sydney, N. S.

Mrs. Gordon Hunter has returned  
to this city after spending a week with  
Mrs. Dockrell, Shaughnessy Heights,  
Vancouver. Chief Justice Hunter is  
expected back the end of this week.

The following are registered at the  
Prince George: W. E. Chapman  
Prince Rupert; James A. Owen, Mr.  
and Mrs. Crawford, John Watson,  
Vancouver; K. Tremonet, New York  
city; E. H. Morris, Vancouver; J. E.  
Larsson, city; J. B. Davies, Nanaimo;  
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## FERTILE LAND OF THE NEW NORTH

INTERESTING ARTICLE  
BY MISS CAMERON

Flowers Bloom on the Slave River—Wheat in Peace River-Country.

The following interesting article, "Our Lady of the Sunshine," dealing with Canada's fertile northland, from the pen of Agnes Dean Cameron, of her city, appears in a recent issue of "Canada":

Canada, like the widow's cruse of oil, seems to grow with the using. One supposes there is an ultimate frontier somewhere between wheatfields and arctic ice; but where shall we find it? The oft-geographers fixed the frontier at the international boundary. Then it was supposed to be at Winnipeg. For years Edmonton was the "last house," and Edmonton is 800 miles northwest of Winnipeg. And yet 400 miles north of Edmonton I have seen good wheat growing and milled.

The northern limit of the railroad in Prairie Canada to-day is Edmonton, on the Saskatchewan. Edmonton seems far north to the people of London, but it is actually in equal latitude with the docks of Liverpool and the cotton mills of Manchester. And what of the land north of Edmonton, that great hinterland between the present railways and the edge of the Arctic? Is there a Siberia beyond the Saskatchewan? Or may we hope for arable acres along the Athabasca?

It was to answer this question that, three years ago, I followed the mighty Mackenzie to the Pacific Ocean, returning to civilization by way of the Peace River and the Lesser Slave. The journey occupied six months, and in the time I covered 16,000 miles, most of it by primitive modes of transportation. It is a great privilege to be able thus to see an edge of the empire in process of making, to gaze upon the raw edges of the work.

Leaving the railroad at Edmonton, a hundred miles by horse brings us to the Athabasca river. We floated down the Athabasca for ten days in open scows or "sturgeon-heads," reaching Fort McMurray, in latitude 56 deg. 40 min., on June 4. Here we found Miss Christine Gordon, a sweet-faced Scottish woman, a fur trader in her own right, the only white woman living along a stretch of 300 miles of the Athabasca river.

A Pleasant Land.

Pressing northward and revelling in the flowers of Fort Smith, on the Slave river, we can scarcely realize that we are 60 deg. north—the northern boundary of the province of Alberta—and in the same latitude as St. Petersburg. It is a pleasant land. We gather—as treasure-trove pretty painted-cups, corsepeps, dandelions in seed, shin-leaf (*Pyrola elliptica*), the pink anemone, great bunches of golden-rod, hare-bells of wonderful blue, ladies' tresses, our old friend yarrow, and that dear delight of lower latitudes, the pink lady-slipper.

Hay River is a tributary to Great Slave lake, and putting into this point in broad daylight on the midnight of July 9, it is to find the garden of the Church of England mission a perfect picture to behold. Here are matured lettuces, radishes almost ready to eat, potatoes well advanced, peas and beans a foot high, and splendid-looking turnips and cabbages.

In latitude 63 deg. north, at the inconspicuous post of Fort Wrigley, on the Mackenzie, on July 11, we found the fringed gentian. Up here it grows amid purple asters, wild flax, both pink-and-purple columbines, and the green-pencilled flowers of the grass of Par-

nassus.

On July 12 we floated into Fort Norman, two degrees nearer the north pole, where the Bear river disengages from Great Bear lake into the broad-bottomed Mackenzie. Norman was a riot of bloom, with the giant willow-herb shoulder-high and the perfume of wild roses everywhere.

Where Sir John Franklin partied from Richardson, at Point Separation, over seventy miles north of the Arctic Circle, vegetation was still rank and luxuriant, tree-growth continuing to the very lip of the Arctic ocean. Wild flax and goldenrod flourished side by side, and set in strange juxtaposition were wild roses and tame Eskimos.

Turning south, we retrace by lake and river our way to Lake Athabasca, and there break away from the Mackenzie river—propose to follow westward, against the current, the fascinating course of the Peace. We were six weeks on the Peace river in an open boat. Whatever may be the future of the Mackenzie River district, there is no shadow of doubt regarding the Peace River country. With the coming of the railway, this bush valley will support a vast agricultural population.

Vermilion-on-the-Peace is full of charm. Here the Hudson's Bay Company grows grain, grinds flour, and trades in furs, and Indians in spring buy guns and traps, paying for them when autumn comes with wheat of their own raising. Cereal crops sown in May are gathered in August; wheat matures in ninety days from seed-sowing to seed-gathering.

The menu of one dinner which we ate under the hospitable roof-tree of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, of the Hudson's Bay Company, demonstrates how independent the Vermilion rancher is of the world of him. We had ham and beef raised on the premises, bread made from flour grown and ground on this ranch, with potatoes, turnips, carrots, parsnips, cucumbers, squash, and celery, all home-grown. The butter was made by Mrs. Wilson, and the salt which salted it came from a natural deposit near Fort Smith, on Slave river. The four component parts of the pie we ate—flour, lard, butter,

and fruit—were all products of this inland Utopia.

Vermilion Wheat.

One turns over the heads of Vermilion wheat and dreams greatly. They average four, five, and six grains to the fascicle; the wheat of England and Scotland runs from two to four grains to the fascicle. What do we read in this? Not only did Nature intend the Peace river for a wheat-growing country, but the heat, moisture, and eighteen hours of fervid sunshine in the summer combine to make of this the ideal wheat-growing range of the continent.

The whole section of North America, extending from St. Paul, on the Mississippi, northwesterly, is marked by a northward curve of the summer isotherm. In mid-April the banks of the Peace River in latitude 56 deg. are white and mauve with flowering anemones. These harbingers of spring brighten the land around Hudson's Hope, Fort St. John, and Vermilion-on-the-Peace earlier than they appear hundreds of miles to the east and south. Spring opens in April, warms weather sets in, and the heat increases until mid-August. The month of September is a living glory; and if the winter is cold, it is not also salutary?

It was the Central Asian Plain in the past which produced all the world's grain and fruit and men of might. The valleys of the Athabasca and the Peace River are its western prototype. It is not my desire to picture the Peace River country as a field for immediate immigration. Policy would it be for the homesteader to push in here when his free farm of 160 acres is still to be had for the asking in the prairie land to the south, already served by railroads. The Peace River country is a glorious heritage for the English-speaking peoples of succeeding generations. Threading its pleasant valleys to-day, with the quickened ear of faith, one hears the footprint of a coming army, and in prophetic vision we glimpse the cities of new-born nations, masterful, free, and proud."

In emphasizing our wheat lands we are in danger of forgetting the other great gifts in Canada's Pandora-box. The fishing grounds of Canada, extending from the Bay of Fundy to the Strait of Belle Isle, on the Atlantic coast, and from the Fraser river to Prince Rupert, on the Pacific, with a quarter of a million square miles of fresh water in the interior, give us not only the most extensive, but the best-stocked and most valuable commercial fishing waters in the world. Our fishing production for last year amounted to £6,000,000; between the years 1873 and 1909 Canadian fishermen have drawn from sea and lake a shining wealth of £147,000,000.

SCOTSMEN HONOR  
MEMORY OF BURNS

Literary Society Banquet Attended by Many in James Bay Hotel Last Night.

The Scotsmen of the city drank to the immortal memory of Robert Burns last night, and they feasted in his honor. The toastmaster remarked that all over the world yesterday were Scotsmen celebrating the memory of Robert Burns. In Victoria the illustrious poet of Scotland was made to live again by admirers of his works assembled in the James Bay hotel, and although not great in number, in fact there were "foreigners" there, an Englishman and an Irishman who both proposed toasts; the night was far advanced before the men from the land of the heather and their friends had finished paying an annual tribute to the great poet's memory.

Who ever believes that Scotsmen are not humorous, that they lack the faculty of quickly discerning the point in a humorous story, is not acquainted with the type of Scot present at the Scottish Literary Society dinner last night. The after dinner speeches were indeed remarkable for the abundance of wit—but seventy per cent of it commenced with "Ha, Mon," which to one not of Scottish birth is humorous in itself.

The speakers were David Donald, M.D., toastmaster, who proposed the King; Capt. C. F. de Salis, who proposed Scotland, a toast that was replied to by J. Welsh, who was introduced as the newest importation into Victoria. Mr. Sheridan-Bickens proposed the Scottish Literary Society, and a response was heard from F. D. Todd.

Dr. Donald, who proposed the toast of the King, also gave "The Immortal Memory of Robert Burns." His double duty was occasioned by the sudden illness yesterday afternoon of E. B. Paul, M. A., whose name appeared on the programme. Dr. Donald read a telegram from Norman H. Nesbitt, sent yesterday from Minneapolis, in which the president of the society wished the banqueters to know of his regret at his own absence. The president's health was added to the toast list.

The toastmaster spoke of the versatility of the poet, of his diversified work in his different moods, while Mr. Todd remarked that Burns was the faculty of discerning coming events and putting them into verse. He described Burns as the poet of democracy, who saw in his day the events now taking place in the world. Capt. de Salis paid a great tribute to Scotsmen, having travelled over the world and found them always the same everywhere. Returning the compliment, Mr. Welsh remarked that he was but three weeks from Scotland, and while at first he knew no one, he now knows many. And these quite apart from real estate men. Mr. Todd vouches for the statement that Punch's famous answer to those about to marry also came from Scotland. He said it was written by Dr. Alexander and sent to Punch. The proprietors of the paper returned five guineas for it, and said the speaker, England's famous joke came from Scotland and Scotland was five guineas ahead.

The toast of "The Guests" was given by Hugh Davis and responded to by Rev. E. G. Miller, and the secretary

of the society, J. F. Wilson proposed "Our Adopted Country." Dr. Eric Perkins accompanied A. G. Annan in a song, "There Was a Lad Born in Kye," and the national anthem and Auld Lang Syne completed the proceedings.

The chairman invited those who could qualify for membership in the Scottish Literary Society, and who desired to do so, to communicate with the secretary or the other officers.

## WOMEN WILL COMBAT THE CIGARETTE EVIL

W. C. T. U. Will Present Petition Regarding the Weed—Rev. Henderson Talks.

About sixty people were present yesterday afternoon for the first of the 1912 meetings of the W.C.T.U., which took place at the residence of Mrs. Teague, Yates street. The president, Mrs. Williscroft, occupied the chair.

The feature of the afternoon was the address given by the Rev. Mr. Henderson on the evils of cigarette smoking. The speaker said that the influence of the mother on the life of the child was too often overlooked, and pointed out in what a number of ways this was shown. He called attention to the value of the child to the nation, saying that the children were of supreme value in all that concerned the race, and that the child of to-day, who would be the man of the future, was the hope of the nations. The saving of the man was as nothing to the saving of the child. Rev. Mr. Henderson spoke of the absolute waste which took place when parents did not start right with their children. "Children start off in life just about equal," said the speaker, "and if the proper influences are brought to bear the best that is in the nature of the child will be developed rather than the other side." Emphasis was again made of the fact that the mother has the most

to do with the child life, and consequently with the human race. Her influence cannot be overestimated. Rev. Mr. Henderson went on to speak of the parents and their lack of appreciation of what their children brought to them, and of the development which followed to their own natures through the avenues of thought and suggestion.

"Parenthood," he said, "is the climax of humanity." The speaker deplored the prevalence of the habit among young boys, and described some of the evils which followed the practice of the habit. He praised the work which is being done by the W.C.T.U., who have steadfastly upheld all that stood for sobriety, purity, and all that is good.

At the conclusion of Rev. Mr. Henderson's address a resolution was passed by those present to submit a petition asking that the law regarding the sale of cigarettes and tobacco to minors should be more rigidly enforced. A committee was appointed to look into the matter to learn if something cannot be done to remove the practice, and also to enquire into the possibilities of having the matter taken up as a branch of education in the schools as it is at present in various parts of the United States where the evil of the practice is pointed out to the children by their teachers. The convenor of the committee is Mrs. F. Andrews, the other members being Mrs. Gregson, Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Dickson.

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Unlike warships on water, airships can change their armament to suit the kind of attack intended and the distances they must travel to reach the enemy, the kind and weight of their armament depending on the general condition of the weather. If the Schwaben were ordered to attack London it would, to conserve its endurance, probably be equipped with only one hundred and fifty rounds of artillery ammunition besides the two big machine guns and their ammunition, and at the same time retain eight light machine rifles for emergency. Then it would not carry a bomb.

A delightful programme of songs was rendered by Mrs. Jessie Longfield, who sang "Sunshine and Rain," and Miss Dilworth, who gave "Hold Thy Hand." Mrs. Williscroft was appointed official delegate from the Victoria branch of the W.C.T.U. to the Local Option convention, which opens at Vancouver on February 1. The monthly meetings of the society it was decided to hold in the Political Equality League rooms, 647 Fort street, in future. At the conclusion of the meeting,

## TELEPHONES WILL REMAIN PRIVATE

### GOVERNMENT OWNED SYSTEM HARD PROBLEM

So Premier McBride Tells Farmers' Institute This Morning—Refers to Ottawa.

During the course of discussion of the various resolutions placed before the Farmers' Institute this morning, the Hon. Richard McBride entered, and after a few introductory remarks by the chairman, W. E. Scott, gave a short talk to the delegates.

"I think," said the honorable gentleman, "that this is either the ninth or tenth gathering of the kind that I have been permitted to address in the Capital City during annual convention, and it is not at all difficult for me, when Mr. Scott refers so clearly to certain statistics to note at once with what substantial progress your association has gone along. It is true the government has given some considerable assistance toward the furtherance of your efforts, and that this has been well recognized by those of you who are interested in the work, goes without saying. The presence here to-day of so many farmers makes it patent to us all with what interest you have followed the work of the Farmers' Institutes in the country. Mr. Scott, like myself, I am sure, fully understands with what inconvenience and loss of time many of you come here. It must be at a tremendous sacrifice to many of you to leave your homes and to arrange to spend so much time in the capital city on a mission of this sort."

"I followed with interest what transpired at your meeting yesterday," said the Premier, "and was especially interested in what took place with regard to the question of the public telephones. This is by no means a theme that is new to us in this country. So far as the provincial government is concerned we have been pressed by various representative bodies in the interior of the province to undertake the construction and operation of government telephones. I look upon the situation in this light; that considering the size and the configuration of the province of British Columbia, it would be very difficult indeed to carry out a policy, for if the government goes into the telephone question it must be prepared to equip the whole country with an adequate telephone system. You must know that the Dominion government has already taken steps toward the installation of telephones in the Kootenays, the Okanagan district, along certain of the coast districts, and

on the Island as well. There are complaints that the Dominion-owned system is not complete, and we have been asked to represent to the ministry at Ottawa that there is necessity for improvement at once. This I propose to do."

"I pass from this question not with any wish; however, to leave the impression with you that the provincial government is determined to turn its back on the matter, but rather with the intent that you should understand that as things are at present in the province of British Columbia, the government sees many difficulties in the way of having government ownership of the telephone. We all know that the telephone to-day is practically a necessity. I suppose that presently a delegation will wait upon me to inform me that you have discussed the question at this convention, and to tell me what resolution you have passed on the subject. We may not see eye to eye with you, but surely because we may not be prepared to take all the way with you, we hope that you will not feel that it is in any way a reflection on the deliberations of your convention which we recognize as being a most important factor in bringing in all sorts of useful legislation in the province. Many of the legislative acts of the past emanated from the deliberations of your body."

"I should like to congratulate you all on the wonderful progress that agriculture generally is making in the province," concluded the Premier, "although we recognize that there is still much to be done. Unquestionably you are leaving nothing undone to make your work as complete as possible. The government recognizes that the province is as yet only in its infancy, and that agriculture is just about making a fair start. There is a great deal to be done by both the provincial and federal governments, and as the months roll by I feel sure that no effort will be spared by either department to give you all the help that the Institute deserves."

A vote of thanks to the Premier for his kindness in consenting to address the meeting was followed by a resumption of the morning's business.

W. H. Hayward, M.P.

Another important speaker during the morning was Mr. W. H. Hayward of Cowichan, who spoke in support of co-operation among farmers, and instanced the notable success which had followed the adoption of the system in his district, where prices had steadily advanced and ready markets were always to be found for the farmers' products. "The Creamery in Cowichan has been in operation for several years," said the speaker, "and it is largely owing to the co-operation of the farmers in our district that this has been so successful. Co-operation is the chief thing which is going to bring agricultural pursuits to a better state." The spirit of emulation had, he said, resulted perhaps in petty jealousies, but in a larger sense it had been productive of much that was good. He had heard it said that if the farmers would join together they would rule the world, but he had experienced that it was a very hard

thing to get the farmers to do this. Wherever you have a co-operative feeling, I think you will find that you not only increase the quality of your product, but also enormously increase the quantity," said the speaker, "and the value of all commodities, wherever you have a co-operative society, is increased enormously. Years ago I used to take my produce to the purchaser and take what he would give me for it; to-day I simply take my product to the grocer and he takes what I ask for it rather than what he chooses to do to it."

Referring to the progress that had been made since the Cowichan Creamery was brought into working order, Mr. Hayward said that in 1907 the highest price he ever got for eggs was 18 cents a dozen, but that since the creamery had started the least he had ever received for his eggs was 27 cents a dozen.

In conclusion the speaker said he would be delighted to give any assistance that lay in his power, either in the way of suggestion or by any other means, to the delegates from the various institutes.

Of the several resolutions dealt with No. 22, which had referred to the loaning of money to farmers was by far the most important.

The wording of the resolution was to the effect that owing to the exceptional conditions existing in the province, which, by reason of its general physical conformation, the heavy growth of timber, the widely scattered areas of arable and cultivated lands and other peculiarities, render the development of agriculture in British Columbia unusually slow and unduly expensive as compared with the rate of development in other provinces, and by reason of modern and improved methods of agriculture and the high prices of materials and appliances used by the farmer, greatly increased facilities and much larger capital are necessary to successful farming operations than formerly.

Therefore, in the opinion of the institute, the present economic conditions should have the immediate and serious consideration of both the provincial and federal governments, so that some comprehensive financial policy of betterment might be evolved placing agriculture on a basis of equality with that of other businesses. In respect to opportunity and that it have the consideration attached to it that has been given to the subject of forestry. The resolution further stipulated that a committee of members of the Institute should be appointed by the chair to present the resolution to the House, the Premier, and the Minister of Finance and Agriculture, urging upon them the importance of its recommendations. This resolution was passed as were several others.

REYES MAY GO TO JAIL.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 26.—General Reyes will not be shot for inciting a rebellion against the Mexican government. That opinion is expressed by President Madero in a statement made to the San Antonio Express. Instead, President Madero thinks General Reyes would probably get a sentence of from six to eight years in prison.

## IN WOUCHANG WHEN TROUBLE STARTED

### ORDER SHANGHAI SILK AGENT FROM INTERIOR

Ambrogio Riva Arrives on Mexico Maru—China Not Ready for Republic, He Says.

Ambrogio Riva, a gentleman who has travelled rather extensively in China, being the agent of three of the largest mills in Shanghai, and who was at Wu Chang when the great revolution broke out, arrived in this city this morning on the Osaka Shoson Kaisha liner, Chicago Maru, from the Orient to spend a short time here. Mr. Riva gives an interesting account of his last trip through China, which was brought to rather an abrupt termination by the various consuls at Hankow ordering all foreigners to hasten to the coast when the first signs of the revolution were detected.

Mr. Riva has been in Shanghai for over five years, during which time he has been interested in the silk business. It has been his opportunity on many occasions to make trips into the interior of the Flower Kingdom, and on his last excursion he left the Chinese port on July 29 as a member of an Italian touring party. He first stopped at Tsing Tan, a German port, and from there went on to Chee Foo, which is famous for its laces and silks. The party proceeded on to Tien Tsin and Pekin and it was not until they visited Hankow that any signs of the revolution were seen, although there was a general unrest in the other parts.

In company with the other members of the party Mr. Riva was in Wu Chang, which is across the Yangtze river from Hankow, when the rebels started the trouble. They seized the house of the Tahoti, who was a Manchu, and riots were started in most of the streets. The rebels were just beginning to become desperate when the consuls ordered all foreigners to proceed to the coast at once. As a result Mr. Riva took a houseboat and came down the river.

Speaking of the revolution, Mr. Riva said: "There is no doubt but that the rebels will win. The stand taken by the revolutionists in regard to the establishment of a republic, however, is not considered altogether wise. After having an autocratic monarchy for over 600 years, to cry so suddenly for a republic might result in a civil war. China is not yet prepared for a republic. They don't know what a republic means, outside of the fact that they believe that they will all secure good jobs."

In regard to the silk output Mr. Riva

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#### ALLEGED EMBEZZLER.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 26.—John McPherson, cashier of the Singer Sewing Machine agency in Sydney, Australia, is being held in the Alameda county jail by the federal authorities pending the arrival of officers from Australia, with a warrant charging the embezzlement of \$25,000 from the firm. The fugitive was arrested on his arrival here on a freight steamer on which he worked his passage under an assumed name.

says that each year Shanghai exports about 70,000 bales valued at over \$25,000,000. There are now 32 mills in the Chinese port and about six or seven scattered about the outside of the town.

In recent years up-to-date machinery has been installed in the mills and as a result a much finer grade of silk is being obtained. About 300,000 women are engaged in spinning the silk at these different mills.

Mr. Riva while in this city will stop

at the Dominion hotel. Leaving here he will go to Vancouver and later to Seattle and Tacoma before crossing the continent to New York. He intends to return to the Orient by way of Siberia.

Ad Wolgast wants to fight middleweights. He believes he can clean up the pretenders in that division, and already is making plans to do a whirlwind stunt.

# Saturday the Last Day

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**MEN'S STRONG WORKING SHIRTS** worth 75¢ and \$1.00. Sale price . . . . . 50¢

35c and 50c Four-in-Hand Ties . . . . . 15¢

50c President Suspenders, now . . . . . 25¢

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**Men!**

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READ

Men! It behoves you to be here to-morrow  
READ

LAST Call Day

Victoria Bargain Clothing House  
1419-1421 Douglas Street

LAST Call Day

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## OPOSITION IN FIGHTING TRIM

### GOVERNMENT POLICY ONE OF MASTERLY INACTION

Reciprocity Not Dead, But Is  
Still An Issue in Politics.

H. F. G. writes to the Toronto Star from Ottawa as follows:

Who said "trimmed to a finish"? Imagine the roar that would go up if No. 89 if anybody made that remark about the result of last September. The Liberal party in the House of Commons was never in better fighting shape. If it can't fit its weight in wild cats if it has anything to fight about.

Just there is the rub. What are they going to fight about? A government afraid of its job finds its best plan a campaign of masterly inaction. Premier Borden is like that rheumatic old gentleman in Roman history—Fabius Maximus his real name was—who won most of his victories by dodging battles. They called him the Delayer, but as a delayer the present government has anything in ancient or modern times beaten a mile. Tariff goes over to next session. Navy goes over to next session. Ne Temere goes over to next session if Lancaster can be kept chloroformed. Everything goes over that can go over. Borden may be the nominal leader, but the leader they rely on most is General Postponement.

Wanted: a Casus Belli.

It is quite plain that the government is not going to supply the Liberal party with fighting issues. The government's evident intention is to keep issues from them as much as possible. The government will carry on most of the business policies the Liberals left behind them, for that is common sense and good politics. They may not be so keen about some things as the Liberals were, but that is only natural. You don't expect the widowed who has married a widow to feel the same toward her as he did toward the first wife of his heart. The government does its duty fairly well by these second-hand policies when it takes them up, looks them over, and decides to go on with them in a modified way. Take the Hudson's Bay Railway for example. The Minister of Railways desires to have fuller knowledge. When Mr. Cochrane gets his fuller knowledge and his own outfit of contractors the railway will probably go on.

Obviously the opposition must supply its own issues. There is small debate in this year's estimates—they are Liberal estimates. So that gun is siuked. The government is disposed to do nothing, and that makes it hard scratching for critics. The opposition may have all sorts of schemes to use its residuary knowledge of the working of the departments to trip the government up on this or that, to harry and pester and pin-prick, but what's needed, as Fred Pardee says, is something to yell about. If you had two choices as to what the Liberal party has to yell about you would probably say, no duty on agricultural implements find reciprocity in natural products with the United States. If you had only one guess you would say reciprocity.

The Western members are outspoken in their opinion that reciprocity is the thing to nail to the mast. The Ontario

members are beginning to think that way too. They take their cue from the awakened surprise and indignation of the electors in their own constituencies. When Conservative farmers come and tell the Liberal member that they voted against reciprocity and their own interests because they were sure that reciprocity would carry without their help, and they didn't want to kick their own party when it "was down," it begins to dawn upon him just how clever Clifford Sifton's Ontario tactics were. Every day goes to show that the old flag had no more to do with it than other things, chief of which was organization. Was it any wonder that the voice of the people got lost amongst so many false cries?

Sticking by the People.

"The people, God bless them," says one philosopher from the Essex peninsula. "Because they get it wrong twice to get it right once, is no reason why the Liberal party should go back on them. Reciprocity is one of the last things we ought to give up. It is part of the free trade gospel we had handed down to us from the fathers. It means cheap food for the people."

"Since the election," said another Ontario member, "the Ontario farmer has been exercising almost human intelligence. He has kept his eyes open and he has seen how much hogs went down and wheat went up, and I think if he had to do it again he would do it differently. Reciprocity is a better business proposition to-day than it was four months ago. If it were hard times to-morrow you couldn't keep it from carrying with a rush."

Then the yearning is for reciprocity. There is plenty of life in the reciprocity issue yet. So long as reciprocity is on the United States statute book it will be good fighting ground for the Liberals, and if the United States takes it back it will be good fighting ground still, for the Liberals can then point out, and keep pointing out, what a fine chance Canada lost.

A List of Because.

All sorts of Liberal reasons for making reciprocity the issue may be heard. Here are some of the "because," as picked up in No. 98 and the lobbies:

Because it is the biggest issue since confederation, big enough to wipe out race and creed cries and under the party on a fundamental of economic doctrine. Even Borden was in favor of reciprocity if only to head off the jingo imperialists. It is true Borden allowed his reciprocity pamphlet during the campaign; but that was but of manœuvring. His opinions did not change.

Because it is the best issue since confederation. A question with so many facts will always have a varied intellectual and human interest. It is the marrow of much debate, the material of many good speeches.

Because it takes the Liberal party back to the old, sound first principles from which they may have strayed while in office. Disburdened in compromises and conciliations, a party out of power ought to be able to make practice and profession work together.

A spacious idea like reciprocity is something one can be earnest about.

Because it will tend to amity with the United States, a consummation much wished by Great Britain, which country, whatever the flag-wavers may say, was keenly disappointed when reciprocity was defeated.

Because it gives more prestige since September last. The friendly cheerfulness of the United States newspapers and the United States press is largely illusory. Everything "Champ Clark" says must not be taken for a joke. That astute politician is playing for a vote, a vote that is not friendly to Great Britain or Canada. Uncle Sam could smile and smile as long as nothing occurred to disturb his dream that some day he would be heir to everything. But now it's different. He'll keep on smiling sure enough, but whenever he can give Canada a slap in the regular course of business watch him do it. See what

he did to the Nova Scotia fishermen the other day.

And Still More. Because the west furnishes new arguments for reciprocity every day. The western farmers who have wheat that is rotting in the fields and barley that they can't get out to a market know what reciprocity would have meant. As McNutt, of Saltcoats, says, the West is like a man starving with a bag of gold under his pillow. If the West had two or three bad crops in succession, reciprocity or something just as good would have to go through or the confederation would split. Old-timers will remember the Farmers' Union in Manitoba in the late eighties and its self-denying utterances among the general good of the country.

Because Borden may give it another name and do it if the Liberals don't get to it first. This is more than likely. With very little trouble the government could easily change our onion to their rose.

Because reciprocity is the only issue left. "Because there is nothing else to do and the Liberals have plenty of men to do it. The party in the House, though thinned, is full of first-class fighting men who only want something to fight about."

Because the government sits on a powder barrel. You can tell that by the way it fidgets. It can't get rid of the soreheads. They're as sullen and sizzling as a carboy of soda. It should be easy to throw a panic into them.

Figuring Out.

According to the more impetuous Liberals the great battle that will put Laurier in again should take place within two, at the most three, years. The government can hardly deny redistribution and an enlarged western representation longer than that. Meanwhile reciprocity sentiment should have grown, because the sequel of its defeat will have opened the country's eyes to its mistake.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will then be 72 or 73; not too old to lead to a victory, not to old to have some years left for ease, retirement, reflection, some writing perhaps, and a breathing space in which "to make his soul." Besides, what are 10 years and odd to a young heart? Look at Strathcona flying around the world at 92.

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# TARTUFFE

BY MOLIERE (JEAN BAPTISTE POQUELIN)

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A CLASSIC  
IN A PAGE

Four months it will be 342 years since this drama was acted for the first time in public. It had been written five years earlier, but so many important and powerful personages felt themselves hit by the sarcasm and ridicule that Moliere passed over the sins and follies of the day that they succeeded in keeping it from the stage till Louis XIV. gave his royal permission for its production.

It has held its high place ever since. Little Shakespeare's plays, it tempts the great actors of each new generation, and at the same time offers a play easily acted by the poorest of theatrical companies.

It is a play that is a moralist, the upholder of an ethical code, and a social instrument of uncommon courage for its time. Although he always aimed his satire at contemporaries and pointed his wit to certain personalities, he struck so truly at the errors, vices and vanities common to all humanity that his work remains as fresh as if it had been written to suit the circumstances of today.

**O**RION PERINELLE had won the consistency of his king by fighting consistently on the royal side during the wars of the Fronde. Naturally, when the issue fell out well for the side he had espoused, he gained the reputation of a man of great sense. None knew better than he merited this reputation for wisdom than Orion himself. The good gentleman plumed himself on his keen perception and his perfect judgment, and it was quite impossible for him to remain patient when he beheld friends and relatives running counter to the same and sensible courses that he marked out for them.

Perhaps Orion's name "naturally" by his simple and unquestioning belief in his powers of discernment. Mme. Pernelle, his mother, was equally generous in her estimate of her own powers of mind.

One day these two worldly wise ones found a paragon who combined within himself all the earthly virtues, with a few heavenly ones added. The paragon's name was Tartuffe. He was a florid paragon, with red ears and fat cheeks. He was ostentatiously threadbare, as if to illustrate his gentle and submissive explanation that he had lost a great estate through caring too little for riches and other vanities. He despised things of the flesh and ate enormous amounts only that he might keep up his strength for his duties. He had not a good word for anybody, because he was forced to admit reluctantly that everybody was guilty of sins.

"What a man!" cried Orion. "He is a man who—ah! a man—in short, a man I am quite another man since I became acquainted with him. Whoever follows his precepts lives in profound peace and all the rest of the world is drawn to him."

To increase his sudden affection for him, it was only necessary that there should be a little opposition to the excellent man. This was furnished promptly when Orion took Tartuffe into his own house. Orion's son, Damis; his daughter, Marianne, and his young and pretty second wife, Elmire, did not approve of the hungry and unwholesome critic who had been thus unscrupulously created a member of the family.

Mme. Pernelle and Orion took up arms at once, and soon, in the blindness of the conflict, it mattered little to them whose heads they struck, so long as the pride of Tartuffe remained sacred.

Tartuffe, deprecating gently, begged them not to quarrel about him and offered with a martyr-like smile of patient forgiveness to leave the hospitable refuge and wander forth again, an outcast and a beggar.

"So how wicked you are to that good man!" cried Madam Pernelle to the rebellious family. "You hate him because he tells you of your faults. Ah, it would be much better if everything in this place were managed according to his pious directions."

Inspired by Tartuffe's suggestions, which were derived from him but his sense of duty, Mme. Pernelle saw her son's household with suddenly opened eyes. She perceived that Elmire dressed like a princess and spent money wickedly. Damis, she discovered, was an immoral, unenlightened fool. Marianne was so dense that she did things secretly, which belied her outward actions and appearance.

"My son should make you all love him!" said he to the family. "All these receptions, these carriages always waiting at the gate, these crowds of lackeys—I am willing to believe that you may mean no harm, but this society, these halls, are all begotites of the evil—one—My son never acted more wisely than he took that good man into his family that he might redeem you. It is for your salvation he is here, and he reproves nothing except what deserves reproof. I don't think half as much of all as I did once, and I will be many a long day before you catch me in here again."

She bounded out in a temper somewhat unbecoming one who had such exalted sentiments, and boxed her son's ears for lingering a moment at the door.

Elmire and Damis appealed to Elmire's brother Cleante, who possessed much influence over Orion. Cleante went to his brother-in-law and spoke to him seriously. "Is it possible you can be so infatuated with such a man as to forget everything for him?" asked he. "You are crazy, brother, I do believe."

"If you had seen him when I first met him," replied Orion, "you would feel for him the same love I do. Having heard from his servant who was a son of his poverty, I made him a small present of money, but he immediately tried to return part of it. 'It is too much,' he said, 'too much by half. I do not deserve it.' And when I refused to take it back he went, before my eyes, to distribute it to the poor. At last Heaven moved me to take him into my house, and since then everything has been prospering here. He proves everything and takes extreme care of my honor. He accuses himself of sin for the slightest things imaginable. The other day he bluffed himself for having caught a flea and killing it with too much wrath."

"Are you taunting at me with such stuff?" asked Cleante. "This is folly."

"You will draw some heavy judgment on your head with such language as that!" responded Orgon indignantly.

Findung Cleante unshaken and determined to declare his opinion of Tartuffe, Orgon said "good morning" hastily, turned on his heel and vanished.

Tartuffe, who was made acquainted with all occurrences by the blindly trusting Orgon, sadly deplored Cleante's tendencies and hinted that he was a loose liver and a man with dangerous principles socially and politically.

Bit by bit he succeeded in closing the house to Orgon's friends. Bit by bit he managed to become his patron's only adviser and confidant. Among others whose ways of life filled the good Tartuffe with deep regret was Valere, who was engaged to Marianne. Until Tartuffe appeared on the scene, Orgon had loved Valere and looked forward with delight to the day when he could call him "son," but now, looking at him through Tartuffe's spectacles, he beheld in him a young man who was fast going on the road to ruin.

One day Orgon called Marianne into his study. "I have always found you of a sweet disposition," said he, "and Marianne, you have always been very dear to me."

Marianne, who had a deep and abiding affection for her father, despite the differences that had arisen constantly since Tartuffe's entrance into the household, thanked him with eyes that filled with tears as she looked at his simple, kind and generous face. "I have no dearer wish than to please you," said she.

"Hast spoken, my dear daughter," said Orgon. "Tell me, what do you say of our guest, Tartuffe?"

"Who?" asked Marianne, perplexed.

"You," said Orgon. "Be careful how you answer."

"Alas!" replied Marianne, unwilling to pain her father. "I will say anything you please of him."

"You speak wisely," said Orgon. "Then say that it would be happiness to you to see him, with my approbation, become your husband."

Marianne drew back with surprise. "I feel nothing of the kind, father," said she at last, recovering her wits. "You would not have me tell such a falsehood!"

"I wish it to be the truth," said Orgon, "and it is sufficient for you that I have decided it should be so." Aroused by the repugnance in Marianne's face, he continued sternly: "I intend to unite Tartuffe to my family. I am resolved that he should be your husband!"

In vain Marianne wailed and beseeched her father to keep faith with Valere. He left her angrily at last, vowing that the engagement with Tartuffe should be made without delay.

Valere hastened to the house when he heard the news and Marianne pledged him her unalterable love and promised that she would not consent to become Tartuffe's wife. Dorine, her maid, who had been in the household so long that she assumed the privilege of speaking as she pleased to all, advised them to do nothing to increase Orgon's obstacy.

"Aqueous in this marriage," said she to Marianne. "Then we will find ways to put off. Sometimes you will complain of illness. The next time you will put off the excuse that you have seen an evil omen. They cannot possibly make you his wife unless you say 'yes'." Mean-while Elmire had fled, and Damis, seeing him left alone to assert the truth, said furiously: "What! The flogged, meekness of this hypocrite will make you give the lie to me!"

"Hold your tongue!" shouted Orgon. "If you say one word more—"

"Brother! Do not forget yourself!" cried Tartuffe, falling to his knees. "I ask for forgiveness for him!"

"Oh, what goodness!" said Orgon, falling to his knees opposite Tartuffe and embracing him. "Quick, Damis! To me, and ask this admirable master cardon."

"Who? If?" remanded Damis. "Ask the forgiveness of the villain who has by his impostures—"

He was not permitted to finish. Orgon leaped to his feet crying for a cudgel and drove Damis out of the house, warning him not to set foot in it again.

"Let me go away, brother," said Tartuffe, when Orgon returned.

"I am going to speak strangely to him," said Elmire, addressing her husband. "For I must make him drop his mask. As I shall affect to return his love only to convince you, it is for you to stop the affair as soon as you are satisfied, and to spare your wife as soon as possible. That is your concern. You can act as soon as you like."

"I also am delighted," replied Tartuffe, jumping at a conclusion. "It is very sweet for me, madam, to find myself alone with you."

He seized her hands and pressed them. "All my seal comes from an anxiety for your good," he declared. "Allow me the cherished favor of—"

"Stop! You hurt my hand!" cried Elmire, stepping backward.

Tartuffe followed her. Entirely deceived by her manner and ignorant that her eyes showed agitation, was due to her effort to suppress her rising anger, he burst into a vehement declaration of love, never doubting that the beautiful woman before him had been won by his charms of face and figure.

"With me your reputation runs no risk," he concluded. "These court gallants on whom most women gaze are boastful. Men like me take such care of their reputations that it is a warrant to the woman who accepts our hearts."

Elmire had been to much bewildest and surprised to speak; but when he heard that good man had ended, she asked him what he would say if she were to tell her husband. Seizing her opportunity, she said: "I will keep the secret from my husband only on one condition—that you forgive me of belonging to one whom I abhor."

"Alas!" said Tartuffe. "I would rather die than be separated from you."

"Stop! You hurt my hand!" cried Elmire, stepping backward.

Tartuffe followed her. Entirely deceived by her manner and ignorant that her eyes showed agitation, was due to her effort to suppress her rising anger, he burst into a vehement declaration of love, never doubting that the beautiful woman before him had been won by his charms of face and figure.

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"Alas!" said Tartuffe. "I will be revenged on this fellow for his insolence. And now, is my father now?"

"What do I hear?" exclaimed Orgon, when he heard his son's accusation. "Oh, heaven! Is it possible?"

"Let him speak!" said Tartuffe, turning up his eyes. "Do you know what I am capable of doing? Do, you, brother, trust to the outward man and think me good because of what you see? Alas! I am a guilty, wicked, miserable sinner. You are toward my rascal of a son, and I can see that you are afraid to disown the



NO NOISE! THUNDERED ORION OUT OF THIS HOUSE AND WITHOUT CEREMONY!

heart at once. While he accused you, the monarch led him to betray himself. It was not long before we discovered that he is a notorious rascal concerning whom the King had already received ample information, but under another name. His life is one long list of dark deeds.

"His Majesty, abhorring his base dishonesty and ingratitude toward you, has added it to his other crimes, and he placed me under his orders only to see how far his insolent ingratitude would carry him and to oblige him to give you full satisfaction.

"He has ordered me to take away from him, before you, all the documents that he claims to have of you. He annuls by his sovereign will the terms of contract by which you gave him your property. He, moreover, forgives you this secret offense in which you were innocently involved by the flight of your friend. He has charged me to say that he does this to reward the seal that you once showed in maintaining his rights."

The family, so suddenly freed from the cloud of ruin and the terror of disgrace, could hardly credit their ears, or eyes.

As Tartuffe held up his hand and stopped his words, "Brother, forbear!" said he solemnly, "and do not descend to add to the weight that crushes the wretch. Leave him to his evil destiny. You would better hope that he will yet reform and that his heart may, by a happy change, become virtuous. And as for you, you must hasten to the King to thank him on your knees for his goodness and mercy toward you."

"Yes, you are right," said Orgon. "Let me acquit myself of this first duty, and then let us hasten the wedding of Marianne and Valere."

#### THE TEXAS RICE CROP.

**W**EBSTER, Tex., Dec. 23.—Rice threshing, which has been going on in the coast region of Texas for the last two months, now is finished. It is conservatively estimated that the rice yield in Texas this year is 2,000,000 sacks. A sack contains four bushels. The price a sack early in the season was \$2.75, but has dropped to \$2.50. The United States production of rice last year was insufficient to meet the home demand, and 1,800,000 sacks had to be imported. The Texas crop this season was unusually good. The yield upon some of the plantations ran from 15 to 20 sacks an acre. It is said that the average cost of production is a little more than \$1 a sack. This leaves a nice margin of profit, ranging from \$0 to \$60 an acre for the planter.

The Japanese are the most thrifty rice growers in Texas. There are several colonies of these Japanese planters in the Gulf coast region. One of the largest is at Webster. Another of these prosperous colonies is situated at Deepwater, about six miles from Webster. There are smaller colonies scattered along the coast north and south of here. These Japanese have made a good deal of money out of their rice crops this season. They give closer attention to the crop than the average American planter, and as a result they obtain twice the yield. Not only do they obtain a big yield, but the quality is better than the ordinary run of rice, and top prices are obtained for the product. Instead of planting several hundred or thousands of acres in rice, as is done in most of the American plantations, the Japanese planter confines his operations to a comparatively small tract of land. He cultivates every foot of this land in an intense manner and makes it yield the greatest possible return.

"The employment cannot well be otherwise than giddy," said Tartuffe, bending his head in deep humility, "when it comes from the power that sends me here."

"And do you remember?" interrupted Orgon wretchedly, "that it was my charitable hand that raised you from a state of misery?"

"Yes," replied Tartuffe, assuming a still greater expression of humility, "but the interest of my king is my first duty. The just obligation of this duty stifles all other claims in my heart. I would sacrifice it to my wife, relatives and myself gladly."

"Imposter!" cried Elmire.

"With what treacherous cunning he makes a cloak of all that men rever!" said Valere.

"If the seal that you speak of is so perfect," said Cleante, "how is that you do not show it till your friend and planter has surprised you—making love to his wife? How is that you inform against him only after he orders you from his house? I will not say that his gift to you of all his possessions should have prevented you from doing this; that you call your duty; but why, since you considered him as the criminal which you now treat him, did you consent to accept anything from him?"

Tartuffe did not reply to Cleante. Without losing his expression of humility and innocence, he turned to the officers and said gently, and as one who pities those against whom he must act:

"I must beg you, sir, to deliver me from all this noise and to proceed according to the orders you have received."

The officer, who had listened to the conversation with a more peculiar expression, and who had looked at Tartuffe from time to time with a mien that was far from admiring, now turned on him suddenly, as if he would like to kick him.

"I have indeed put off the discharge of my duty too long," said he harshly. "You are very right to remind me of it. In order to enable me to execute it," he stepped close to Tartuffe and laid an ungentle hand on his shoulders. "I will trouble you to follow me at once!"

"What!" exclaimed Tartuffe, while the rest looked on, bewildered. "Where shall I go with you?"

"To prison," said the officer, producing a sealed paper.

"What do you mean?" cried Tartuffe, turning pale, but essaying to cover his trepidation with bluster. "Prison for me? Pray, tell me why!"

"I have no account to render to you," answered the officer disdainfully. "You will go with me without further words."

Then he turned to Orgon and his family, who could not comprehend the sudden turn of affairs, and stood speechless.

"Pardon me for having alarmed you," said Orgon, bowing. "We are fortunate, sir, in living under a King who is an enemy to fraud, to corruption, to usury, to usurers."

"Ah!" said Cleante. "Now we see how he strengthens his pretensions to your service!"

"It is a casket that our unfortunate master has entrusted to my keeping when he fed me," said Orgon. "It contained a sum of money which he had brought for you. I will accompany you in your flight."

"To Tartuffe," said Orgon. "He discovered the baseness of us."

&lt;p

# Fort George And Water Transportation

(Victoria "Times.")

Workmen are now engaged at the Victoria Machinery Depot in removing the machinery from the two river steamers Operator and Conveyor of the Foley, Welch & Stewart fleet, and packing it for shipment inland to Tete Jaune Cache.

Capt. S. B. Johnson, superintendent of the steamship department of this concern, stated recently that the hulls would not be sent to the Upper Fraser in sections, but that new vessels would be constructed for the machinery.

Material is now being assembled at Tete Jaune Cache for the building of the sternwheelers, which will be a little larger than the two steamers now in port.

The construction work will be rushed with all speed in order that the craft may be able to commence operating as soon as the river is open for navigation in the spring. According to the arrangements made by Foley, Welch & Stewart, the new vessels will run from Tete Jaune Cache to Fort George, between which points the company has the contract for the laying of the steel for the G. T. P. Railway.

About six scows will be used to carry the freight, and if the trade warrants additional vessels the company will build them. The Upper Fraser similar to the Yukon, there being a down-river haul. The scows will be taken back from Fort George to Cache light; for if they were deeply laden it would be impossible to "make" headway against the current.

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## LONG DEBATE ON SOCIALISM

### REFERENDUM WILL BE TAKEN BY UNIONS

Labor Convention Adopts Substitute Resolution—Call for Natal Act

In order to avoid difficulty in the future, and even prevent any fear of disruption, the B. C. Federation of Labor yesterday afternoon and evening spent several hours discussing the problem of socialism, and whether it would be wise to endorse any political platform in the present state of the federation. To prevent the organization from becoming pledged to any definite policy without reference to the affiliated unions, a substitute resolution, asked only for reference back to them in a referendum motion was carried after a free and open discussion, with a trifling opposition from the floor.

Substitute Motion.

There were four resolutions dealing with the endorsement or otherwise of political action in connection with the federation. These were: resolution 83, declaring that the federation existed to build up the idea of industrial unionism in that province rather than be the training school of politics; resolution 84 from district six of the Western Federation of Miners, expressing their endorsement of the programme of the Socialist party; resolution 58 from the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters, Vancouver, regretting that craft unionism had failed to achieve the necessary results, and looking for the inauguration of the co-operative commonwealth as the only solution.

Resolution 59, calling on the executive that in view of the forthcoming provincial election they should consider ways and means to put working men in the field, and to call on the working classes to vote for municipal, provincial and federal working men candidates.

Mr. McEvoy, chairman of the resolutions committee, in moving that in place of the resolutions a substitute resolution should be carried, stated that the best interests of that body would be served by this course, through a policy of education rather than the policy of the club, and they must remember they could only move just as fast as the rank and file were ready to advance.

The resolution said: "Whereas the sense of this convention being in favor of independent political action, and whereas resolutions have been received urging the endorsement of the doctrine of socialism, therefore be it resolved that the question of the endorsement of the doctrine of socialism be submitted to specially summoned meetings of the affiliated unions, returns of the vote to be sent to the secretary-treasurer of the federation for compilation."

The committee did not desire to prolong the discussion, the mover continued. It was not a case of the committee refusing to come out in the open for it, the committee members had studied their political judgment,

they would have recommended the endorsement of the Socialist party—*heavily*—for he personally had been a member of the Socialist party for years, but because they did not wish to force any measure down the throats of the delegates they were not socialists.

Delegate Wilton believed they, in the country from which he came, New Zealand, had secured what they wanted under the name of Liberalism, and under the name of Labor in Australia, but it mattered not under what name it was called, if they secured the results. (Applause.)

Delegate Müller and Scheidt added interesting comments. The former said socialism as a political force had been created in the country from which he came, Germany, and they now had ninety-nine members in the Reichstag because the socialists had achieved what they set out to obtain.

H. J. Sheen believed they had a fine opportunity at the next election to displace the men at James Bay for legislators in the interests of the workers.

G. W. Palmer said that as an old Conservative he was leaving that party because it had failed to achieve useful legislation for the working classes.

After George Bart had spoken for the miners, in which he made the interesting statement that the miners on the island only received 68 cents a ton for coal mined, which cost the consumer \$7.50, the chairman wound up the debate.

The President.

Delegate Silvertz to the chair, took the floor, and said their action last night would be vital to the future of the federation. If he had put a resolution on socialism to the meeting they would have pledged themselves for the future, and after all, the ultimate responsibility for the actions of the federation depended on the members themselves.

He had in his mind divided the opponents of socialism into various classes: first the blackhead class, who could not understand anything beyond a certain point. That was the genuine anti-socialist who could not receive any benefit save by a careful operation, which would involve death.

The next class was that class which deliberately and directly traced its sentiment to the supply of the meal ticket. While he found the capitalist classes wished competition among the workers, they had sought to eliminate competition among themselves, and thus by saving the wastage charges, they took the profits, and reduced the opportunity for employment.

He (the capitalist) must crush down the cost of raw materials and the price of wages in order to make profits, hence the increased problems to the employee.

Humor and pathos were numbered in his address, and warming to his subject, the speaker said the pressure of the development of the industrial system was pinching not only the working classes but the so-called middle classes. Heaven knew what they lived for except to reside in the suburbs of large cities, conspicuous chiefly for pride, poverty and pianos, the last named on the hire-purchase system, but at any rate they were feeling the pinch. The reason they were socialists was that they could not help it. (Applause.)

Delegate Whyte, of the Victoria Typographical Union, criticized the discussion as lending too much to Socialism, and too little to trade unionism.

Delegate McEvoy, who wound up the debate, believed that every sentiment of opinion had been expressed that day.

Four delegates from the Vancouver Typographical Union had spoken that day, and most curiously had done so in their lives agreed with Delegate Pettipiece on any other subject than an increase of pay. (Laughter.)

The only regrettable feature had been the introduction of the name of old coun-

try labor leaders into the debate in a depreciatory fashion. There had only been a few dissentients, like the Victoria Typographical Union, to the proposal.

The division on the substitute resolution showed 78 delegates for, two against (Morlary, Commercial Telegraphists, and Bowers, Typographical, Victoria), and one neutral (Moulton). Five were absent from the division.

The Natal Act.

J. E. McBride moved that the provincial government should be called upon to re-enact the Natal Act, mentioning that with the change of government at Ottawa it was time to test the attitude of the new administration.

The mover explained that the system in Natal and Australia had proved effective, and would, in the hands of an inspector like R. P. Pettipiece prove satisfactory. (Laughter.)

The resolution was carried unanimously.

The convention affirmed their confidence in the Socialist members, J. H. Hawthornthwaite, M.P.P., and Parker Williams, M.P.P.

Industrial Peace.

It was decided to forward the accompanying resolution to the Lieutenant-Governor and Premier McBride: "Whereas, a certain organization styled the Industrial Peace Association is being organized in different parts of the province and proclaiming its purpose to be that of preserving harmonious relations between employer and employee, and

"Whereas, one P. H. Scullin, claiming to be representing the said association, stated in the course of an address recently delivered before the members of the Victoria, B. C. Board of Trade that he knew that a general strike in all the building trades in their city, to take place next spring, was now being arranged, and whereas the above statement had been publicly denounced as false and malicious by the officers and agents of the building trades, and

"Whereas, reports from different parts of the country go to show that the said P. H. Scullin has been universally denounced all over this continent as an instigator of strife, and is regarded as a person who makes his living by misrepresentation; be it, therefore, resolved, that this convention denounces him as a hypocrite and a fraud."

He was described by one speaker as a "lying joke."

Resolutions.

C. F. Moriarty, on behalf of the Commercial Telegraphists, moved the following resolution: "That we request our representatives at the coming convention of the B. C. Federation of Labor to bring before that body the matter of excessive extra time being forced on telegraphers, and that we make for the consideration of that body a recommendation that if possible necessary legislation be attempted in order to place the maximum amount of extra time workable in any one month at 42 hours, this being one full week of extra time."

The motion was rejected, on the ground that it conflicted with a previous

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## THE POET BURNS AND RELIGION

### INSTRUCTIVE LECTURE ON SCOTLAND'S BARD

Rev. Dr. Scott, of Vancouver,  
Says His Heart Was of the  
Purtest Gold:

A very instructive and interesting address on Robert Burns was given on Tuesday night in the Unitarian Hall by Rev. Dr. C. Scott, of Vancouver, who showed a marked familiarity with the works of the great poet. He said in

It was George Meredith who said, "as we humans are to the brute so are we to the poets." The poets are yourselves but expressed in your heart a mystical torch through time, he pours his soul out to all men's souls that and no more. There is the whole

Burns deals with men and human interests with fervour. Here at once we have the great poet, the real human individual soul that does not wander from men. He throws himself into the very hearts of men. There is a story told of Burns which emphasises this idea.

The story goes that when Burns was first recognized by the nobility of Edinburgh, he was walking down the streets of that city with one of Edinburgh's titled lords when he saw an old country friend over the street very shabbily dressed with a great hole in his bonnet, and his hair standing up through the hole. Burns, all undismayed by his friend's appearance rushed across the street and greeted him cordially before this young lord, who was horrified and speechless with disgust. "But," said Burns, "it was not the hole in the man's bonnet I was speaking to but the man himself." You can feel that the story was true. I do not know how it is in Canada but in England it is quite common to speak of Burns as the ploughman poet. Why ploughman? Burns moved not, not because he was a ploughman, but because of his rare gift of expression. The reason that Burns is able to speak to other men with such overwhelming power is because he is ten times more a man than they. He was a Scotshman, but because he was so intensely and passionately human, his poems are found in the library of the student and in the cottages of the



ROBERT BURNS, SCOTLAND'S IMMORTAL BARD

magic of the poet, and when he sees visions we see them too, the truths that all men pass by, and which we do not see or remember are with the poets the link of Time.

Now all this is essentially true of Robert Burns. He had the heart of hearts, he had the scorn of scorn, and above all he had the life of life—the love of love. His theology is the disapproval of the "unco guid." Right across the memorial page of his letter is written, "Write me a' one that loves his fellow men."

Shelley and Keats turned away from man to the ideals of ancient Greece. They were disgusted with humanity.

peasants. Now to me it is the question of supreme interest, and I am sure it will interest those here to-night to know what is the attitude of Burns to religion.

It has been defined as an attitude of antagonism. The songs he sang do not present a word, not one bitter or biting word. Did he ever say a word or sing a verse against religion? It is against men who made their professions a cloak for hypocrisy and wickedness that he declaims. It is the very innost spirit of religion that inspires Burns to write his poem to the "Unco Guid" or the rigidly righteous.

He had no sympathy with the writer who was so tremendously orthodox and so uncommonly "guid" that even the doctrine of predestination was acceptable to him, and the tortures of those predestined to eternal misery called forth no other sentiment but "all for Thy glory God!" It was simply impossible for any man with a touch of humor to accept it after that, and you will remember how the poem goes on too. The writer prays that his enemies may be crushed that he may reap his reward from God, to whom he prays "Lord remember me and my ain folk." He is so good that if he gets the temporal benefits for which he prays he is willing to give the Almighty all the glory. The critics tell us "The Cotter's Saturday Night" is the religion of the orthodox, not the religion of Burns at all but the religion of Burns' father. Had Burns been hostile to religion that poem would never have been written at all. Were he an enemy of religion how could he have uttered that note of personal conviction in "The Cotter's Saturday Night" that the secret of Burns' power to touch the hearts of men was his love of reality. His song of no fictitious men and women but of realities of living men and women. Burns has not merely touched the hearts of men but he has set them afire with the torch of his genius.

But to-night, I am here to deal with Burns' attitude on religion. What does

he say? (Continued on page II.)

Here's the biggest  
can of easy-shining  
stove polish on the  
market.

## BLACK KNIGHT STOVE POLISH

It's a paste—easily applied—and gives a brilliantly black polish that is unaffected by water. Royally made for stoves, pipes, grates, and iron work.

If your dealer does not carry Black Knight Stove Polish, send us his name and address, and we will send a full size tin by return mail.

**THE F. F. DALLEY CO., LIMITED.**  
London, Ont.  
Makers of the famous "Black Rose" Polish.

## A CHOICE HOME

### On Linden Avenue

At just what it would cost you to buy the lot and build. Full sized lot, six room bungalow, well built in every respect. Furnace and all modern improvements.

**Price \$5,500**

Takes \$1,000 to handle.

## Tracksell, Douglas & Co

1210 Bread St.  
Members Real Estate Exchange—All Kinds of Insurance Written.

## VICTORIA WEST

Russell street, half acre, revenue producing

**\$20,000**

Easy terms  
Exclusively

## Owen-Devereux Investment Co. Fort & Douglas Phone 1980

## DON'T PAY RENT Build a Home of Your Own

Let me submit plans and give you an estimate of the cost.

**WILLIAM C. HOLT**  
Builder and Contractor,  
69 Garryland Road. Phone 1123.  
Plans and Estimates furnished free.

## GOOD LAND WANTED

We will buy good farming land where the rainfall is sufficient, along railroads already constructed or now under construction, that is suitable for colonization purposes.

## North Coast Land Co., Limited

Suite 622 Metropolitan Building,  
Vancouver, B. C.  
Paid-up Capital, \$1,500,000.

## Something For Nothing

DON'T you think it is about time to be your own landlord?

HERE is your opportunity to get a new, up-to-date, thoroughly modern, well constructed, desirably arranged, two storey home, 7 ROOMS, full cement basement, laundry, very fine furnace, fixtures extra fine.

PRICE \$1000 cash, balance on small monthly payments.

OWNER, P. O. Box 1525, CITY.

For all that.

It's not as you know, honest and a that, And none whose garb is 'hodden grey.' Was foot or knave or a that.

It's not as you know, honest and a that, And none whose garb is 'hodden grey.'

It's not as you know, honest and a that, And none whose garb is 'hodden grey.'

It's not as you know, honest and a that, And none whose garb is 'hodden grey.'

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It's not as you know, honest and a that, And none whose garb is 'hodden grey.'

It's not as you know, honest and a that, And none whose garb is 'hodden grey.'

**PEMBERTON & SON**

St. Lawrence Street  
120x120  
CORNER Waterfront  
**\$30,000**

Niagara St.  
Near Dallas Road  
Quarter Acre  
70 FEET FRONTAGE  
**\$8,500**

\$7,000 Cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 7 per cent.

**PEMBERTON & SON**  
CORNER FORT AND BROAD STREETS VICTORIA, B. C.

**Acreage**

Five acres, improved; large house in good repair, chicken houses, barns, large and small fruits; good water, etc. Above property is in Strawberryvale, and is located about 800 yards from B. C. Electric Railway Co.'s new station.

**Price \$6,500**

Terms one-third cash, balance 1, 2, 3 years.

**Currie & Power**

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange.

Money to Loan Fire Insurance.

1214 Douglas St. Phone 1466

**COWICHAN BAY**

Fifty acres, being the west half of Sec. 13, Rge. 5, on the north side of the bay. An ideal spot for summer cottages. We have this for sale for a short time on very easy terms at per acre . . . . . \$40.00

**R. B. PUNNETT**

Phone 1119. P. O. Drawer 735

5013 Mahon Block, Victoria.

**Week-End Specials**

AMPHION STREET, just off Oak Bay avenue, and on north side of street facing east; splendid lot. Terms. Price . . . . . \$1,000

LINDEN AVENUE CORNER, must be sold this week. Price, on easy terms . . . . . \$2,000

QUADRA STREET, 3 lots, just north of Hillside avenue. Good terms. Each at . . . . . \$1,500

COOK STREET, near Hillside avenue; two lots. Good terms. For the two . . . . . \$2,500

**HEISTERMAN FORMAN & Co.**  
1212 Broad Street  
Phone 55

**The B.C. Sales Co.**REAL ESTATE  
Insurance and Commission Agents  
1412 Govt. St., Phone 2662**No Doubt the Best Bargain in 50 Acre Ranch**

In Metchosin, 13 miles from city, twenty acres under cultivation, 4 room house, two good new barns, etc., never failing stream, all good soil, with the exception of one acre, no stock; team-horses wagon and harness, all farm implements, including blacksmith forge, anvil, etc. Owners holding adjoining acre at 125 per acre. This ranch faces main road, and very good school, church, stores, etc., and 14 miles from station. For quick sale the whole for \$12,000; \$3,000 cash will handle this balance easily.

**OPEN EVENINGS****A Beautiful Home In Oak Bay**

Thoroughly up-to-date house containing drawing and dining room, den, four large bedrooms, dressing room, kitchen, etc. Excellent basement, furnace. The den, drawing and dining rooms have open fireplaces, and hot and cold water is installed in the dressing room. The lot is 100x112, all fenced and artistically laid out, with lawns and garden.

**Price \$8,000**

Terms one-third cash, balance arranged.

**HOUSES BUILT**

On Instalment Plan

**D. H. BALE**  
Contractor & Builder  
Cor. Fort and Stadacona Ave.  
Telephone 1140

**A Splendid Opportunity**

To make a good investment. A fine level grassy lot, 68x137 directly on the Willows car line. Owner must have money at once and will sacrifice it at only \$900, on easy terms of payment.

**WELCH BROS. & CO.**  
1006 Government Street  
Members Vic. Real Estate Exchange.**THE POET BURNS AND RELIGION**

(Continued from page 16.)

Burns had gone right to the heart of wrong-doing, and has shown us the hardening process. Other people may or may not find us out, he tells us, but the deed itself finds us out in the weakness of will that succeeds the first downward step, in the hardening and petrifying of all noble feelings.

A critic has pointed out that in these modern days we are getting beyond Robert Burns. Well, frankly, that is news to me! Burns' idea was that the animal ought not to run from man, but is it any wonder they do? Why, far from getting beyond Burns we have not yet got to the level of his spirit of reverence. There is a reverence for that which is above us, there is a reverence for that which is beneath us. We have reverence for the things above and on an equality with us, but we are far from yet having a reverence for the things beneath us.

How dare we speak of this century as being civilized? We may afford to do without fashion, we can afford to do without sport, but as long as we are made in the image of God, we cannot afford to do without pity and sympathy. If the average animal could speak I think he would look almost anywhere than to man to realize his idea of God. Many monuments have been raised to the memory of Robert Burns, and yet his detractors are many. Yes, his faults were many—he himself confessed them. I wish he had not done so, that he had not buried his bosom to the world. Had he not done so he would have been spared the ruthless attacks of his detractors.

I am surprised at the want of charity, at the pitiesslessness of their judgments. "Oh, they say, Burns was not a good man; Burns drank whisky." But what if he did? Is Burns the only man who drank whisky? The real Burns is the sincere poet. His head and his heart were of the purest gold. I have recently received from the old country a paper dealing with Burns, and that paper said that we were getting so civilized that soon no one would understand Burns. "How?" it asks, "is it to be supposed for one moment that Burns can endure?" Burns answered that question long ago in his poem: "The Brigs of Ayr" (Briggs of Ayr). One—the new bridge—spick and span and up-to-date, looks contemptuously at the old one and asks with a sneer how it can hope to tide the storms of the coming years. The Auld Brig replies with spirit:

"Conceited gowk! puff'd up w' windy pride!  
This mony a year I've stood the flood an' tide;  
And tho' w' crazy eild I'm sair for-fair,  
I'll be a Brig when you're a shapeless carn!"

And so it will be with Burns. His verses will remain living poems in the hearts of men when many a new poet's rhymes will have sunk into oblivion.

**FIVE-ACRE LOTS**

Five-acre Lots at Elk Lake, situated on the V. & S. Railway, rich bottom land, easily cleared, about 9 miles from Victoria. Easy terms can be arranged. Call at office to see maps.

Price up from per acre . . . . . \$200

**GALIANO ISLAND FARM, 28 ACRES.**

Fifty Acres, partly cleared, and farm house which is insured for \$2,000; 1½ million feet of timber, 100 fruit trees, chicken house, plenty of water from well and spring; two good harbors, situated only five minutes from post office and two miles from boat landing. Coal rights can be obtained over 600 acres. \$2,500 cash, balance at 7 per cent. Price . . . . . \$6,500

**THE CITY BROKERAGE**  
1319 DOUGLAS STREET  
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.  
Phone 815. Residence Y2403

**HOMES OUR SPECIALTY.**

The House we advertised last night was sold this morning. It was a bargain, but we have another for you.

Five Room Cottage, built-in kitchen cabinet, beamed hall, separate bath and toilet, cement basement. The price is only . . . . . \$3,200

Easy terms.

**NOTICE.**

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of James Faulds, Deceased, Interstate, and in the Matter of the Official Administrators' Act.

Notice is hereby given at under an order granted by the Honorable Mr. Justice Clement, dated the 21st day of December, 1911, I, the undersigned,

was appointed administrator of the estate of the above deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to send particu-

lars of same to me on or before the 22nd day of January, 1912, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

David at Victoria, B. C., this 20th day of December, 1911.

WM. MONTEITH,  
Officer Administrator.

**NOTICE.**

Take notice that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at the next regular sittings thereof by the undersigned for a transfer of the Retail Liquor License in respect of the premises known as the "St. Francis" Hotel, Yates street in the City of Victoria, B. C., to J. M. Lambert and G. D. Sedney.

J. E. MUSGRAVE,  
Applicant.

**HOUSE BARGAIN**

Six rooms and basement (6 ft.) nearly new, near North Ward Park and within one mile circle. Has electric light and sewer connection, enamel bath, etc., concrete foundation, dining room burlapped and panelled.

**Look at the Price—Only \$2650**

This house was built by the owner for himself and at present rents for \$25.00 per month net. THE TERMS ARE EASY.

**Swinerton & Musgrave**

1206 Government St.

Phone 491

P. O. Box 502

**THE B. C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY**

822 GOVERNMENT ST.

**MORRIS & EDWARDS**

521 Sayward Building.

Phones 3074 or F209.

HOMES OUR SPECIALTY.

**LEE & FRASER**

Money to Loan, Life Insurance, Fire Insurance.

Members of the Victoria Real Estate Exchange.

1222 Broad St., Victoria, B. C.

Grant Street, 7 room house, and lot 53 x 145. Easy terms . . . . . \$4,000

Chapman Street, one and a half storey 6 room house; modern . . . . . \$3,750

We also have the following lots for sale:

Parkdale, Regina Avenue, 50x125. Price . . . . . \$500

Joseph Street, good lot, cheap. Price only . . . . . \$900

Hulton Street, lot 53x113. . . . . \$1,000

Hampshire Road. We have several at each . . . . . \$1,500

Fourth Street, lot 50x150, level, all cleared . . . . . \$800

Cowichan Street, lot 51x134. . . . . \$850

**L. U. CONYERS & CO.**

650 View Street

Esquimalt—Large lot, 60x130 (close to proposed dock). Terms to arrange.

Price . . . . . \$3,000

Queen's Avenue—Splendid building site, 60x120; splendid buy. Terms. Price . . . . . \$1,750

Quadruple Street—One acre, beautiful view, an ideal home site. Terms to arrange. Price . . . . . \$3,500

Chestnut Avenue—Fine building lot, close to car. Terms to arrange. Cheap for . . . . . \$1,275

Parkdale—Two choice lots, cheapest buy in the subdivision. Reasonable terms. A decided snap at . . . . . \$950

**MONEY TO LOAN****FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN****PACIFIC PROVINCE INVESTMENT AGENCY**

606 Yates St.

606 Yates St.

Pacific Province Investment Agency

Five Roomed Cottages on Harriet Road, on large lot, few yards from new Burnside road, well-planted garden, a cosy home and a very good investment. Easy terms . . . . . \$2,500

Listen! This is the cheapest buy on St. Lawrence street, James Bay. Five-roomed house, modern in every way, on lot 33x120. This is in the line of the high priced properties and is a bargain, on easy terms, at . . . . . \$4,800

**J. STUART YATES**

22 Bastion Street, Victoria

**FOR SALE.**

Two Valuable Water Lots on Victoria Harbor, at foot of Yates Street.

To Rent—Three-story Warehouse on Wharf Street.

**A. H. HARMAN**

1207 Langley Street.

Gordon Head, 10 acres of cleared land, good soil, house and outbuildings;

1-3 cash, balance arranged . . . . . \$9,000

Member of the Real Estate Exchange.

**New Six Roomed House**

Very neat and homelike, beautiful location, well built, good basement, with furnace, fenced, all ready for occupancy.

**Price \$3,800. \$1000 Cash**

Balance to be arranged.

**W. N. MITCHELL, Owner**

613 Sayward Block

Phone 1475

**SUBSCRIBE FOR THE VICTORIA DAILY TIMES**

## TURK'S PARLIAMENT IS HUGE FAILURE

Strong and Despotic Government to Obviate Disintegration.

One of two horrid fates awaits the sojourner in Constantinople who attempts to follow Turkish political life at all closely. The atmosphere of gossips and lies and petty political intrigues that he must plunge into is fatal to character, and he either degenerates into an hysterical wreck or becomes a cynic who would not believe an archbishop on oath.

The name for this characteristic atmosphere of Constantinople has been found by the local newspapers, some of whom are admirable exponents of it. It is called Byzantinism, by which is meant feverish, little unrest of the sort that marked the decadent last days of the eastern empire.

It is, indeed, the worst symptom of Constantinople's political unhealthiness that her citizens seem to find a cynical pleasure in pausing every now and then to recognize the indications of their own futility before starting once more on another series of the "incidents" and "affaires" in which Turkey's politicians prostitute their energies.

It is a lamentable thing to have to say, and a jarring disappointment to all the hopes and compliments lavished on Young Constitutional Turkey three years ago, but it can no longer be denied that parliamentary institutions in Turkey are a failure. The country is simply not ready for them. That is the clear opinion which I have come to after a year's acquaintance with Turkey, starting with the Englishman's natural prejudices in favor of an elected chamber.

To say that the only way for Turkey to improve is to shut up her new chamber, strangle her recently liberated press, and set up a despotism again sounds almost immoral. English Gentlemen of political tastes who take an interest in "Near Eastern problems," and even come and stay for three weeks at the Pera Palace Hotel so as to get a "clear idea of the Turkish situation gathered on the spot will brand such a statement as criminally foolish. They have themselves been in Turkey; they will tell you, and they know. They have had interviews with ministers, with deputies, with officials. They found them most modern and enlightened statesmen wearing spats, and they came away perfectly satisfied that all that Turkey needs is to be let alone to work out her political salvation on the most praiseworthy democratic lines.

In a dignified way that is most convincing the members of each party will attribute the evils of the country to the factious antagonism of their political opponents. Without elaborate deception, but solely by charm of manner, the committee party make you see that the opposition is a junta of discontented place-seekers, while the leaders of the opposition compel you to believe that the committee is a tyrannical oligarchy whose hands are red with political murder. But when one gets away from both parties and considers in an impartial way the question of Turkey reforming herself, the plain fact stands out that all these parliamentary squabbles are leading nowhere else than towards another revolution.

What this straggling, disordered, patchwork empire wants is a strong hand to govern it. Within immediate memory three, nominally Turkish provinces have passed definitely into other hands, and unless the sap of good government can be made to run into Macedonia, she too, like a withered branch, will break away. If Turkey, the independent state, is to become the orderly well governed country that everyone hoped for when the despotism of Abdul Hamid was broken, then the instrument of parliamentary government by which her regeneration was expected to be worked has got to be changed.

You have only to go back and look at the Turkish chamber of deputies to discover why the Ottoman empire is in such a hopeless muddle. Proceeding to the chamber, you will get into a rickety carriage in the Grande Rue de Pera and glissade down a very steep hill by a series of circuitous streets bright with liquid mud. En route, the eccentricities of your Turkish driver should be noticed as a profitable object lesson in national futility. Your attention is drawn to each corner by the violent impact of the inside wheel upon the curb. When your cabman gets into a block, which happens with great frequency, his method is to take his horses up very short, while beating them profusely on tender parts of the body, preferably sores. Meanwhile he reviles the other parties to the muddle in terms which you are fortunate in being unable to understand. You are lucky indeed if he does not put down whip and reins so as to have both hands free for gesticulatory reply to the reproaches of another cab behind.

The tangle straightened out, off he goes again with loose reins, holding on with his disengaged hand to the back of the off lamp, the leaps and plunges of the vehicle over the sub-sidences and irregularities of the roadway being such that nothing can be expected to remain attached to the carriage except the parts that are nailed.

Lastly, you will find, unless you know the chamber well by sight, that your cabman, who received your clearly enunciated directions with an air of apparent comprehension, has not the faintest idea where you want to be driven to, and, in default of corrective prods at the proper corners, will drive you on and on until he reaches the uninhabited outskirts of the town, where he stops and turns upon you a face bearing an expression of apologetic futility which is quite the most irritating ever seen on a human countenance.

The entrance hall of the long white-washed building on the Bosphorus edge, which is the chamber, is filled with deputies walking up and down



# Fry's - THE Cocoa



## Oh! But Us DOES Want Our "FRY'S" Cocoa

**N**O wonder the children scamper downstairs to breakfast, when the tempting fragrance of Fry's Cocoa penetrates their bedrooms. They simply revel in its delicious flavour. Every bit of the natural goodness of the Cocoa bean is retained in Fry's—the Cocoa. Mothers who give their children Fry's Cocoa for breakfast regularly, have the satisfaction of seeing them develop into fine, robust men and women, because Fry's Cocoa has great food value. Being rich in proteids it makes firm pink flesh, good rich blood and strong nerves.

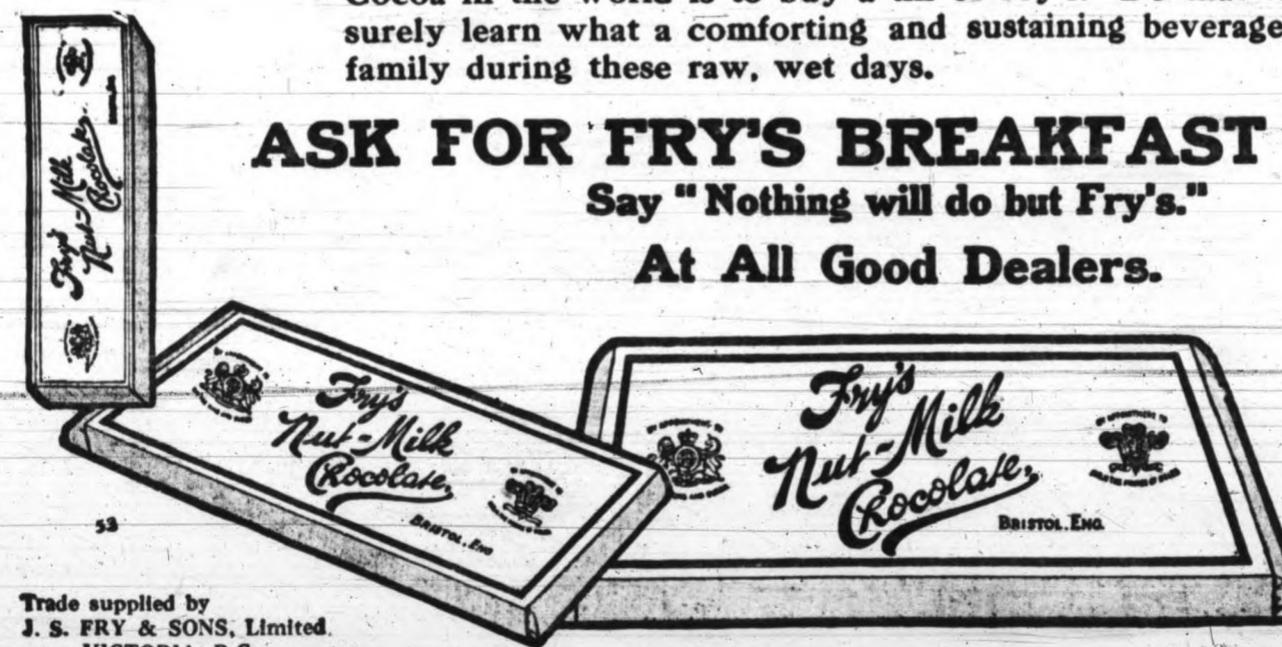
That nerve-building quality of Fry's Cocoa, by the way, makes it the food-beverage supreme for hard-working grown-ups.

Above all other things Fry's, the Cocoa, is pure. Quality, purity and Fry's have been synonymous in the Cocoa world for over 180 years. Doctors everywhere recommend Cocoa, especially in the nursery and sick room, and the best way to know the positive tissue-building qualities of the finest Cocoa in the world is to buy a tin of Fry's. Do that to-day, and you will surely learn what a comforting and sustaining beverage you can serve the family during these raw, wet days.

## ASK FOR FRY'S BREAKFAST COCOA

Say "Nothing will do but Fry's."

At All Good Dealers.



Trade supplied by  
J. S. FRY & SONS, Limited.  
VICTORIA, B.C.

smoking cigarettes and drinking half-pint cups of coffee. In a room facing east you see through the open door a group going through their afternoon prayer, kneeling, prostrating, rising, bowing. Deputies and hall-porters kneel side by side; they are all Mussulmans; but it is a room which the Christian deputies never enter. There is more than a little of the secret of the problem of Turkey in that. But it is when you get into the chamber itself and look down upon the long, narrow hall, furnished like a schoolroom, with desks and a high central pulpit for the president, that you begin to understand why it does not work well as a machine. What harmony could there possibly be among such a medley of races and creeds?

Next to a figure in an Arab burn-

ous, with golden ornaments upon its head, sits a rich Greek merchant, who for twenty years walked daily along Deansgate, Manchester. Behind him is a white-turbaned hodja, a Mohammedan fanatic, who believes that he brushes up against a wet Christian on rainy day he is defiled, and would slit a Giaour throat, if occasion offered, with the calm resolution of a godly man discharging a religious duty. The next row is made up of provincial deputies, village pundits, the oracles of unremembered Anatolian villages, where the belief still lingers that the Padishah takes tribute from all Europe. Now come some Constantiopolis politicians, exiles under the old regime, whose talk is filled with French slang, and who are familiar acquaintances of half a dozen European capitals; then a few whose names are as

well known in London as in Arabia; then a Bulgarian, who could very likely tell you a good deal about bombing if your interests lay that way. Further on is one of Abdul Hamid's spies, in a state of clammy fear that the government are going to publish the spy reports found in Yildiz; next to him, a man he used to spy on. That honorable deputy over there is the president of an active little murder club; unpleasant details of his private political habits were revealed in evidence at a recent trial. So you count them over, Christian Turk and Jew, Orthodox and Catholic, rigid Mahomedan and French freethinker, only akin in their ignorance of the proper conditions of political life.

What but disorder is to be expected from such an assembly? Almost to a man they are professional politicians,

living on the \$250 a month they draw as deputies. Their sittings are orgies of clamorous intrigue of section against section and of personal attacks upon members of the government, which in themselves would be enough to prevent any beneficial activity on the part of the ministry.

Recently the president closed the chamber in disorder, while an opposition member was fighting his way to the tribune to proclaim some accusation of venality against the grand vizier, dug out of the corrupt records of the old regime, what time a clerk of the House, justly indignant at this infringement of the order paper, was pinning himself to batter the disorderly deputy's head with a chair as soon as he struggled within reach.

In the last three weeks we have had

military force are openly treated in discussion in the House. Noted with such a parliament, regardless of greedy enemies abroad and desperate discontent at home, no administration, however well-intentioned, could raise Turkey from the slough of political despair, into which she daily struggles deeper.

Dated 8th January, 1912.

CREASE & CREASE,  
Victoria, B.C.

Corporation of the District of Oak Bay

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claim against the estate of Charles McKeivers Smith, late of Victoria, British Columbia, who died on 24th November, 1911; and whose will has been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia by Robert Chamberlain, the executor, there named are hereby required to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 8th April, 1912, after which date

the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the will, if any, and the facts which have had notice; and all persons indebted to the deceased are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.

Dated 8th January, 1912.

C. M. C.  
Law Chambers, Bastion Street, Victoria, B.C.

## FRY'S NUT MILK CHOCOLATE

**F**RY'S Nut Milk Chocolate is a delicious and wholesome sweetmeat. Like Fry's Cocoa, it is absolutely pure and its flavour is really exquisite. This combination of luscious chocolate and nuts is a revelation to the palate, and folks who have tried this delightful confection once always make a very emphatic demand for Fry's when they want Nut Milk Chocolate. Treat yourself to a cake to-day.

Three Sizes—5c, 10c, 25c  
AT ALL GOOD STORES

# SALE OF WATERPROOF AND MACKINTOSHES

Regular prices up as high as \$20. Removal Sale Price . . . . . \$11.45



All Suits and Overcoats very much reduced in order that we may start in our new quarters with a brand new stock of spring merchandise.

## SALE OF UMBRELLAS

Regular prices from \$1.50 up to as \$1.10 much as \$20. Removal Sale Price \$15 to 1.10

## SALE OF FANCY VESTS

Our entire stock of the smartest of Fancy Vests, which we have no trouble in selling at regular prices of from \$4 to \$6.50 Removal Sale Price, any one . . . . . \$2.85

**Allen & Co.**

**Fit-Reform**

904 Govt Street

**JUST \$3.50—THAT'S ALL**

### An Ideal Portable Electric Lamp

Can be adjusted to any desired position. Equally as useful at the office as at home.

Call and see it.

**Hinton Electric Co., Limited**

Government Street

Phone 2242

**NEW CHAIRS WANTED.**

Cranbrook, Jan. 26.—At the first meeting of the city council Alderman Campbell suggested that, although they had one of the finest council chambers in the province, it seemed to him that one thing had been overlooked which he should like attended to at once. He referred to the ademanic chairs which were not in keeping with the new quarters, and were not as comfortable as they might be, and that it became quite tiresome to occupy them for several hours at a time. The suggestion met with the unanimous approval of the council, and Alderman Campbell and Clapp were delegated to see what could be provided at a reasonable cost.

**ASHCROFT'S NEW CLUB.**

Ashcroft, Jan. 26.—At a meeting of some of the business men of the town the formation of a non-political commercial and social club was formally launched. Committees were appointed to interview those who they think will make good material for membership, also for the compiling of by-laws and other matters for the government and regulation of the club. Needless to say it will be a great success, especially as it will eventually mean the formation of a board of trade. The formation of this club is essentially for the benefit of the district.

TRY A TIMES WANT AD.

Of the fifteen aeroplanes owned by the British war office, nine are of British and six of French manufacture.

## PROGRESS ON NEW MILL ON THE FRASER

Will Probably Be Completed By August—Large Force At Work.

New Westminster, Jan. 26.—Eighty men at work on 5,000 piles and a million and a half of lumber. That is the first part of the large undertaking that is going on within the limits of this city on Lulu Island, where the British-Canadian Lumber Company is building a colossal mill designed to turn out, when completed, 25,000 feet of lumber an hour. The Fraser River Mills, the largest plant in the world, cuts about 35,000 feet an hour, so that it will be seen that the new mill is planned on extensive lines.

As soon as the machinery comes into sight the working force will be doubled, but this is not likely for another six weeks. Work was started on September 1 last year, and will probably be complete some time in August or September of this year. Already some 3,000 piles have been driven, and the big mill building is rapidly nearing completion. Besides this huge construction, measuring 12 by 378 feet, shingle and planing mills and a box factory will be erected. The main mill building itself will have two storeys over all, and a third measuring 60 by 72 feet, where the filing machines will be set. All saws and mill machinery will be on the second floor, while the motive machinery will be on the ground floor. This building, with the bulk of the other buildings, stands over the water.

In addition to the buildings already described, a deep-water dock 800 feet long will be constructed, so that at any moment the mill will be able to enter the overseas trade. The B.C.E.R. will supply shipping facilities by land.

Altogether, something like \$500,000 will have been invested in the building and plant before it is completed.

"Nag" Roof Compositions will stop leaks and add years to the life of an old roof. See Newton & Greer Co., 1326 Wharf street.

## DUNCAN HOSPITAL DIRECTORS MEET

Financial Statement Satisfactory—North Cowichan Municipal Council.

Duncan, Jan. 26.—The North Cowichan municipal council held a special meeting on Monday at which the final wording of the agreement between the municipality and the prospective corporation of Duncan was arranged.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Duncan hospital was held on Wednesday last, there being present F. H. Maitland-Dougal, chairman; Mrs. Hasell and Miss Leitch, of Victoria; and Mrs. Holmes, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Whittome, Miss Wilson, Mrs. Hamish Morton and Mrs. T. A. Wood. The resignation of Mrs. Macdonald as hon. treasurer was accepted with regret, and Mrs. Whittome agreed to take up the duties. It was decided that the hospital year should end at the end of March, and an annual public meeting to be held in April at which the annual report would be presented. A letter of thanks was sent to R. Wilson, who had kindly audited the books until the end of the year. The financial statement shows the hospital to be in most satisfactory standing. The hospital report for December shows: Four cases remaining from November 1 birth, 6 cases admitted and 3 discharged during December, and receipts and ordinary expenses almost equal.

William Maitland-Dougal left on Sunday last after his Christmas leave to continue his studies for his second year at the Royal Naval College at Halifax. Rupert Wood, who has just passed the preliminary examination, accompanied him. Wood passed a very good exam, taking sixth place in the Dominion, in spite of the fact that one study was almost new to the boy, and he had to take a high percentage in the others to counterbalance. Cowichan is proud of the fact that of the three boys who go from British Columbia, two are from Cowichan.

MINING IN SLOCAN.

Work in Progress on Properties Which Were Recognized as Shippers Ten Years Ago.

Vancouver, Jan. 26.—The former glories of the Slocan as a mining district are rapidly dying restored, according to Andrew G. Larson, a mining engineer of this city, who has just returned from the interior. Mr. Larson visited Slocan and several of the adjacent camp development work with full crews, in some instances comprising three shifts, is in progress in the famous old Payne mine, the Standard, a new wonder, the Slocan Star, the Van Rol and several smaller properties. Some large shipments of high-grade silver-lead ore are being made and a few months hence the output promises to attain the records of ten years ago. A noteworthy feature in his opinion is the increased interest being taken in the district by Canadian and American mining operators.

At the Payne, which paid from the grass roots, and which netted its original owners over \$1,200,000 in profits, a 2,000-foot tunnel is being driven to cross the main lead at great depth. Mr. Larson is consulting engineer to the Slocan Star Mining Company whose property, until tied up in litigation, made many phenomenal shipments that paid dividends exceeding \$1,000,000. He is well satisfied with the development work in progress.

A 2,000-foot tunnel designed to intersect the main vein at a point 600 feet below the bottom of the upper workings has already been extended two hundred feet. Its portal is adjacent to the concentrator where ore falling from upper levels by gravity will be treated, thus greatly reducing the costs of extraction. Three shafts are operating with air drills in the tunnel. Development is also in progress in the upper workings and a car of high-grade ore was recently shipped to the Trail smelter and early this summer regular shipments will be maintained on a large scale.

The Standard mine which is described as one of the greatest mining propositions in British Columbia, promises to equal the production of the older mines in the nineties. It has just been equipped with a fine concentrating plant. The Van Rol, owned by the Le Rol No. 2 of Rossland, is a steady shipper and seems to have a bright future. The Rec, formerly a well-known property, is taking on a new lease of life and J. M. Harris, its principal owner, believes it will yet prove a bonanza. Three smaller properties in the same camp are also being opened up.

### OFFICERS ELECTED.

Port Alberni, Jan. 26.—The work of the committee on municipal incorporation, appointed by the board of trade about a year ago and later commissioned by the people of Port Alberni in mass meeting assembled, was recognized at the annual general meeting of the board. In his retiring address the president made special mention of it and his suggestion that the application of the board be fittingly expressed was carried out in a resolution of sincere thanks and ordering the names of the members of the committee to be recorded in history.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, A. D. Cooper; vice-president, J. A. MacIntyre; secretary, H. L. Hayne; treasurer, J. S. MacLeod; council, F. H. Swaine, A. E. Waterhouse, C. A. McNaughton, A. D. MacIntyre and R. F. Blundy.

"Nag" Roof Compositions will stop leaks and add years to the life of an old roof. See Newton & Greer Co., 1326 Wharf street.

## For Builders or Investors

We have a number of good buys in Oak Bay that will make money for the purchaser. Among them, we might mention:

2 lots, Foul Bay Road, close to Fort street, between the two car lines. Half cash. Price, each, \$1,000

3 lots, Florence street, at, each . . . . . \$800

3 lots, Newport avenue, backing on Golf Links. Price, each . . . . . \$900

2 lots, Lindeas avenue. Price, each . . . . . \$800

Three-quarters of an acre, overlooking Golf Links and sea. Splendid site for a fine house. \$3,000

**H. F. Pullen**

Oak Bay Realty Office.  
1056 Oak Bay Ave. Phone F1605

## NOTICE Of Removal

L. Hafer, the well known Government street machinist, has moved to more spacious quarters at the corner of Store and Herald streets, adjoining Robertson's Iron Works.

Corporation of the District of Oak Bay.

### SHOOTING PERMITS

NOTICE is hereby given that all SHOOTING PERMITS issued up to 21st December, 1911, are CANCELLED. By order of the Council.

J. S. FLOYD,  
C. M. C.

January 19, 1912.

### To Contractors

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up till noon, 31st January, 1912, for the erection and completion of a 5-storey Reinforced Concrete Building on Government Street. Plans and Specifications can be seen at my office, Royal Bank Chambers, Victoria, B. C.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HOOPER, Architect.

### NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of Rachael Hounslow, Deceased, Intestate, and in the Matter of the Official Administrator's Act.

Notice is hereby given that under an order granted by the Honorable Mr. Justice Gregory, dated the 22nd day of January, 1912, I, the undersigned, was appointed administrator of the estate of the above deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to send particulars of same to me on or before the 22nd day of February, 1912, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 23rd day of January, 1912.

WM. MONTEITH,  
Official Administrator.

ADVERTISE IN THE VICTORIA DAILY TIMES

## A Genuine Burgundy

1904 VINTAGE

A PERFECT WINE—UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY

This is one of the finest Burgundies ever imported into Canada, and its perfect flavor will commend itself to the most particular critic. A high grade family wine. Price, per case of one dozen quarts, \$14.50.

**JAS. SIMPSON & SONS, LTD.**  
DISTILLERS OF OLD BANFF WHISKEY  
Phone 288 1205 Langley St., Victoria, B.C. Sole Agents for B.C.

## Our Bread Is Noted for Its

PURITY  
QUALITY  
FLAVOR

**The Bakeries Limited** WILLIAMS ST.  
Phone 849

## City of Victoria

A complete list of Local Improvement Works, authorized by By-Law, from time to time, will be found posted on the Bulletin Board at the main entrance to the City Hall.

## CITY OF VICTORIA Private Bill Public Library

and information had, at the Purchasing Agent's office. Also for 4,000 feet 2½ fire hose, with all necessary couplings complete, as per specifications. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. M. NORTHCOTT,  
Purchasing Agent  
City Hall, January 24th, 1912.

### Applications

For the position of City Analyst, accompanied by testimonials and references, will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 29th inst., at 2 p.m.

It is expected that the salary attached to the position will be \$150 per month.

The successful applicant will be expected to devote his whole time to his work of analyzing milk, water, food-stuff and any other substances which may be assigned to him for analysis by the Health Department.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,  
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C.  
January 23rd, 1912.

### City Solicitor Wanted

Applications, accompanied by testimonials and photograph, will be received at the office of the undersigned, until Wednesday, the 21st day of February, 1912, at 2 p.m., for the position of Solicitor for the Corporation of the City of Victoria. Salary at the rate of \$5,000 per year.

The Corporation reserves the right to reject any or all applications.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,  
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C.  
January 12th, 1912.

## Firemen's Clothing and Fire Hose

Separate tenders will be received by me unsealed up to 3 p.m. on Monday, the 23rd inst., for the supplying of the Firemen's uniform suits, to be made and supplied in accordance with the specifications which can be seen.

ADVERTISE IN THE VICTORIA DAILY TIMES

## NO INVESTMENT IN THE Good Advertising

—by GOOD we mean well written and attractively displayed If your advertisements are not bringing satisfactory results you are doing one, or all, of three things:

1. Advertising something which nobody wants.
  2. Writing poor composition.
  3. Paying no attention to typographical display.
- For a nominal sum we are prepared to manage your advertising campaign.

Victoria, B. C.  
403 Times Bld.

Newton Advertising Ag'cy

Telephone  
1915

TRY A TIMES WANT AD.

The beauty about love in a cottage is that there is no janitor.

## ASKS INTENTIONS ON PRICE OF COAL

### WHY IS COMMISSION NOT YET APPOINTED?

Government Supporter From Vancouver Persistent on the Subject.

*Legislative Press Gallery, January 25.*  
Dr. McGuire (Vancouver) has for some sessions kept hammering away at the price of coal and has on two or three occasions secured the passage of a resolution, that of last session, bearing in the following terms:

"Whereas it would appear that the cost of coal to the consumer in the province of British Columbia is out of all proportion to the cost of production; and

"Whereas, owing to the abundance of the coal deposits in this province, and the proximity of the sources of supply to the market, the cost of coal to the consumer in B. C. should be much less than at present is the case; and

"Whereas, the excessive price of coal in B. C. has the effect of retarding and preventing the establishment in this province of industries depending upon a fuel supply; and

"Whereas, much of the product of the coal mines of the province is being exported to foreign markets and sold at a price that enables it to compete with coal from other countries in such foreign markets; and

"Whereas, a belief exists that there is an understanding between the persons or corporations controlling or owning such coal mines to maintain the high prices now being charged to consumers in this province."

"Therefore be it resolved, that an humble address be presented to his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor by this House, praying him to consider the advisability of appointing a royal commission to inquire into the following questions:

"1. Whether or not a combine or understanding exists among the coal producers, or any of them, of this province to advance and maintain prices charged for coal?"

"2. Whether or not coal is being sold by producers, or any of them, for consumption outside B. C. for a less price than that sold for consumption in the province?"

"3. Whether or not the price charged by the producers, or any of them, for coal consumed in B. C. is excessive?"

"4. Whether or not the prices charged by the producers, or any of them, of coal in B. C. bears a reasonable proportion to the cost of production?"

"This resolution was passed by the House without dissent, but Premier McBride made it very plain that the government had no intention of acting upon it, instead continuing its attitude of "putting it up" to the Dominion government.

Dr. McGuire now gives notice that he is going to ask the government what action, if any, it has taken "to give effect to the resolution passed by this House last session, regarding the price of coal."

In view of the premier's remarks last year there is no doubt what the tenor of his reply will be.

### JUSTICE HARLAN'S

### SENSE OF HUMOR

Samples of the Late Jurist's Ever Ready Wit and Repartee.

*(From the New York Sun.)*

The humor of the late Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court, was sparkling and spontaneous. It came at unexpected moments and apparently without premeditation. His manner of speech at such times was often so serious and stern that additional spice was lent to what he said.

"Do you smoke?" he asked a guest seated on the veranda of his home off day.

To which the guest replied, "About twice a year, Mr. Justice."

"Well, then, take a semi-annual with me," suggested the justice, handing his guest a cigar—"that is, if you can stand a Pittsburgh stogie."

"I smoke these for two reasons," continued the justice. "First, because they are cheap—they cost me a cent and a half apiece, and I can't afford a higher-grade cigar—and, second, because I can't tell the difference between one of these and a more expensive smoke."

As is well known, the late Justice Peckham was a Democrat, while Justice Harlan was a Republican. They were the best of friends. One day they were discussing the fear of death. Justice Peckham said to Justice Harlan:

"You are not afraid to die, are you?"

To this, after a moment's reflection, Justice Harlan replied: "No, not exactly; my only fear is that I might bring up at Democratic headquarters."

Notwithstanding this thrust, between these two justices there was always a close bond of affection.

His Americanism is well known. His love of English and his aversion to the use of any other language when the English tongue could be used was manifested on occasion. At the White House one evening an American vocalist rendered a series of selections in Italian, the justice sitting it out, but showing his feelings on his countenance. A friend inquired as he was leaving how he enjoyed the pro-

gramme, to which Justice Harlan responded:

"Not much; I couldn't understand what the fellow was driving at. It reminded me of one of Brewer's dissenting opinions."

The late Justice was passionately fond of golf, and this pastime doubtless helped to prolong his life and keep him in excellent bodily trim. The now famous story of his remark to the English archbishop on the Chevy Chase golf links has gone the rounds, but will bear repetition.

The archbishop addressed the ball with becoming dignity and swung at it with great force, but missed it entirely. Again he repeated the stroke, with the same result. Another trial brought no better returns. The ball stood there undisturbed.

The archbishop was not undisturbed, however. His face became very red, but outwardly he preserved the peace. At the conclusion of the third unsuccessful effort Justice Harlan relieved the situation by remarking:

"Reverend sir, that was the profanest silence I ever listened to!"

In speaking of golf Justice Harlan once declared: "It isn't a game; it's a disease, of which I have an incurable case."

He once said to a friend with great earnestness: "I have been thinking of retiring from the bench and devoting the remainder of my life to golf. What do you think of it?"

The friend answered that the bench would miss him greatly, but that he had richly earned a respite from his tremendous tasks. Whereupon he said: "I believe three afternoons a week would keep me in fine fettle and prolong my life at least ten years."

On another occasion he said: "I was talking with a clergyman the other day and asked him what occupations and enjoyments there would be for men who have been active here after they arrive upon the other shore, saying that of course it was out of the question for a fellow who had been energetic here to sit and twiddle his thumbs over here. The clergyman did not give me a very satisfactory answer in fact he did not appear to know. So I inquired if he thought there would be any objection to my taking my golf clubs along."

Then, as if to save himself from seeming to make light of a serious subject, he added: "I reckon there will be plenty of employment and enjoyment on the other side."

Justice Harlan stood six feet and two inches in his stockings, was broad of shoulder and deep of chest, very erect in carriage, and attracted attention wherever he went. In massiveness of brow and majesty of mien he more nearly resembled Daniel Webster than any other man of his period.

A friend went to him at one time to submit a list of names for trustees of an organization of which he was president and arranged according to their position and prominence in the official and the social world. The justice scanned the list critically and then inquired in his deep guttural tones:

"Who prepared this list?"

The friend answered, "The president's social secretary in part, and then he sent me to—here the friend gave him the name of a man prominent in one of the great departments of the government, who may be called Halifax—'Mr. Halifax.'"

"Halifax!" thundered the justice. "What did you go to see him for? He has been dead for over 30 years."

Young men held a warm place in his affections. If one would take the trouble to follow his deep and guttural, almost sharp, tones to his eyes one would see them beaming with benignity, and frequently with merriment.

A friend called upon him last summer just before he left for his vacation at Murray Bay. He spoke of a young friend of his whom he had helped to advancement in one of the departments.

"I understand that he is to be married soon," he said. "When next you see him tell him I have been considering the affair and sympathize deeply with the young lady."

His fund of reminiscences was vast and varied. One of the many stories which he delighted to tell in time of relaxation related to a visit paid by Senator Thurman of Ohio and his wife to the Harlan home in Kentucky. The two jurists were in the library. Justice Harlan, with Kentucky hospitality, said to his guest:

"I have a little Scotch over there on the shelf if you would care to partake."

Senator Thurman replied: "I think I would like about a thimbleful."

"He poured out more than a thimbleful," said Justice Harlan, "and was in the act of raising the glass to his lips when Mrs. Thurman, from the hall, called out with great earnestness:

"Put it down, Allen, put it down!"

Whereupon Judge Thurman replied with great gentleness and seriousness, "I was about to do that when you spoke, mamma," and deliberately swallowed the potion.

Try Cuticura Soap and Ointment Free

Although Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of skin and hair, will be sent free, on application to Walter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A.



# BUY DOMINION MATCH COMPANY, LTD. STOCK

## The Dominion Match Company, Ltd. of B.C.

INCORPORATED UNDER B. C. LAWS

Is Now Offering You an Opportunity to Purchase Shares at ..... \$10

The factory is now-being built at New Westminster, and when completed will turn out one carload of matches a day, and as the business warrants it the capacity of the plant will be gradually increased.

The Dominion Match Co., Ltd., are the owners of the Parker's continuous process for making matches. By a continuous process is meant a mechanical device which receives the wood at one end and turns out a perfect finished match at the other. By this process we can use the cheapest kind of wood, such as alder, spruce, fir, cottonwood, etc.

It will be just as impossible for the present manufacturers of matches to compete with us as it is for the cobbler to compete with the machine made shoes. The following will give you the cost of making matches by Parker's Continuous Process (which is ours) and the Die Process now used by match makers of to-day.

We will take for example the cost of making the perfect finished match by the case. A case of matches holds 144 boxes containing 500 matches each, which sell at wholesale for \$4.50 per case.

### COST PER CASE

	Parker's Process	Die Process
Our Process		Present Process of Making Matches
Wood Cases	\$ .16 1/4	\$ .16 1/4
Wood	.10	.130
Chemicals	.55	.55
Paraffine	.12 1/2	.12 1/2
Cardboard for trays and covers	.37 1/2	.37 1/2
Printing, wrapping, glue, ink, sand, etc.	.08 1/2	.08 1/2
Labor, repairs, etc.	.27 1/2	.62 1/2
Totals	\$1.67 1/4	\$3.22 1/4

Deduct \$1.67 1/4 from \$4.50 and you will see we will make a profit of \$2.83 per case.

There are over 500 cases of matches in a carload. This means a profit of \$1,415 per car. Figuring 300 working days each year there will be a profit of \$424,500 annually. (Understand this is only on one carload per day) or 42 per cent on the entire capital stock. These figures are not guess work.

Note that the saving by our process in the cost of wood alone is \$1.20 per case—there being 500 cases in a carload means a saving in this one item of \$600 per carload, or \$180,000 annually.

There is not a company to-day who is in the match making business that can produce or manufacture matches as cheaply as The Dominion Match Co., Ltd., because our machines are so constructed that we eliminate the handling of matches by hand and use wood that costs us from \$5.00 to \$10.00 per thousand feet as against \$65.00 to \$80.00 per thousand feet for white cork pine used by other manufacturers. The saving in material and labor by our process is enormous, which will enable us to pay big dividends.

By purchasing stock in the Dominion Match Company, Ltd. you are investing your money in a concern that on a very conservative estimate will pay a dividend of 25 per cent. per annum.

## DON'T HESITATE TO CALL at our Offices, 710 Yates

Street, near Douglas, where we give you every bit of information you desire. Come and see the match making machine, it will interest you greatly; or CUT OUT AND MAIL TO US AT ONCE the Coupon below and we will send you free of cost our prospectus

You can buy the Dominion Match Company, Ltd. stock at \$10.00 per share, on the following terms: 35 per cent. cash, balance in equal payments, payable in 3 and 6 months each.

**Phillips & Fry**  
Fiscal Agents  
710 Yates Street, - Victoria

We Are Open Until  
10.30 o'Clock Every  
Evening

### COUPON

Phillips & Fry,  
710 Yates St., Victoria.

Please send to me free of charge your prospectus and full particulars on the Dominion Match Company, Ltd.

NAME (in full).....

STREET AND NUMBER .....

TOWN .....

POST OFFICE .....

## F.W. STEVENSON & CO.

Stock and Bond Brokers.

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## BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817.

Capital, all paid up. \$14,400,000.00 Rest. \$12,000,000.00 Undivided Profits \$85,561.44  
Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G., and G.C.V.O. Hon. PresidentRichard A. Angus, President  
Sir Edward S. Clouston, Bart., Vice-President and General Manager  
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

## SAVINGS BANK.

Interest Allowed on Deposits at Highest Current Rates.

Correspondents in all Parts of the World.

A. J. C. GALLETTY - - - - Manager, Victoria

## THE CITY MARKET

	Units
Pratt's Coal Oil	1.67
Eocene	1.75
Meats	
Hams (C. & C.) per lb.	250
Beefs (C. & C.) per lb.	250
Hams (Home-made) per lb.	25
Bacon (American), per lb.	25
Bacon (bone clear), per lb.	25
Beef, per lb.	100
Pork, per lb.	125
Mutton, per lb.	150
Lamb, hindquarter	2.00
Lamb, legquarter	1.50
Veal, per lb.	125
Steak, per lb.	15
Farm Produce	
Fresh Island Eggs	50
Butter, Cowichan	55
Butter, Victoria	50



## Savings Department

Will receive your money on deposit and pay interest at 4 per cent thereon.

Will pay cheques drawn against your deposits.

## Trust Department

Will bear the cost of drawing your will.

Will administer your estate.

Will act as guardian for your children or for persons of unsound mind.

Will execute every trust with fidelity.

## Insurance Department

Will insure your buildings or their contents against fire.

Will insure your plate glass against breakage.

Will insure you against defalcations by your employees.

Will insure you against accident to your workmen.

## Rent Department

Will procure tenants for your vacant houses.

Will collect your rents.

Will attend to the payment of your taxes.

Will care for your property and give it personal attention.

## Dominion Trust Co., Ltd.

909 Government Street

# Financial News

## NEW YORK CENTRAL

### STOCK ADVANCE

#### Buying Due to Reported Unification of Lines—Other Issues Quiet.

New York, Jan. 26.—The proposed unification of the New York Central lines by which the company would secure the use of the equipments of its subsidiaries was the basis of buying in this issue today. Orders for purchase were being renewed till the close of the session, and an advance of two points was recorded. This is the first movement of importance in this security that has been noted for a long time, and since the reduction of the dividend its action has been somewhat depressed.

The balance of the list was featureless, strength in the New York Central lines lending support to some of the rails, and other stocks quoting fractionally weaker.

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

Butter, Australian ..... 40  
Butter, Salt Spring ..... 55  
Butter, Eastern Townships ..... 55  
lard, per lb. ..... 20  
Western Canada Flour Mills Purity, per sack ..... 1.95  
Purity, per bbl. ..... 1.95

Hungarian Flour Oggie's Royal Household, per sack ..... 1.90  
Oggie's Royal Household, per bbl. ..... 1.90

Bacon (American), per lb. ..... 25  
Bacon (bone clear), per lb. ..... 25  
Beef, per lb. ..... 100  
Pork, per lb. ..... 125  
Mutton, per lb. ..... 150

Lamb, hindquarter ..... 2.00  
Lamb, legquarter ..... 1.50  
Veal, per lb. ..... 125  
Steak, per lb. ..... 15

Farm Produce Fresh Island Eggs ..... 50  
Butter, Cowichan ..... 55  
Butter, Victoria ..... 50

Foodstuffs Butter, Australian ..... 40  
lard, per lb. ..... 20  
Western Canada Flour Mills Purity, per sack ..... 1.95  
Purity, per bbl. ..... 1.95

Hungarian Flour Oggie's Royal Household, per sack ..... 1.90  
Oggie's Royal Household, per bbl. ..... 1.90

Bacon (American), per lb. ..... 25  
Bacon (bone clear), per lb. ..... 25  
Beef, per lb. ..... 100  
Pork, per lb. ..... 125  
Mutton, per lb. ..... 150

Lamb, hindquarter ..... 2.00  
Lamb, legquarter ..... 1.50  
Veal, per lb. ..... 125  
Steak, per lb. ..... 15

Pastery Flours Snowflake, per sack ..... 1.90  
Snowflake, per bbl. ..... 1.90  
Vancouver Milling Co., Hungarian, per sack ..... 1.90  
garbanzo, per sack ..... 1.90  
Enderby, per sack ..... 1.90  
Enderby, per bbl. ..... 1.90

Pasta Flours Snowflake, per sack ..... 1.90  
Snowflake, per bbl. ..... 1.90  
Vancouver Milling Co., Wild Rose ..... 1.75

Dried Snow per sack ..... 1.75  
Gram Wheat, chicken feed, per ton. ..... 2.00

Wheat, per lb. ..... 45  
Whole Corn ..... 45  
Cracked Corn ..... 47  
Oats ..... 33  
Crushed Oats ..... 35  
Rolled Oats (A. & K.), 7-lb. sk. ..... 35  
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 20-lb. sk. ..... 1.05  
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 40-lb. sk. ..... 1.05  
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 80-lb. sk. ..... 1.05  
Oatmeal, 40-lb. sack ..... 1.15  
Oatmeal, 10-lb. sack ..... 1.15  
Cracked Wheat, 10 lbs. ..... 1.15  
Wheat Flakes, per packet ..... 1.40  
Whole Wheat Flour, 10 lbs. ..... 1.40  
Graham Flour, 50-lbs. ..... 1.75

Feed Hay (baled), per ton. ..... 30.00  
Straw, per ton ..... 16  
Middlings, per ton ..... 22  
Bran, per ton ..... 22  
Ground Feed, per ton ..... 22  
Shorts ..... 22

Poultry Dressed Fowl, per lb. ..... 250  
Ducks, per lb. ..... 250  
Geese (land), per lb. ..... 250

Fruit Bananas, doz. ..... 5  
Grapefruit, each, 10c. or 3 for. ..... 100  
Lemons, doz. ..... 100  
Oranges, doz. ..... 100  
Peaches, lb. ..... 100  
Apples, lb. ..... 100  
Grapes, lb. ..... 100

Vegetables Beets, lb. ..... 10  
Cabbage, lb. ..... 10  
Onions, lb. ..... 10  
Turnips, lb. ..... 10  
Green Cabb. doz. ..... 10  
Carrots, lb. ..... 10  
Green Peas, lb. ..... 10  
Beans, lb. ..... 10  
Potatoes ..... 1.75

Fish Salmon, Red Spring, lb. ..... 100  
Salmon, White Spring, lb. ..... 100  
Herring, (Vancouver), lb. ..... 100  
Cod, lb. ..... 100  
Herring, lb. ..... 100  
Finnan Haddie, lb. ..... 100  
Blotter, lb. ..... 100  
Shrimps (Imported), lb. ..... 100  
Oysters, lb. ..... 100  
Oysters (Imported), lb. ..... 100  
Dolichans (salted), lb. ..... 100  
Sea mon Belles, lb. ..... 100  
Flounders, lb. ..... 100  
Sole, lb. ..... 100  
Kippers ..... 100  
Mackerel, fresh Eastern, lb. ..... 100  
Smelts, lb. ..... 100

WHOLESALE MARKET

Almonds, per lb. ..... 1.00  
Apricots (local) ..... 1.50  
Apples, Wine ..... 1.75  
Bacon ..... 1.75  
Bananas ..... 2.00  
Beets, per sack ..... 1.00  
Cheese ..... 1.00  
Chestnuts ..... 1.00  
Comox Butter ..... 1.00  
Creamery Butter ..... 1.00  
New Zealand Butter ..... 1.00  
Cucumbers (hot-house), per doz. ..... 1.00  
Cauliflower, per doz. ..... 1.00  
Eggs (Local) ..... 1.00  
Eggs (California, fresh) ..... 1.00  
Figs (California) ..... 1.00  
Fishes (Malaga), barrel ..... 1.00  
Shrimps (alive), lb. ..... 1.00  
Grapefruit, per box ..... 1.00  
Hams ..... 1.00  
Haddock, per lb. ..... 1.00  
Lard ..... 1.00  
Lemons ..... 1.00  
Lettuce (hot-house), per crate ..... 1.00  
Onions (Oregon) ..... 1.00  
Parsley ..... 1.00  
Peanuts, roasted ..... 1.00  
Pomegranates ..... 1.00  
Potatoes ..... 1.00  
Sweet Potatoes ..... 1.00  
Turnips, per sack ..... 1.00  
Walnuts, per lb. ..... 1.00  
Oranges, naval ..... 1.00

TOTALS

Canadian NORTHERN WORK.

Vancouver, Jan. 26.—A. R. Mann, president of the Northern Construction Company, has arrived from Winnipeg on a tour of inspection. His company is associated with P. Welch who has the contract for building the Canadian Northern Railway between Hope and a point 100 miles north of Kamloops.

All the work has been sublet. Mr. Mann is pleased with the progress being made along the grade. He held conference to-day with J. M. Mercer, general superintendent of the construction company, who reported to him that the track on the lower Fraser section had reached Sumas river, six miles from Chilliwack.

TRAIN DITCHED.

St. Constant, Que., Jan. 26.—The mixed train on the Naperville Junction Railway was ditched near here by a broken axle and twelve persons were injured, none of them seriously, however. The two passenger coaches

## VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE

Victoria, Jan. 26.

Bid Asked

American Canadian Oil ..... 94 10

Canadian Northwest Oil ..... 94 95

Marigold Oil ..... 11 10

International Coal &amp; Coke ..... 57 57

Nicola Valley Coal &amp; Coke ..... 50 50

Royal Collieries ..... 66 66

Western Coal &amp; Coke ..... 70.00 83.00

B. C. Packers com. ..... 2.50 3.50

B. C. Permanent Loan ..... 125.00

Dominion Trust Co. ..... 132.00

Great West Permanent (a.) ..... 125.00

Pacific Coast ..... 25.00 35.00

Stewart Land ..... 8.00 10.00

B. C. Copper ..... 4.00 4.50

Can. Cons. S. &amp; R. ..... 38.00 45.00

Granby ..... 25.00 37.50

Coronation Gold ..... 31 40

Kootenay Gold ..... 40 47

Lucky Jim Zinc ..... 23 24

Nugget Gold ..... 40

Rambler Cariboo ..... 50

Standard Lead ..... 1.83 1.65

Tin ..... 63 67

Vancouver Gold ..... 65 65

Red Cliff ..... 49

Klaskino Gold ..... 40

Snowstorm ..... 20

Amalg. Dev. ..... 67.5 68.5

Sales

Wheat

May ..... 102 102

July ..... 94 94

Sept. ..... 93 93

Corn

Ma ..... 67 67

July ..... 67 67

Oats

May ..... 54 54

July ..... 46 46

Sept. ..... 40 40

Barley

May ..... 16.22 16.32

July ..... 16.45 16.59

Lard

May ..... 9.40 9.42

July ..... 9.55 9.55

Short Ribs

May ..... 8.75 8.77

July ..... 8.77 8.80

BANK STOCKS

At quoted on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

Bid Ask

Commerce ..... 216 216

Imperial ..... 225 22

# Little Advertisements Sometimes Accomplish Big Things—You Can Prove It By Trying Them

## The Pick of the Market

PENDERGAST STREET, new cottage... \$3,500  
 CHAUCER STREET, modern 5 room cottage, Price ..... \$3,200  
 PEMBROKE STREET, new 5 room cottage \$3,200  
 BURNSIDE ROAD, new 5 room cottage, \$3,500  
 McBRIDE AVENUE, modern 6 room cottage, Price ..... \$4,500

Terms can be arranged on these.

## John Greenwood

Telephone 1425 REAL ESTATE 613 Sayward Bldg.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

#### ARCHITECTS

C. G. WALKER, architect, formerly for Hooper & Walker, Winnipeg. Phone 235-22 Pemberton Block.

JESSE M. WARREN, architect, 414 Sayward Building. Phone 397.

K. BUTTERFIELD, architect, Drake Hardware Bldg., 104 Douglas. Phone 347.

WILSON, JACK, Architect, 221 Pemberton Block, Victoria. B. C. P. O. Box 355. Phone 109. Res. Phone 341.

G. E. WOODWARD, Architect, Room 1 and 2, Green Block, corner Broad and Tzouma Ave. Phone 2138 and L-138.

H. S. COOPER, 14 Douglas Block, 1006 Government street. Phone 198.

#### CHIROPODY

MRS. CALPRETT, Queen's Hairdressing Parlors, Fort street.

#### CONSULTING ENGINEER

W. G. WINTERBURN, M. I. N. A. For next examination, classes Wednesday evenings 516 Bastion Square. Phone 1531.

#### COMMERCIAL COLLEGES.

VICTORIA BUSINESS INSTITUTE, 724 Fort street. Through courses in commerce, business, Individual instruction by capable and experienced teachers. Students may enter at any time. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 255.

#### DANCING.

DANCING LESSONS by an expert lady teacher. Classes for adult and child. For more information, Apply Mrs. Tally, pianiste, Thoburn P. O.

#### DENTISTS

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewell Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephones: Office, 574; Residence, 122.

DR. W. F. FRASER, 73 Yates street, Garscote Block. Phone 361. Office hours 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

#### FLORISTS

SEE THE NEW FLORAL STORE, 54 Yates street. Floral and table decorations a specialty. Bulbs, shrubs, plants, flowers.

#### LAND SURVEYORS

C. PEDERSEN, landscape and jobbing, 1071 Pandora Avenue. Phone 1248.

#### LEGAL

C. W. HANSHAW, Barrister, etc., Law Chambers, Bastion street, Victoria.

MURPHY, FISHER & SHERIDAN, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Supreme and Exchequer Court Agents, practice in Trial Office, 102 Broad Street, Royal Courts of Justice, Hon. Charles Murphy, M. P. Harold Fisher, L. P. Sheridan, Ottawa, Ont.

#### MEDICAL MASSAGE

Mrs. H. SMITH, electric light baths, medical massage, 1008 Fort St. Phone 1195.

#### MUSIC.

PIANOFORTE LESSONS, \$2 monthly, also in playing dance music. Box 889 Times.

#### ARTIST'S SOLO VIOLINS

old and new. Bow-rented: J. Gilbert, 32 Douglas.

#### MATRIMON

bands, piano and fancy dancing taught by Miss Lillian Winterburn. Phone 1531.

#### NURSE

NURSE, 7 years hospital training, experience and skill, also trained masseuse. Engagements by hour, day, week, month. Terms moderate. Phone 4325, between 5 and 10 a.m., 4 and 6 p.m. J. A. Shorts, 1, S. T. M., P. O. Box 177.

#### PIANO TUNING.

C. P. COX, piano and organ tuner, 515 Caledonia avenue. Phone 1313.

#### TURKISH BATHS

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT; good accommodation and attendance. \$21 Fort Street. Phone 1355.

#### SHORTHAND.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 110 Broad St. Shorthand, re-writing, bookkeeping, thoroughly taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal. 110 Broad St. Phone 1556.

#### STENOGRAPHIC

SIMPLIFIED STENOGRAPHY, water man's Simplified system covering other simplified systems? Call Royal Stenographic Co., 435 Sayward Bldg. Phone 209. Bookkeeping and languages taught.

### BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head 1 cent per word per insertion; 3 insertions, 2 cents per word; 4 cents per word per week; 50 cents per line per month. No advertisement for less than 10 cents.

#### DYEING AND CLEANING

THE "MODERN" CLEANING, DYEING, pressing, repairing. Try the new, up-to-date, the "Modern" way, 1210 Government street, opposite the Grand. Phone 1887. Four free car tickets with each order of \$1.00 or more brought to you.

#### B.C. STEAM DYE WORKS

The largest dyeing and cleaning works in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 200. J. C. Renfrew, proprietor.

#### ELECTRICIANS

T. L. BOYDEN, M. I. E. E. Phone 396. Electrical fittings, wiring, etc. 235 Johnson street.

#### EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

MRS. P. K. TURNER, the Exchange, 718 Po. St. Situations found, etc. Pilots 1532, 101 to 1 and 1 to 5. Saturdays 1211 to 1230.

VICTORIA EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, Help of any kind free to employers. 22a Johnson street. Phones 1244, Res. 1254.

#### INTERNATIONAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

TIM KEE, Chinese Employment Co., real estate, 1411 Government St. Phone 811. 722.

#### L. N. WING ON

1709 Government street. Phone 23.

#### ENGRAVERS

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver, Gen. Cowtow, 165 Wharf street, behind Post Offices.

#### FLOOR OILS

PERIAL WAXINE, Amberine Floor Oil. Lusterine Auto. Polish. Imperial Waxine Co. Phone 1568. 540 Yates St.

#### FISH

W. M. WHIGLESWORTH—All kinds of fresh, salted and smoked fish in season. Free delivery to all parts of city. 375 Johnson street. Phone 641.

#### FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, ETC.

F. LEAVIN & CO.—Dealers in Old Country Furniture, works of art. 225 Humboldt. All high-class repairs.

#### FURRIER

FRED FOSTER, Taxidermist and Furrier, 1216 Government street.

#### HEATING ENGINEER

THE ONLY SHOE MACHINES that have proven satisfactory are the Champion made especially for shoe repairing. Try them. Miss A. Oriental Alay, opposite the Theatre.

#### BUILDING SUPPLIES

WASH SAND AND GRAVEL, general teaming and contracting. Several yards and stone for sale. For 10 cent per yard. 911 Johnson street. Telephone 911.

#### BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

THE THICK BLUE PRINT & MAP CO., 1215 Langley street. Blue printing maps, draughting, driers in surveyors' instruments and drawing office supplies.

#### BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING

THE ONLY SHOE MACHINES that have proven satisfactory are the Champion made especially for shoe repairing. Try them. Miss A. Oriental Alay, opposite the Theatre.

#### LACE CURTAINS

LACE CURTAINS washed at 287 Douglas street.

#### LAUNDRY

STANDARD LAUNDRY LTD.—The white laundry. We guarantee first class work and prompt delivery. 1017 441 View street.

VEE WO. 21 Caledonia avenue. Washing done at lowest price in city. All work guaranteed.

#### LIVERY STABLES

THE B. & S. STABLES, 241 Esquimalt street. Phone 344. Livery, hacks and board. "Livery moving a specialty."

#### CAMERON & CALDWELL

HACK AND LIVERY STABLES—Hacks promptly attended to day or night. Telephone 695. 711 Johnson street.

#### RICHARD BRAY

Livery, Hack and Boarding Stables. Hacks on short notice, and tally-ho coach. Phone 1522. 728 Johnson street.

#### METAL WORKS

PACIFIC SHEET METAL WORKS—Corning sheet, skylights, metal windows, metal sills, felt roofing, hot air furnaces, metal ceilings, etc. 2009 Yates street. Phone 1772.

#### OPTICIAN

FRANK CLINTON—No charge for testing eyes; modern scientific methods; satisfaction guaranteed; prices lowest, because my rent is one-tenth of ground floor location. Room 1, 64 Yates St. (corner Douglas).

#### CARRIAGE BUILDERS

J. J. FISHER—All kinds wagon repairs, horseshoeing. Horaces and buggies for sale. 448 Discovery St. Phone 3189. 52.

CHASE & JONES, corner Fort and Hindmarsh streets. Carriages and rubber tires repaired.

#### CHIMNEY SWEEPING

LLOYD, chimney and furnace cleaner. Phone 2183. Prompt and clean.

#### CHIMNEYS CLEANED

Defective chimneys cleaned, etc. Wm. Neel. 1013 Quadra St. Phone 019.

#### BOOKBINDERS AND RULERS

O. J. LANE—All classes of bookbinding, loose leaf forms, a specialty for any type binders or files. 61 Courtney Phone 1989.

#### PAWNSHOP

FRANKSON & CO., 1009 Douglas street, 100 ft. from Esquimalt. Basement, side-walks, windows, basements, sidewalks, anything in concrete. Phone 1813.

CHAPPE & JONES, corner Fort and Hindmarsh streets. Carriages and rubber tires repaired.

#### COLLECTIONS

VICTORIA COLLECTIONS & INVESTMENTS—collects debts and entails. Phone 399. 223 Pemberton Bldg. D. E. Pruitt, Mgr.

#### CARRIAGE BUILDERS

DR. H. DUGALL & MC MORAN, brokers, real estate, insurance, 4 Mahon Block, 1112 Government St. Phone 1899. Res. 1097.

MONTAVISH BROS., customs brokers. Our town correspondence solicited. 22 Fort street. Phone 2515.

#### CUSTOMS BROKERS

ALFRED M. HOWELL, Customs Broker, Forwarding and Commission Agent. Real Estate. Promts block, 1006 Government Street. Phone 1571. Res. 1267.

#### DECORATORS

JOHN O. BUTLER, decorating artist. Proceeding exclusively. Interior, scenic and mural decorations. Res. Cook and Queen's Ave. Phone 356.

#### DRY CLEANING

HERMANS, French dry-cleaners, 515 Yates street. Alterations on ladies' and gentlemen's garments to our specialty. Goods called for and delivered. Phone 1586.

#### DRESSMAKING

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants work by the day. Apply 74 Adelaide St. C. PEPPER, 110 Broad St. Bookkeeping and languages taught.

#### DRUGSTORE

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 110 Broad St. Shorthand, re-writing, bookkeeping, thoroughly taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal. 110 Broad St. Phone 209.

#### FOOTWEAR

A. FETCH, 1416 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

#### WATCH REPAIRING

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants work by the day. Apply 74 Adelaide St. C. PEPPER, 110 Broad St. Bookkeeping and languages taught.

#### SCAVENGING

VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO., Office 1826 Government street. Phone 662. Ashes and garbage removed.

#### TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE

Repairing—Repairing—Repairing. Specialty. Moody Block. Phone 280.

#### TYPEWRITERS



**Hasty Preparations for Hasty Meals**

MUSHROOMS, stuffed, per tin.....	60¢
Plain and pickled, per bottle.....	50¢
VAN CAMP'S or CAMPBELL'S SOUPS, assorted, 2 tins.....	25¢
BRAND'S ASSORTED SOUPS, per tin.....	35¢
C. & B. CHICKEN SOUP, GROUSE, OXTAIL, KIDNEY, GAME, GIBLET, MULGATAWNEY, GREEN PEAS, OX CHEEK, and other soups, per tin.....	35¢
ARMOUR'S LUNCH TONGUE, per tin.....	90¢
ARMOUR'S OX TONGUE, \$1.50, \$1.00, or	65¢
DAVIES' POTTER'S TONGUE, per tin.....	10¢
DAVIES' DEVILLED HAM, per tin.....	15¢
UNDERWOOD'S DEVILLED HAM, per tin 20¢ and.....	35¢
CHICKEN TAMALE, per tin.....	25¢
VEAL OR HAM LOAF, per tin.....	20¢
FRENCH TRIPES, per tin.....	40¢
ARMOUR'S TRIPES, large tin.....	35¢
LIBBY'S SAUSAGE MEAT, per tin.....	35¢

NOTE OUR BARGAIN COUNTER.

**Dixi H. Ross & Company**

Independent Grocers, 1317 Govt. St. Tel. 50, 51, 52. Liquor Dept. 52.

**Edwin Frampton's Real Estate Co**

McGregor Block, Opp. Spencers

Phone 928. Evenings Phone XXXXX.

**\$550 TO \$600—GARDEN CITY LOTS.** A few quarter-acre ones in Station Street alongside car track. Every city convenience. Terms, Cash \$50.**\$500—CORNER IN PARKDALE,** Homestead, 70x112. (note size). Cash \$200.**\$525—FORBES STREET,** 50x112, few minutes from Fernwood. Cash \$175.**\$750—ACTON STREET,** fine high, grass lot. Monthly terms. Cash \$200.**\$1,200—CORNER,** 60 x 120, Oak Bay, close to car and hotel. Very cheap. Terms, Cash \$400.**\$2,800—FOR AN ACRE near Tolmie and Cook. View lot. One-third cash.****MAXIM'S WAR PICTURES.**

Hudson Maxim spoke at the Hudson theatre in New York under the auspices of the League for Political Education on aviation in peace and war. He said that the light, swift aeroplanes carrying two men will play a great part in scouting, and strong, stanch machines carrying six men with arms and explosives will be wonderfully effective as raiders.

"An army of a hundred thousand men could readily be transported several hundred miles in a day by means of 20,000 aeroplanes," he said. "Easily could such a fleet fly from the Continent to London." Such transportation would not cost anything like as many lives as overseas transportation, Mr. Maxim thought.

The speaker pictured how an army of 100,000 aerial Canadian raiders could fly over the boundary line in the event of a war with Great Britain, capture Buffalo and move on to Cleveland before we could touch them if not supplied with aeroplanes. In the next great war in this country the whole land will be on the flying line, he said.

"There is a wide popular misconception about the possible destructiveness of dynamite bombs dropped from aeroplanes," said Mr. Maxim. "Dynamite requires confinement to do much damage." Large steel projectiles that could do damage are out of the question, he considered, because of their weight and the difficulty of hitting a target from the machine.

By bringing war and its moves under the eyes of the world the war aeroplanes will prove a veritable backbone of peace, the speaker said. Automatic equilibration, making flight more the function of the machine and less that of the aviator, is what is needed in aviation, he said.

**Street Boots**

For the woman who walks we have splendid street boots. Comfortable, easy fitting, sturdy foot servants that are good looking and stylish but built for duty. All-leathers. Button, lace and Blucher styles. A walking boot should always fit perfectly. We understand how to do correct fitting—we're experts.

**Mutrie & Son**

1209 Douglas Street.

Sayward Building

**Just Received Ex "SS. Crown of Galicia"****DICK'S (London) COMPOUND ENGINE AND CYLINDER OILS**

At present supplied to the leading steamship companies, including amongst many others White Star Line, Royal Mail Steam Packet Co., Orient Line, Union Castle Line, British India Steam Navigation Co., Nippon Yusen Kaisha, Ellerman Lines.

W. B. Disk & Co., Ltd., have been honored with the order for the oils for the S.S. OLYMPIC, the largest steamer in the world.

**PETER McQUADE & SON****Feed Your Poultry Warm Mash**

OUR EXCELSIOR MEAL is specially ground and blended so as to keep your birds in good shape. Keeps them strong and healthy and makes feathers grow, which cannot fail to give beneficial results. Price per sack .....

**\$1.75****Sylvester Feed Co. 709 Yates Street, Phone 413****HON. MR. ELLISON  
AND THE FARMERS****A HOPEFUL ADDRESS  
FROM THE MINISTER**

Tells Delegates Farming Will Yet Be Backbone of Province —Triumph in Potatoes.

ing and singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow" at the conclusion of the speech.

"When I was asked about half-past two this afternoon to go down and address another body of delegates," said Mr. Ellison, "I thought that I had addressed all the agricultural institutions in the province already, and was very much surprised to know that there were still some more." He referred to the superintendents report, which he thought quite justified that gentleman in feeling highly gratified with the work of the Farmers' Institute. "It is entirely owing to your own efforts," continued the minister,

"that such a prosperous state of affairs exists, and we look forward to continuing the good work. It is true that we have not gone ahead as fast as we might have done. The farming will, however, I believe, come to be considered the backbone of the country. Perhaps, without exception, the soil of this province is the best in the world for farming and general agricultural purposes. Competition, too, is a good thing, and in all the different districts we vie with one another in our efforts to excel our neighbor; and it is quite right that we should do so. Without this you will not make the strides that you ought to. British Columbia is being brought to the notice of all the world, and perhaps nothing has done so much to bring it into the public eye as the St. Louis trophy which has been won by it for the best potatoes exhibited at the New York show last year. When it is remembered how many states and provinces were legitimately striving for this trophy, the achievement is all the more gratifying. It was only at the eleventh hour that we decided to compete at all, and not with the idea of taking a prize so much as because we thought it would be a form of advertisement.

Mr. Warren spoke for a few minutes to the delegates on the subject of lime, which he understood, was of considerable value to many farmers as a fertilizer. B. Hoy was called upon to give some expert opinion on the subject of the action of lime and the grades which would be most useful for fertilizing.

Mr. Williams, of Okanagan Centre, brought up the question of the Highways Regulations Act, and government control of all water works in the province by the appointment of inspectors for this purpose.

The Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Price Ellison, came in during the afternoon and gave an address to the delegates which was received with much enthusiasm, the members stand-

ing and singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow" at the conclusion of the speech.

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The speaker said that it was no boys' work to go into agricultural pursuits in British Columbia, as the land

FINCH &amp; FINCH, LADIES' OUTFITTERS "The Shrine of Fashion"

**SATURDAY'S VALUES****Ladies' Coats**

Fascinating assortment of Ladies' Coats in tweeds, box cloths, in all new color combinations. The plain cloths are in green, red, brown, fawn, navy. Regular values \$18.00 and \$25.00. Specially priced at each .....

**\$6.85**

Included in this sale is a number of Misses' sizes.

**Ladies' Silk Gowns  
\$17.50**

17 dozen Ladies' Silk Gowns, just to hand, newest styles, in rose, pale blue, brown, navy. Suitable for afternoon and semi-evening wear.

**A Special Line of  
Ladies' Suits at  
\$11.75**

Extraordinary value in Ladies' Suits, \$30 values in tweeds, serges, vicunas, broadcloths in all colors, well represented in large sizes. Special price, each .....

**Ladies' Underskirts**

Special values in Ladies' Underskirts at \$4.95, in messaline and satin only. Colors navy, sky, cerise and wisteria. Special price .....

**IDEAS OF A PLAIN MAN**

BY DR. FRANK CRANE

It is very restful to find the All-Round Man. And the specialist is apt to bore us.

When the family, in Mr. Barrie's play, was shipwrecked on a desert island, it was found that only the servant, the admirable Cricketon, could turn his hand to anything. So while they lived on the island he was boss. In a state of nature Jack of All Trades is always King.

As Society grows, it becomes more and more conventionalized. It becomes a huge Factory and men are forced into pigeon-holes. And the pigeon-holed rules.

A man who is glued to his desk and does nothing year in and year out but keep track of the white goods sales, may grow rich, he ought to; but the man who can play the piano a little, who knows a little Greek and a little chess, who can mend the clock and fix the stove, who is interested in art and music and machinery, will get more fun out of life.

We doubtless need the specialists. They had them in Egypt, the parashists, who did nothing but open the sides of corpses for embalming; and in Greece, experts in surgery and the making of hair nets; and in Rome, artists who specialized in removing scars from the faces of freed slaves; and now, from manicurists to ophthalmologists; but somehow it is dreadful to think of a human soul slipping into a little box with a spring lock.

During ten months of 1911 American corporations have issued new securities to the grand total of \$1,515,000,000—against \$1,290,000,000 last year.



CARL GANTVOORT, BARITONE WITH THE SAVAGE GRAND OPERA COMPANY, AT THE VICTORIA THEATRE TO-NIGHT

**WE WANT TO SEE**

The people who are careful about the qualities of their groceries. Our business stands upon MERIT and our prices are not only reasonable—they are extremely low.

PURE MAPLE SYRUP, per bottle ..... 50¢  
PURE MAPLE SYRUP, half gallon tin ..... \$1.00

One gallon tin ..... \$1.95

LYLE'S GOLDEN SYRUP, per tin 35¢ and ..... 20¢

GINGER SYRUP, 2 lb. tin ..... 20¢

MANILLA DRIPS, tin, 75¢, 40¢, 20¢ and ..... 25¢

MOLASSES, tin, 75¢, 40¢, 20¢ and ..... 15¢

PURE HONEY, jars, 75¢, 35¢ and ..... 25¢

Fresh Cauliflowers, Cabbage, Lettuce, Artichokes, Brussels Sprouts, Fresh Hot House Rhubarb.

Fresh Oysters, Chickens, Cooked Ox Tongues, Cooked Ham, Pork, Pies.

**THE WEST END GROCERY CO., LTD.**  
1002 Government Street. Tel.: 25-58 and 1761

WE WANT TO SEE

The people who are careful about the qualities of their groceries. Our business stands upon MERIT and our prices are not only reasonable—they are extremely low.

PURE MAPLE SYRUP, per bottle ..... 50¢

PURE MAPLE SYRUP, half gallon tin ..... \$1.00

One gallon tin ..... \$1.95

LYLE'S GOLDEN SYRUP, per tin 35¢ and ..... 20¢

GINGER SYRUP, 2 lb. tin ..... 20¢

MANILLA DRIPS, tin, 75¢, 40¢, 20¢ and ..... 25¢

MOLASSES, tin, 75¢, 40¢, 20¢ and ..... 15¢

PURE HONEY, jars, 75¢, 35¢ and ..... 25¢

Fresh Cauliflowers, Cabbage, Lettuce, Artichokes, Brussels Sprouts, Fresh Hot House Rhubarb.

Fresh Oysters, Chickens, Cooked Ox Tongues, Cooked Ham, Pork, Pies.

**THE WEST END GROCERY CO., LTD.**  
1002 Government Street. Tel.: 25-58 and 1761

WE WANT TO SEE

The people who are careful about the qualities of their groceries. Our business stands upon MERIT and our prices are not only reasonable—they are extremely low.

PURE MAPLE SYRUP, per bottle ..... 50¢

PURE MAPLE SYRUP, half gallon tin ..... \$1.00

One gallon tin ..... \$1.95

LYLE'S GOLDEN SYRUP, per tin 35¢ and ..... 20¢

GINGER SYRUP, 2 lb. tin ..... 20¢

MANILLA DRIPS, tin, 75¢, 40¢, 20¢ and ..... 25¢

MOLASSES, tin, 75¢, 40¢, 20¢ and ..... 15¢

PURE HONEY, jars, 75¢, 35¢ and ..... 25¢

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